

Agency Overview and Reference Manual

December 2010



**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security**

**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Governor –Elect Agency Overview and Transitional Briefing Report
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Overview of Georgia Emergency Management Agency / Office of Homeland Security

The Georgia Emergency Management Agency – Office of Homeland Security (GEMA-OHS) traces its roots back to the State Civil Defense Division of the Georgia Department of Defense, which was established in 1951. As Georgia's Adjutant General during that time, former Governor Ernest Vandiver, Jr. served as its first director. In 1981, the agency was re-named GEMA when the role was expanded to include emergency management. In 1991, GEMA was moved from the Department of Defense to the Office of the Governor and as a part of the 2011 appropriation process the Office of Homeland Security was absorbed into GEMA-OHS.

GEMA-OHS provides the following programs and services:

- GEMA-OHS serves as the lead state coordination agency for response to and recovery from natural disasters, emergency situations, special events and threats or acts of terrorism whenever an event is of such a magnitude that local authorities are unable to address the issue adequately or during events of national significance that require state level involvement;
- GEMA-OHS operates an emergency communications center that provides a twenty-four (24) hour warning point to receive or broadcast threats to Georgia. The GEMA-OHS Communication Center can trigger the Emergency Alert System (EAS), and issue warnings and public announcements concerning numerous issues including weather alerts, Amber Alerts, hazardous materials shipments and incidents at nuclear power plants. Also located within the GEMA-OHS Communication Center is a secure facility for the state to receive and participate in classified briefings on incidents of national significance or security;
- GEMA-OHS provides a certified training program for emergency management professionals, offers field training opportunities for emergency management and public safety employees and supports practice exercises with local and regional officials;
- GEMA-OHS administers numerous federal programs that build first responder capabilities and promote enhanced emergency management and homeland security planning, preparedness, response and recovery at the state and local level;
- GEMA-OHS works with local communities recovering from disasters by coordinating clean-up efforts, educating victims about relief programs and administering federal disaster and recovery assistance funding;
- GEMA-OHS serves as the State Homeland Security Agency; and
- GEMA-OHS provides direct briefings to the Governor and senior staff within the Governor's Office on emergency situations, natural disasters and threats or acts of terrorism occurring within the State.

Mission Statement

GEMA-OHS's mission is to provide a comprehensive and aggressive all-hazards emergency management program that includes mitigation, preparedness, response and recovery for natural and man-made hazards, homeland security initiatives, and special events in order to protect life and property and prevent and/or reduce negative impacts of terrorism and natural disasters in Georgia.

Vision Statement

Create a culture of preparedness by fostering partnerships between local, state and federal government, local business and industry, volunteer and faith-based organizations, and the citizens of Georgia.

GEMA-OHS Operating Principles

WE WILL BE DECENT, ETHICAL AND HONORABLE The **First Principle** guides how we interact with each other and with our external customers, partners and stakeholders. As GEMA employees we are expected to be Decent, to be Ethical at all times and to Honor our commitments.

WE WILL BE SERVANT LEADERS The **Second Principle** guides our commitment to those in need in times of an emergency. As employees of the state's emergency management agency, we are expected to always be mindful that our purpose is to Serve those in need and to provide Leadership in times of an emergency.

WE WILL SHOW UP AND DO OUR BEST The **Third Principle** guides our personal commitment to the Agency and our co-workers. As GEMA employees we are expected to make a commitment each day to "Show-Up" and to "Try Our Best". Every day we make a commitment to give our best effort to the challenges we face and to be fully present in all our actions and thoughts.

WE WILL HAVE AN ATTITUDE OF SUCCESS The **Fourth Principle** guides our attitude. As GEMA employees, we are expected to approach our responsibilities from the perspective of "How can I make this work?" by adopting an **Attitude of Success**.

WE WILL EMBRACE A TEAM SPIRIT The **Fifth Principle** guides our commitment to our professional careers in the field of emergency management. As GEMA employees we are expected to embrace a Team Spirit, to respect each other, to ask for and /or provide assistance when needed, and to recognize that "None of us are above doing anything asked of us" if GEMA is to be successful in fulfilling our mission.

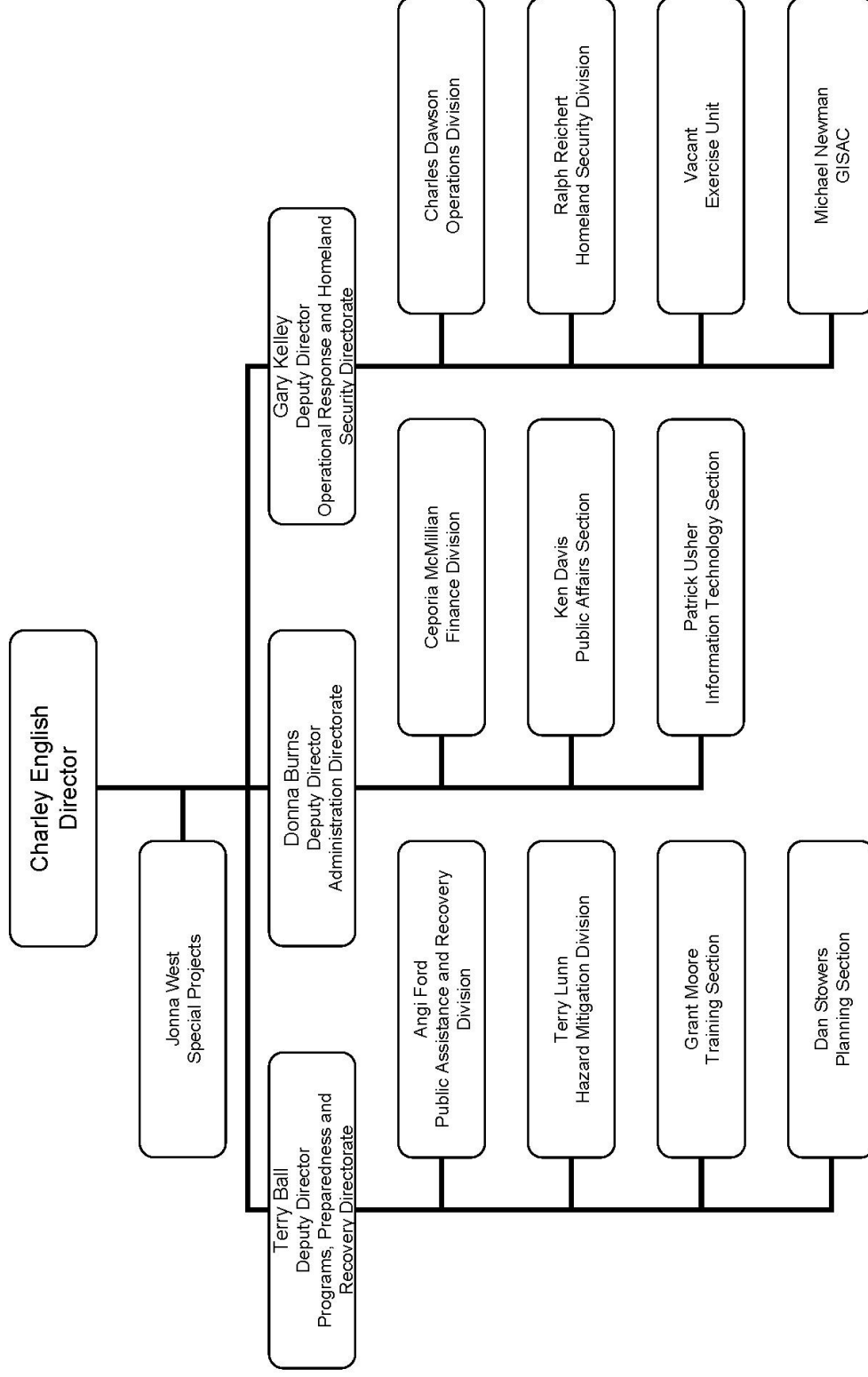
WE WILL BE LADIES AND GENTLEMEN The **Sixth Principle** guides how we interact with the general public at meetings and conferences. As GEMA employees we are expected to Act as Ladies and Gentlemen.

WE WILL HAVE OPEN DOORS The **Seventh Principle** guides how we interact with our supervisors. As GEMA employees, we are expected to be welcoming and have an Open Door.

Organizational Structure

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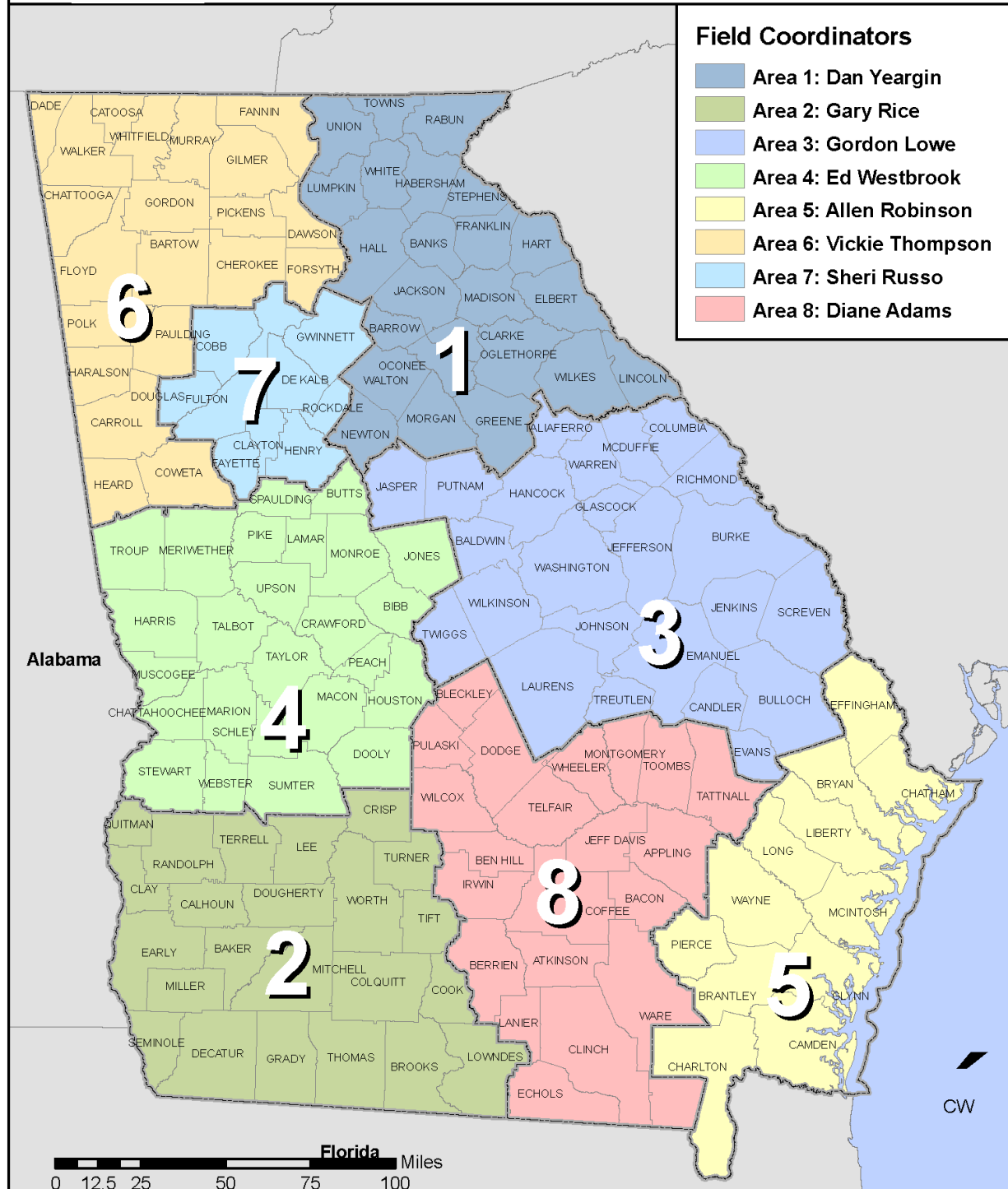
Georgia Emergency Management Agency / Office of Homeland Security





GEMA Field Coordinator Areas

August 17, 2010

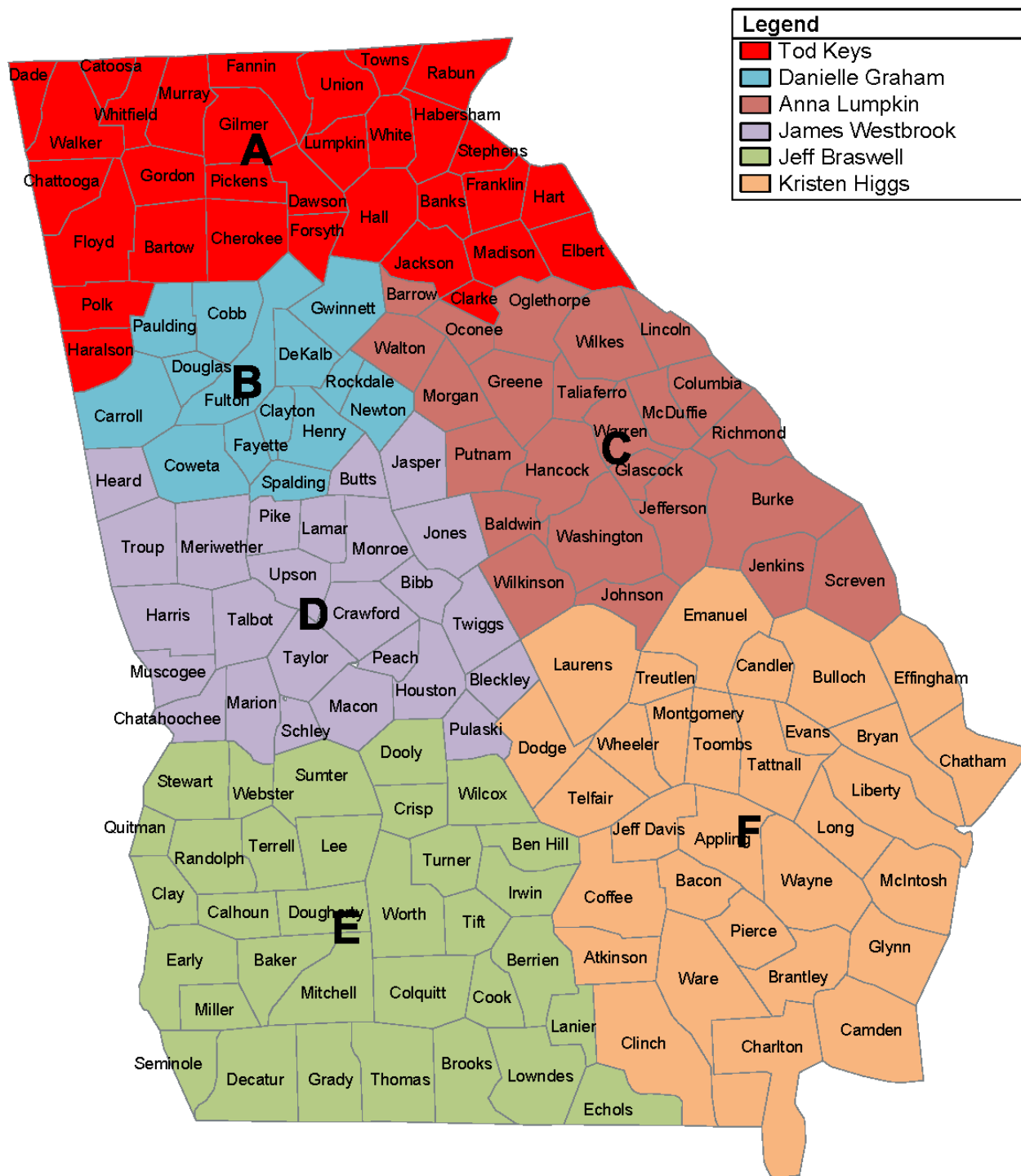




Georgia Emergency Management Agency

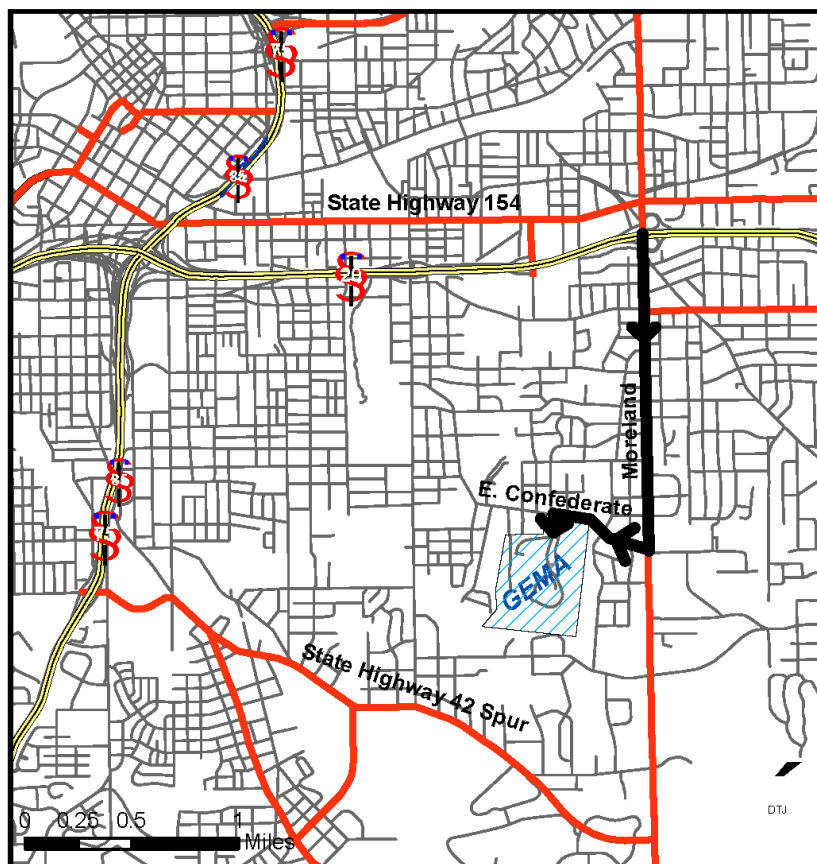
School Safety Coordinators by Area and County

As of 9/2/2009





Directions to GEMA-OHS Headquarters



Headquarter's Address

935 East Confederate Avenue, S.E.
Atlanta, Georgia 30316
(404) 635-7000

Directions from Downtown

From downtown take I-20 East
Take I-20 East to Moreland Avenue
Turn Right (go South on Moreland Avenue
1.5 miles)
Turn Right onto East Confederate Avenue
(between BP and Zesto's) (0.7 miles)
Turn Left into the National Guard Base
before Lester Avenue
Continue to Guard Checkpoint
Present ID at Guard Checkpoint
Go straight, once through gate until you
get to the National Guard building
Take your first Left onto a road just past the
National Guard building
Continue around corner
Just past the GDOT glass building,
take a right and park in the lot
Enter the GA Dept. of Transportation
Wayne Shackelford Bldg. (Bldg. # 24)



Associated Agency Organizations and Committees

Homeland Security Task Force	10
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Associated Agency Organizations and Committees

Homeland Security Task Force

The Homeland Security Task Force was created in October 2001 following the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001 and by Governor Executive Order is chaired by the Director of Homeland Security. The purpose of the state's Homeland Security Task Force is to serve as an Advisory Board to the Homeland Security Director on issues related to terrorism and homeland security and to function as a forum to share information regarding terrorist threats and to assist in coordinating the state's preparedness efforts.

Currently, the Homeland Security Task Force is composed of representatives from the Department of Public Safety, Georgia Bureau of Investigation, Department of Natural Resources, Department of Defense, Department of Community Health, Department of Transportation, Department of Agriculture, Georgia Association of Chiefs of Police, Georgia Sheriffs' Association, Georgia Association of Fire Chiefs, Business Executives for National Security and many other guests who attend on a regular basis.

Counter Terrorism Task Force (CTTF)

The Georgia Counter Terrorism Task Force (CTTF) is a state-wide multi-disciplinary task force aimed at serving as the state's rapid-response security force. The CTTF's primary goal is to protect Georgia's citizens, critical infrastructure, and key resources from terrorist attacks, major disasters, and other emergencies. The CTTF is specially staffed, trained, equipped and organized to implement measures and tactics to detect, prevent, and respond to terrorist threats and attacks. In addition, the CTTF is trained to respond to mass gatherings and high-profile events requiring increased levels of security.

In 2004, the Georgia Office of Homeland Security Director tasked the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC) with creating a task force capable of performing specialized and hazardous missions to protect the state of Georgia. GISAC developed the concept for this taskforce and the following agencies committed to provide staff and support:

Georgia Bureau of Investigations (GBI)
 Georgia Emergency Management Agency-Office of Homeland Security
 Georgia Information Sharing & Analysis Center (GISAC)
 Georgia State Patrol (GSP)
 Georgia Department of Natural Resources (DNR)
 Georgia National Guard 4th Civil Support Team

Since being established the CTTF has undergone training, has participated in several exercises, and has been deployed on two occasions in order to support local law enforcement and to protect state assets and critical infrastructure.

All Hazard Councils (AHCs)

Georgia has well-established and much-practiced mechanisms in place to respond to disasters and other large-scale emergencies. However, in the wake of 2001's terrorist attacks against the United States, it became evident that better planning and communication among federal, state and local emergency responders and government officials would further enhance Georgia's ability to rapidly and effectively respond to large-scale disasters. To improve communication and help fight terrorism at the local level, the GEMA-OHS has organized Regional All Hazards Councils, established within the eight existing regions consistent with the current state and local government disaster/emergency response system.

The purpose of the All Hazards Councils is to bring together local officials and public safety agencies in order to create a forum for the exchange of ideas and information to better prepare the region and state for the potential occurrence of natural disasters and man made incidents. These activities include but are not limited to:

- Assist in the planning and facilitation of regional exercises, training and other special projects
- Developing and revising Regional Homeland Security Strategic Plans
- Serve as an information sharing and problem solving body in matters concerning emergency management and homeland security (topics might include information sharing/intelligence briefings, disaster recovery updates, hazard mitigation project updates, and updates on federal and state programs, etc.)
- Facilitate the development of local Citizen Corp Councils in coordination with the Citizen Corp Program Manager
- Assist to establish strong regional All Hazard capabilities by promoting the development of sound projects which enhance regional preparedness in a manner consistent with the Regional Homeland Security Plans

Each All Hazards Council is composed of representatives that include Sheriffs, Chiefs of Police, Fire Chiefs, local Emergency Management Agency Directors, local 9-1-1 Directors, local Emergency Medical Services Directors, Mayors, County Commissioners and Regional Public Health Directors.

The All Hazards Councils have proven to be a valuable asset to the state and local communities in their continuing fight against terrorism and in responding to other hazards.

9-1-1 Advisory Committee

The 9-1-1 Advisory Committee is appointed by the Governor and attached to GEMA-OHS. It advises the Governor and GEMA-OHS on 9-1-1 related issues, ensures the availability of statewide Enhanced 9-1-1 capability, represents all 9-1-1 entities and jurisdictions as a policy-making authority; and works to ensure every Georgian has immediate access to emergency services. By statute, the Director of GEMA-OHS serves as the chairperson for the 9-1-1 Advisory Committee. The legal authority for the 9-1-1 Advisory Committee is found in Section 46-5-121 through 46-5-231 of the Georgia Code.

Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC)

The Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC) was one of the first state-level fusion centers established after the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001. By Governor Executive Order, GISAC is responsible for informing the Homeland Security Director of all terrorist threat information and investigations involving terrorist activities potentially impacting the State of Georgia. GISAC also serves as the focal point for the collection, analysis and dissemination of homeland security and counter-terrorism threats in and against Georgia, its citizens and infrastructure.

Day-to-day management of GISAC is performed by the Georgia Bureau of Investigation which ensures that activities are conducted in compliance with federal and state regulations. GISAC is staffed with agents, officers, analysts and other specialists from many federal, state and local agencies. Located with the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Atlanta Offices, the staff of GISAC is composed of representatives from GEMA-OHS, the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, the Georgia State Patrol, the Georgia Department of Corrections, the Georgia Association of Police Chiefs, the Georgia Sheriffs' Association, the Georgia Fire Chiefs Association, and the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

Senior Agency Leadership

Georgia Emergency Management Agency / Office of Homeland Security



Charley English, Director
GEMA/Homeland Security



Gary Kelley, Deputy Director of
Operational Response and
Homeland Security



Terry Ball, Deputy Director of
Programs, Preparedness
and Recovery



Donna Burns, Deputy Director of
Administration

GEMA-OHS Executive Leadership Team

Charley English, Director, Georgia Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security

Charley English joined GEMA-OHS in 1996 as part of the state Olympic preparation effort. He was appointed director of the agency on February 22, 2006 and additionally was named the state's Homeland Security Director on September 10, 2007. He currently serves in both capacities.

English is responsible for coordinating and reviewing all Homeland Security, anti-terrorism and natural disaster activities of state agencies. During his tenure he has had leadership responsibility in 11 disasters declared by the President, two National Special Security Events (the Centennial Olympic Games and G-8) and numerous Governor declared states of emergency.

English has held leadership positions in both national associations of which he is affiliated; in 2007 as regional vice president for the National Emergency Management Association (CSG affiliation) and currently serves on the Board of Directors for the Governor's Homeland Security Advisors Council (NGA affiliation). Additionally he has been appointed to serve on advisory committees to the federal Department of Homeland Security and FEMA, the most recent of which is the Local, State, Tribal and Federal National Preparedness Task Force a council of experts charged with assessing the state of the nation's disaster preparedness and making recommendations to Homeland Security Secretary Janet Napolitano.

English was selected to attend the inaugural class of the Naval Postgraduate School's Homeland Security and Defense Master's Degree Program, where he earned the Professor Phillip Zimbardo Award for academic achievement (2004). He completed his Bachelors Degree in Public and Urban Affairs-Criminal Justice at Georgia State University (1986).

Prior to joining GEMA-OHS, English was responsible for overseeing law enforcement training at Georgia's ten regional police academies as director of training for the Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) Council. Prior to joining POST, he worked with the Clayton County Police Department for eight years serving his last assignment as the regional police academy director.

Terry Ball, Deputy Director of Programs, Preparedness and Recovery

Terry Ball joined GEMA-OHS in 2006. Current areas of responsibilities include supervision and oversight of GEMA-OHS' Divisions of Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation.

Prior state experience includes the Georgia Housing and Finance Authority (1984-1996) and the Georgia Department of Community Affairs (1996-2006). Progressive positions of responsibility included Housing Programs Manager, Division Director and Executive Assistant to DCA Commissioners Jim Higdon, Laura Meadows and Mike Beatty.

Emergency Management experience includes leadership roles in the state housing response to the Albany flooding associated with Tropical Storm Alberto (1994), the Gulf Coast Evacuees from Hurricane Katrina (2005) and five Presidential Disasters in Georgia since 2006.

Ball was awarded the DCA Magnolia Award for Leadership and Service in 2006. He earned an undergraduate and graduate degree from Indiana State University and a graduate degree from the University of Illinois.

Donna H. Burns, Deputy Director of Administration

Donna Burns is the current Deputy Director of Administration for the GEMA-OHS. In that capacity, she oversees the Finance Division as well as the Information Technology and Public Affairs sections of the Agency. Her emergency management experience includes active participation in the management of 15 Presidentially Declared Disasters, two Presidential Emergency Declarations, and five Fire Management Assistance Declarations over the course of her 14 years with GEMA-OHS.

Prior state public safety experience includes: criminal justice consultant with the Department of Community Affairs (1989-1991); executive assistant to the Chief of Staff of the State Olympic Law Enforcement Command during the 1996 Olympic Games in Atlanta; Special Projects Division Director at the Department of Public Safety (1999-2002); Chief of Staff for the Commissioner of Public Safety/Coordinator of Homeland Security (2002-2003); and Chief of Staff for the Director of Homeland Security (2003-2004) when the Office of Homeland Security was created by Governor Perdue. She served in this capacity during the 2004 G-8 Summit in St. Simons, Georgia.

Burns has a BA in Criminal Justice from West Georgia College in Carrollton and a Master of Public Administration degree from Georgia State University in Atlanta. She was also an adjunct instructor for the University of Phoenix where she was certified to teach six criminal justice courses to undergraduates. She also served on a committee that revised the university's criminal justice curriculum as well as assisting in the development of a homeland security curriculum for undergraduates. She is a certified peace officer and certified peace officer instructor in the state of Georgia. She is also the recipient of the Annual "Outstanding Women in Public Safety" Award in 2001 by the Georgia Commission on Women. She was also featured in *Atlanta Woman Magazine's*, "A Day in the Life Of" column in their November 2004 issue.

Gary Kelley, Deputy Director of Operational Response and Homeland Security

Gary Kelley joined GEMA-OHS in 2007. As the Deputy Director of Homeland Security, Gary oversees the activities of the Operations Division, the Homeland Security Division, the GEMA-OHS staff assigned to the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC), the Homeland Security Task Force and the Counter Terrorism Task Force.

Prior to joining GEMA-OHS, Gary worked twenty-eight years for Clayton County. He worked for the Clayton County Police Department from 1979 until 1989. His duties at the police department included patrol officer, detective, and Special Weapons and Tactical (SWAT) team member. Gary worked for the Clayton County District Attorney's Office from 1989 until 2007. While at the District Attorney's Office, Gary moved up through the ranks as an investigator, training coordinator, senior investigator, and Major Case Unit supervisor to senior deputy chief

investigator. Gary's job responsibilities with the District Attorney's Office included serving as a liaison with local law enforcement agencies, instituting special programs, training, investigations and supervision.

In 2004, Gary was assigned to the G-8 Law Enforcement Security detail in Sea Island, Georgia. In preparation of the detail he taught numerous training courses on Georgia criminal law for law enforcement officers from around the state. He was also part of the law enforcement security detail for the 1996 Summer Olympics.

Gary earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Urban Studies and Criminal Justice from Georgia State University. In addition, he also received a Master's degree in Public Administration from Columbus State University. He is a graduate of the Georgia Command College and the FBI National Academy.

Major Agency Accomplishments 2002 – 2010

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Major Agency Accomplishments 2002 – 2010

Responses to Emergency Situations and Special Events

- Served as the State Coordinating Agency for several large scale events and established an Incident Unified Command with the following organizations:
 - U.S. Secret Service for the 2004 International G-8 Summit on Sea Island;
 - Georgia Forestry Commission for the South Georgia wildfires (2007);
 - Georgia Environmental Protection Division for the drought (2008); and
 - Georgia Department of Community Health for the H1N1 pandemic (2008-09).
- Secured Presidential Disaster Declarations for the following eight major disasters resulting in \$550 million in federal disaster assistance for the state of Georgia: Hurricanes Frances and Ivan (2004), Hurricane Katrina (2005), Americus – Sumter County tornado (2007), downtown Atlanta tornado and Mother's Day tornadoes (2008), South Georgia severe weather and flooding and Atlanta region severe weather and flooding (2009), and five Fire Management Assistance Grants associated with the South Georgia wildfires (2007).

Strengthening Emergency Response Capabilities

- Designed and created local emergency response teams capable of responding within two hours throughout the state for incidents involving search and rescue, hazardous materials, explosive devices, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and explosive (CBRNE) threats. Specific accomplishments include the following:
 - Supported major enhancements to 13 local bomb teams and two state teams. Created Improvised Explosive Device (IED) Prevention and Response Working Group, which is considered a national model by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security Office of Bomb Prevention.
 - Created 23 local and two state hazard materials (hazmat) response teams, and facilitated major enhancements to 22 existing teams.
 - Established nine regional CBRNE teams in conjunction with the GBI and local public safety agencies.
 - Created 20 search and rescue teams throughout Georgia, with both collapsed structure and urban search and rescue specialties.
- Designed and created a statewide public safety radio interoperable network that includes network switches in 141 local and regional 9-1-1 centers and 50 state facilities and expanded six local 800 megahertz regional radio interoperable communication systems to cover 27 counties. The Georgia Interoperability Network (GIN) enables first responders from different public safety agencies in Georgia to communicate with each other using existing radio communication equipment.
- Redesigned and implemented a new two-tiered Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program allocation process for county emergency management programs. The first tier is an incentive-based competitive program designed to strengthen local

preparedness and emergency response capabilities. The second tier is a per capita based formula award with requirements for maintaining minimal emergency management standards and capabilities.

- Established “Ready Georgia”, a statewide emergency preparedness campaign that targets individuals and families, Georgia businesses, and people with special needs to help Georgians prepare for natural and man-made emergencies. The campaign promotes preparedness through traditional and social media relations, creative collateral development, advertising/public service announcements (PSAs), events and promotions, and an interactive website (www.ready.ga.gov). The website provides detailed information on Georgia-specific threats and allows users to create a personal profile and receive a customized checklist and family communications plan. Follow-up research one year post launch showed that households aware of Ready Georgia were twice as prepared than those who were not aware.
- Initiated GEMA-OHS’ Reservist Program, which quickly provides additional trained personnel to support the state’s emergency response operations in a catastrophic event. Its 43 members comprised of local emergency managers and other trained personnel enable GEMA-OHS to quickly provide additional trained personnel to support the state’s emergency activities.

Administrative and Fiscal Improvements

- Developed and secured federal approval for the GEMA-OHS Indirect Cost Allocation Plan to ensure that administrative overhead expenses are included in all federal grants. In fiscal year 2009, the Indirect Cost Allocation Plan was responsible for capturing another \$400,000 in federal funds for GEMA-OHS’ budget.
- Implemented a new matching fund policy for the 25% non-federal match requirement associated with Presidential Declared disasters. The new formula uses incentives to promote local emergency management capabilities, while providing exceptions for extreme hardships. In fiscal year 2010, this new match policy of 10 percent state – 15 percent local match contributions reduced the state match liability by \$30 million from the policy in place in 2002.
- Successfully merged the administrative functions of the Office of Homeland Security with the Georgia Emergency Management Agency.

Agency Recognitions

- Awarded Enhanced Mitigation Plan status by demonstrating Georgia's commitment to hazard mitigation, the risk-based, data-driven state and local plans that outline a strategy for avoiding or limiting disaster losses. Approval of GEMA-OHS Enhanced Mitigation Plan significantly increases the amount of federal funds awarded to Georgia for a federally declared disaster: A 20 percent allocation of post-disaster federal hazard mitigation funding, as opposed to the standard 15 percent allocation. Consequently, the state received \$9.8 million in additional mitigation funding in 2009. Georgia is one of the best-managed states for hazard mitigation; only ten states have earned Enhanced Mitigation Plan status to date.
- Awarded Accreditation status through the national Emergency Management Accreditation Program (EMAP) in 2007. EMAP is a voluntary national accreditation procedure for state, territorial and local government emergency management programs. Applicants must meet 63 national standards in areas such as program management, planning, risk assessment and crisis communications. Georgia was 8th state in the nation to achieve this status.

Agency Financial Overview

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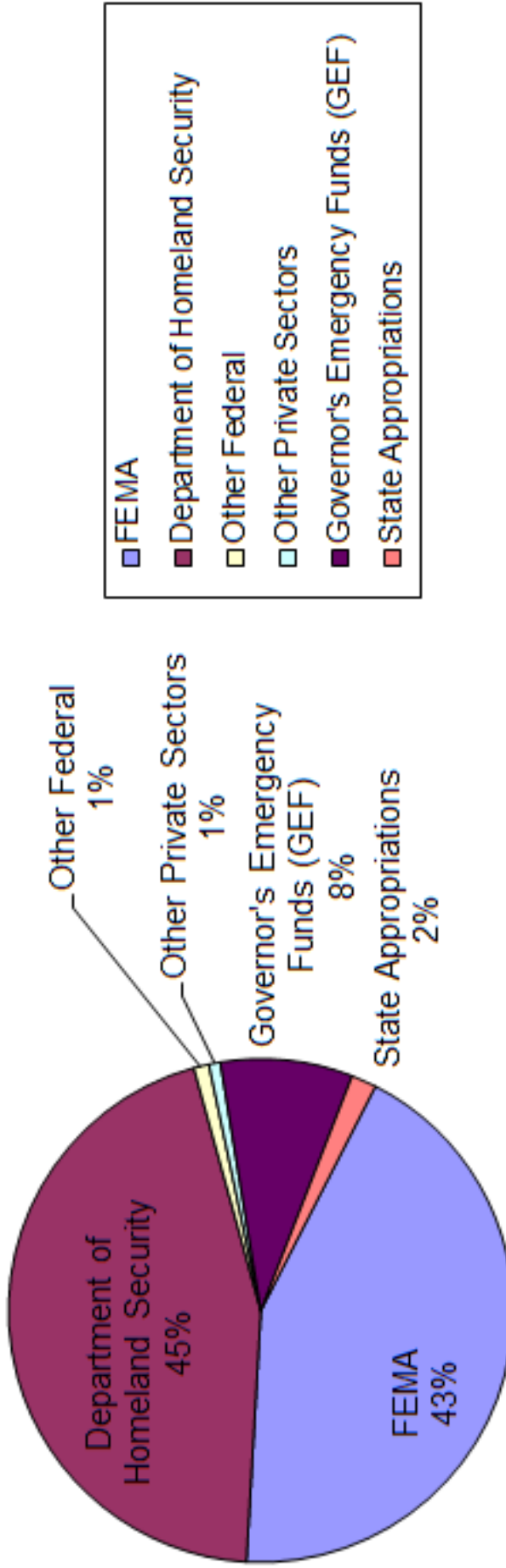
Agency Financial Overview

GEMA-OHS has a combined fiscal year 2011 state appropriation of \$2,380,020. This represents a decrease from a combined appropriation level of \$2,582,073 in fiscal year 2006. Every dollar of state appropriations assigned to GEMA-OHS is used to leverage additional federal funds at rates of 1:1 or 1: 3 (state to federal funds). State appropriations account for only 7.2 percent of the agency's state fiscal year 2011 annual operating budget.

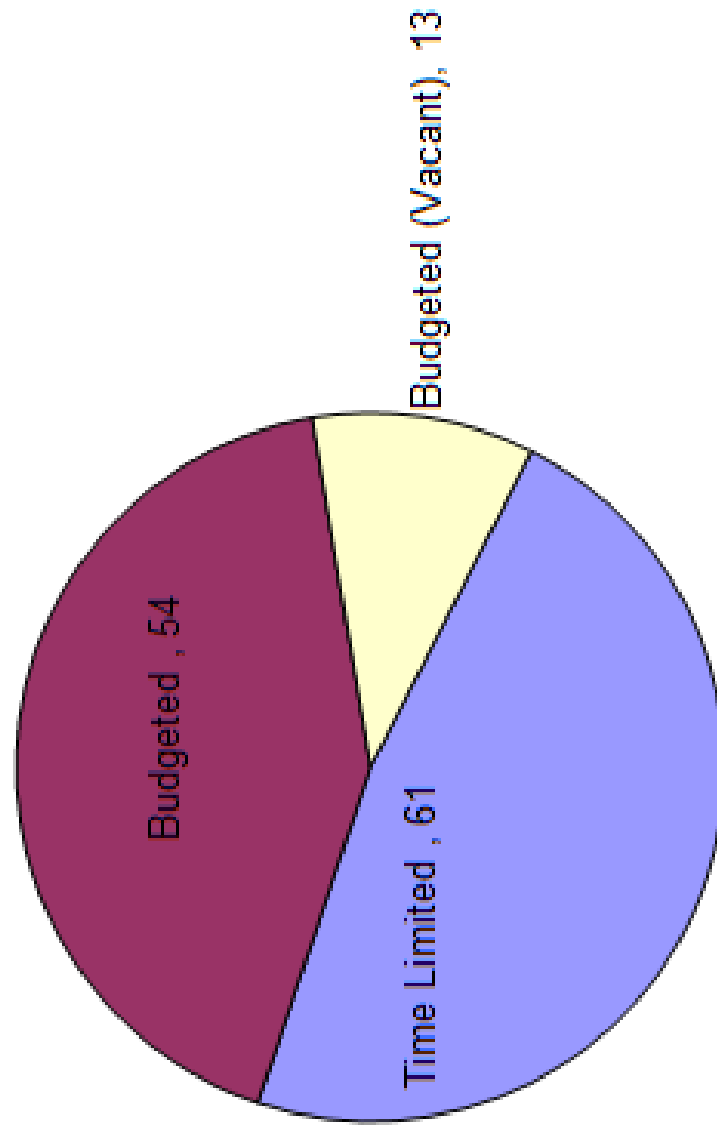
At the close of fiscal year 2010, the staff of GEMA-OHS totaled 110 individuals. At the end of fiscal year 2007, the combined personnel for both agencies were 107 individuals. The increased staff levels are the direct result of new federal funds awarded and increased funding from non-governmental sources.

GEMA-OHS has very few sources of non-governmental revenue to offset operational expenses. It has received grants from the Southern Company for several years to support the work of the GEMA-OHS Radiological Emergency Preparedness (REP) Unit with officials from Plant Hatch, Plant Vogel and Plant Farley in Alabama. These funds are also used as source of non-federal match. The Southern Company contract for fiscal year 2011 is \$538,317. Over the past five years the Southern Company has provided \$1.9 million in funding.

Georgia Emergency Management Agency Budget FY 10 Expenditures by Fund Source

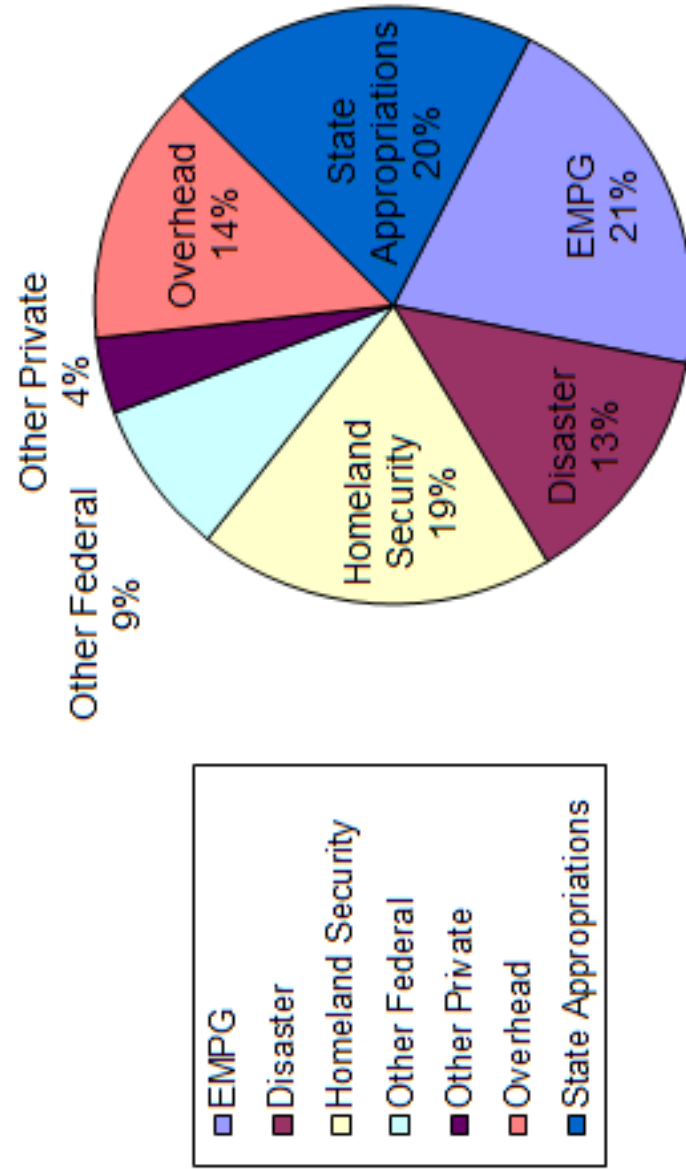


Georgia Emergency Management Agency Authorized Positions



■ Time Limited ■ Budgeted ■ Budgeted (Vacant)

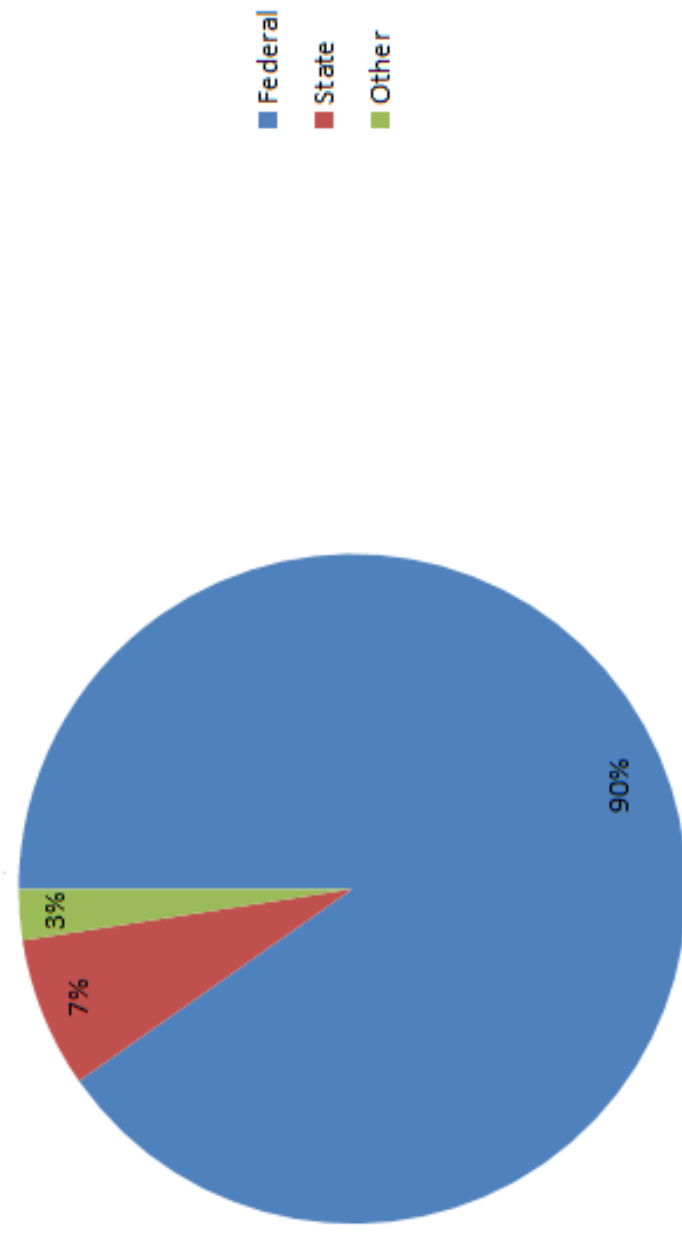
**Georgia Emergency Management Agency
FY 2011 Projected Personal Services Expenditures by Fund Source**



GEMA Annual Operating Budget (AOB)

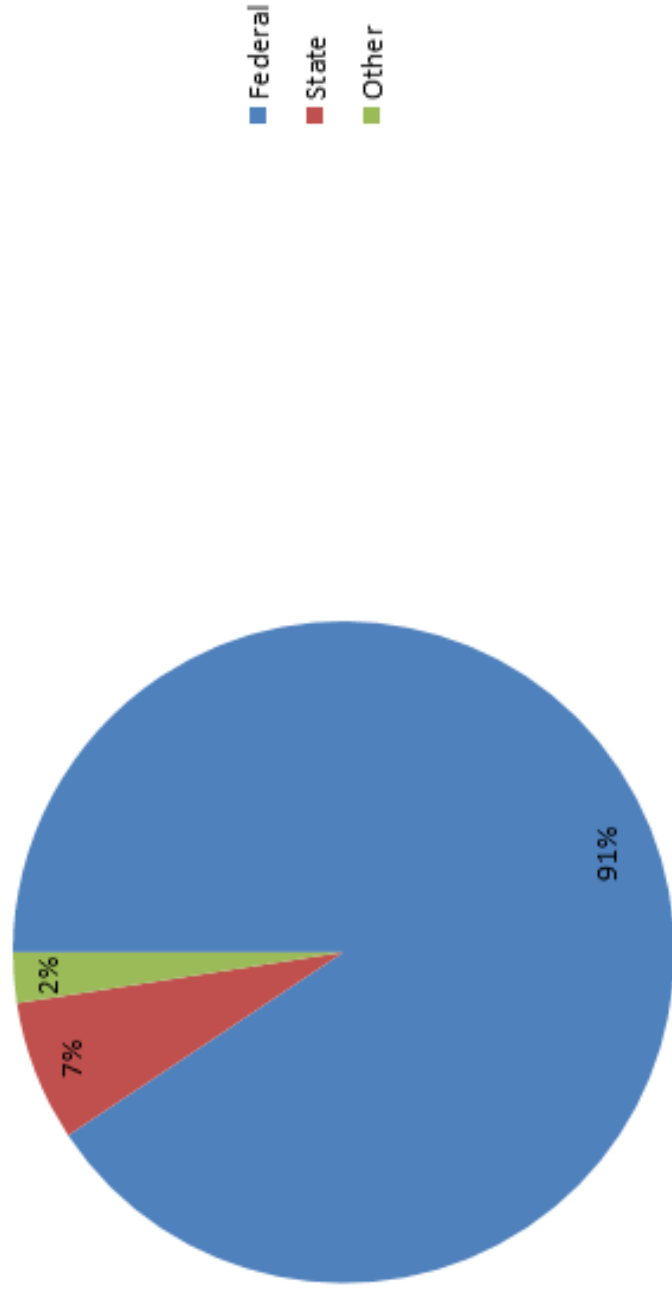
Chart of Accounts	OPB Program Department	4590101 42254COSFP	4590102 42254OOPTP	4590103 42254POSDM	4590104 42254PREDM	4590105 42254000FA	4590106 422540TERP	4590107 422540DOH	
Georgia Emergency Management Agency	Budget								
SFY 2011	Load Acct								TOTAL
Regular Salaries 300									
Regular Salaries	501000	2,019,046	856,231	50,000	150,000		567,864	605,819	4,248,960
Regular Operating Expenses 301									
Postage	611000								0
Motor Vehicle Expenses	612000		20,000						20,000
Printing & Publications	613000		15,000						15,000
Supplies and Materials	614000	118,000					30,000		148,000
Repairs and Maintenance	615000								0
Equipment (<\$5,000)	616000		50,000						50,000
Water	617000								5,000
Energy	618000	5,000							25,000
Rents - Other than Real Estate	619000	27,976							27,976
Insurance and Bonding	620000								0
Freight	622000								0
Procurement Card Purchases	626000								0
Other Operating Expenses	627000	25,000	67,945						107,945
Travel	640000	50,000	70,723				7,450		193,173
Motor Vehicle Purchases 303									
Motor Vehicle Purchases	722000								0
Equipment 304									
Equipment (>= \$5,000)	720000								0
IT Equipment	821000								0
IT Expenditures 305									
IT Supplies & Materials	814000	25,000							25,000
IT Repairs and Maintenance	815000								22,000
IT Equipment (<\$5,000)	816000								0
IT Rents - Other than Real Estate	819000								0
Software (Capitalized)	823000								0
Software (Not Capitalized)	863000								0
Software Maintenance & Support	864000	75,000							97,000
Real Estate Rentals 306									
Real Estate Rentals	648000								0
Voice/Data Communication Services 307									
Voice Data Communication-GTA	871000	331,156							331,156
Voice Data Communication - Not GTA	872000	75,000	100,000					40,000	215,000
Contractual Services 312									
Professional Services	651000	26,352	100,000					20,000	146,352
Professional Services Expenses	652000		25,000						25,000
Professional Technical IT Services	851000	40,000							40,000
Professional Technical IT Services Expenses	852000								
Other Contractual Services	653000	50,556						20,000	70,556
Contractual Services - State Organizations	654000							20,000	20,000
Grants 315									
Grants	707000			247,031	147,031	15,720,881	10,951,997		27,066,940
TOTAL		2,868,086	1,304,899	297,031	297,031	15,720,881	11,527,311	884,819	32,900,058
Federal		1,478,024	346,472	297,031	297,031	15,720,881	11,275,112	288,631	29,703,182
State (01)		1,237,929	302,704				252,199	596,188	2,389,020
Other		152,133	655,723						807,856
GEF / (Disaster) (05)									0
Proof		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Georgia Emergency Management Agency FY 2011 Annual Operating Budget (AOB)



GEMA Budget (Includes 6% Reduction)		OPB Program	4590101	4590102	4590103	4590104	4590105	4590106	4590107
		Department	42254CSEFP	4225400PTP	42254POSDM	42254PREDM	42254000FA	422540TERP	422540ADOH
Georgia Emergency Management Agency									
SFY 2012 (as submitted)		Budget							
Chart of Accounts		Load Acct							TOTAL
Regular Salaries	300								
Regular Salaries		501000	1,906,974	856,231	50,000	150,000		567,864	605,819
Regular Operating Expenses	301								
Postage		611000							0
Motor Vehicle Expenses		612000		20,000					20,000
Printing & Publications		613000		15,000					15,000
Supplies and Materials		614000	110,908					30,000	140,908
Repairs and Maintenance		615000							0
Equipment (<\$5,000)		616000		50,000					50,000
Water		617000							5,000
Energy		618000	5,000					5,000	25,000
Rents - Other than Real Estate		619000	27,976					20,000	27,976
Insurance and Bonding		620000							0
Freight		622000							0
Procurement Card Purchases		626000							0
Other Operating Expenses		627000	25,000	67,945				15,000	107,945
Travel		640000	50,000	70,723			7,450	65,000	193,173
Motor Vehicle Purchases	303								
Motor Vehicle Purchases		722000							0
Equipment	304								
Equipment (>= \$5,000)		720000							0
IT Equipment		821000							0
IT Expenditures	305								
IT Supplies & Materials		814000	25,000						25,000
IT Repairs and Maintenance		815000						22,000	22,000
IT Equipment (<\$5,000)		816000							0
IT Rents - Other than Real Estate		819000							0
Software (Capitalized)		823000							0
Software (Not Capitalized)		863000							0
Software Maintenance & Support		864000	75,000					22,000	97,000
Real Estate Rentals	306								
Real Estate Rentals		648000							0
Voice/Data Communication Services	307								
Voice/Data Communication-GTA		871000	331,156						331,156
Voice Data Communication - Not GTA		872000	73,635	100,000				40,000	213,635
Contractual Services	312								
Professional Services		651000	26,352	93,295				20,000	139,647
Professional Services Expenses		652000		25,000					25,000
Professional Technical IT Services		851000	40,000						40,000
Professional Technical IT Services Expenses		852000							
Other Contractual Services		653000	42,006					20,000	62,006
Contractual Services - State Organizations		654000						20,000	20,000
Grants	315								
Grants		707000			247,031	147,031	15,720,881	10,951,997	27,066,940
TOTAL			2,739,007	1,298,194	297,031	297,031	15,720,881	11,527,311	32,764,274
Federal			1,478,024	346,472	297,031	297,031	15,720,881	11,275,112	29,703,182
State (01)			1,108,850	295,999				252,199	2,253,236
Other			152,133	655,723					807,856
GEF / (Disaster) (05)									0
Proof			0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Georgia Emergency Management Agency FY 2012 Annual Operating Budget (AOB)



Emergency Management and Homeland Security Assistance Programs

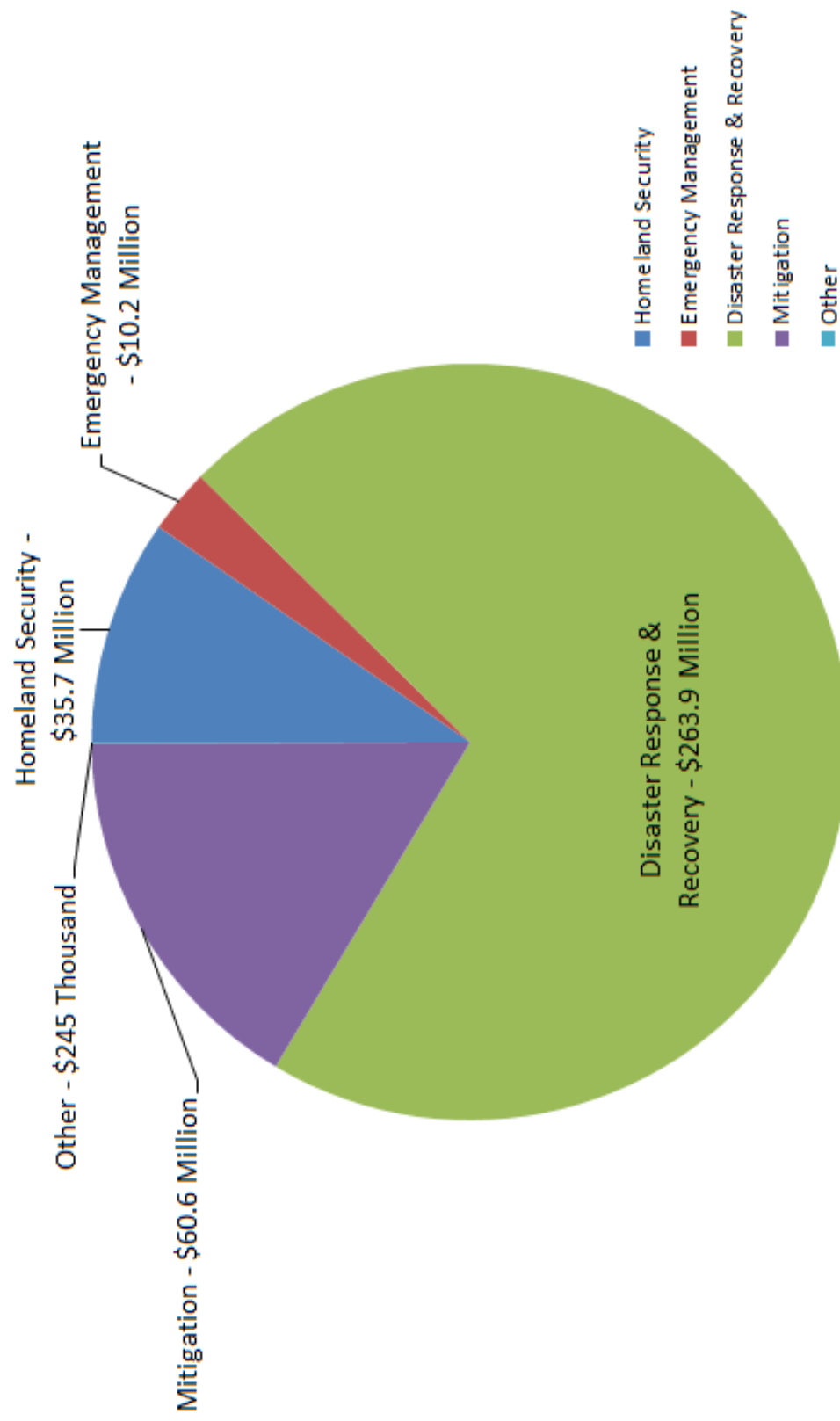
Summary Table of SFY 2009 Assistance Programs	31
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- **Buffer Zone Protection Program (BZPP)**
- **Citizen Corps Program (CCP)**
- **Emergency Management Performance Grants (EMPG)**
- **Emergency Operations Center (EOC) Program Grants**
- **Fire Management Assistance Grants (FMAG)**
- **Flood Mitigation Assistance Program (FMA)**
- **Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)**
- **Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness Program (HMEP)**
- **State Homeland Security Grant Program (SHSP)**
- **Individual Assistance (IA) Program**
- **Interoperability Emergency Communication Grant Program (EICGP)**
- **Metropolitan Medical Response System (MMRS)**
- **Public Assistance (PA) Program**
- **Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program (PDM)**
- **Public Safety Interoperable Communication Program (PSIC)**
- **Repetitive Flood Claim Program (RFC)**
- **Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) Program**
- **Waste Isolation Pilot Program (WIPP)**

Summary Table of Assistance Programs by SFY 2009 Funding Amounts

Buffer Zone Protection Program (BZPP)	\$600,000
Citizen Corps Program (CCP)	\$382,020
Emergency Management Performance Grants (EMPG)	\$8,684,679
Emergency Operations Center (EOC) Grant Program	\$500,000
Emergency Watershed Protection (EWP) Program	\$3,335,058
Fire Management Assistance Grants (FMAG)	\$0
Flood Mitigation Assistance Program (FMA)	\$281,820
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)	\$54,725,810
Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness Program (HMEP)	\$514,736
State Homeland Security Grant Program (SHSP)	\$20,637,500
Individual Assistance (IA) Program	\$69,017,105
Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (IECGP)	\$1,086,225
Metropolitan Medical Response System (MMRS)	\$642,442
Public Assistance (PA) Program	\$194,899,018
Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program (PDM)	\$1,806,348
Repetitive Flood Claim Program (RFC)	\$0
Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) Program	\$0
Waste Isolation Pilot Program (WIPP)	\$245,206
Total of all Assistance Programs	\$370,867,117

Summary Chart of SFY 2009 Assistance Programs



**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Buffer Zone Protection Program Overview**

Program Name: Buffer Zone Protection Program (BZPP)

Current Program Funding Level: \$2,300,000

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

2007: \$962,500

2008: \$1,592,000

2009: \$600,000

Source of Funds: DHS/FEMA

Program Fund Application Process: Federally dedicated by site

State / Local Match Requirements: None

Administrative Funding Provisions:

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: Funding for planning and equipment allocation to law enforcement agencies within the jurisdiction in which the identified site rests. Funds dedicated to increase security of the site.

Eligible Sub-grantees: Sub-grantees are typically Level I or II Critical Infrastructure/Key Resource (CIKR) facilities and are determined solely by DHS.

History of the Program Fund:

Created to increase security at specified sites by creating a “buffer zone” surrounding specific locations.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Provided essential equipment to local jurisdictions that may be called upon to protect a critical infrastructure site.
- Vulnerability assessments of vital CIKR completed.
- Formed solid relationships with private sector CIKR owners/operators.
- Identified numerous interdependencies at Level 2 CIKR sites.

**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Citizen Corps Program Overview**

Program Name: Citizen Corps Program (CCP)

Current Program Funding Level: \$328,757

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

2006: \$491,715

2007: \$372,512

2008: \$384,305

2009: \$382,020

Source of Funds: DHS/FEMA

Program Fund Application Process: Formula Grant Award to the state.

State / Local Match Requirements: None.

Administrative Funding Provisions: 5% M&A, pass through as deemed appropriate by state.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: Planning, Training, Exercise, Equipment and Organization

Eligible Sub-grantees: Participating local governments with approved program teams.

History of the Program Fund: The Citizen Corps mission is to bring community and government leaders together to coordinate the involvement of community members and organizations in emergency preparedness, planning, mitigation, response, and recovery. This includes development and support of a variety of citizen response teams.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- The program has grown from 5 programs in the beginning of 2003, to 52 programs in the state.
- There is an annual leadership forum held to bring together leadership to share ideas, to develop partnerships, and learn about the new trends in the program
- GEMA-OHS initiated the first annual CERT Challenge in 2009, which brings together members of CERT programs from around the state to demonstrate skills and share best practices for program management.
- Completion of CERT training has grown from 87 in 2003 to nearly 5,000 in 2010.

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /

Office of Homeland Security

EMPG Program Overview

Program Name: Emergency Management Performance Grant (FEMA)

Current Program Funding Level:

EMPG 2010	8,684,679
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Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

EMPG 2009	8,019,308
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EMPG 2008	7,635,201
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EMPG 2007	4,849,567
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EMPG 2007 Supplemental	1,249,888
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EMPG 2006	4,440,990
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Source of Funds: Federal: DHS/ FEMA

Program Fund Application Process: Non-competitive grant for the State EMA requiring a “program narrative” and budget projection before expenditure of funds. This narrative is sent to the EMPG grant manager at FEMA Region IV for critique and approval. The narrative must contain a general description of the EMA program in Georgia, the risk profile of Georgia, and a description of what GEMA-OHS intends to accomplish with the allocated funds. GEMA-OHS has an option of passing through a portion of the funds to local county EMA offices for their use in accomplishing EMA objectives.

State / Local Match Requirements: 50/50. EMPG funds must be matched dollar for dollar with non-federal funds and/or certain “in-kind” contributions.

Administrative Funding Provisions: M&A costs are capped at 5% of the grant award.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: M&A (5 % state, 3% local), EMA related planning, training, exercises, operations staffing, equipment acquisition, program sustainment costs.

Planning

FY 2010 EMPG funds may be used for a range of emergency management planning activities.

Organization

EMPG funds may be used for all-hazards emergency management operations, staffing, and other day-to-day activities in support of emergency management, including hazard mitigation staffing of the State Hazard Mitigation Officer (SHMO) position. Proposed staffing activities are linked to achieving goals outlined in the EMPG Work Plan. Personnel costs, including salary, overtime, compensatory time off, and associated fringe benefits, are allowable costs with FY 2010 EMPG funds.

Equipment

Allowable equipment categories for FY 2010 EMPG are listed on the web-based version of the Authorized Equipment List (AEL) on the Responder Knowledge Base (RKB), which is sponsored by FEMA at <http://www.rkb.us>. Unless otherwise stated, equipment must meet all mandatory regulatory and/or FEMA-adopted standards to be eligible for purchase using these funds. In addition, agencies will be responsible for obtaining and maintaining all necessary certifications and licenses for the requested equipment.

Training

EMPG funds may be used for a range of emergency management-related training activities to enhance the capabilities of State and local emergency management personnel through the establishment, support, conduct, and attendance of training.

Exercises

EMPG funds may be used to design, develop, conduct, and evaluate emergency management related exercises. Exercises must be consistent with the principles outlined in the Homeland Security Exercise and Evaluation Program (HSEEP).

Construction and Renovation

FEMA recognizes that updated, functioning emergency operations centers (EOCs) are a core component of an effective emergency management system. Therefore, construction and renovation activities for a State, local, or tribal government's principal EOC are allowable under EMPG.

Maintenance and Sustainment

The use of FEMA preparedness grant funds for maintenance contracts, warranties, repair or replacement costs, upgrades, and user fees are allowable under all active and future grant awards. Grantees are reminded to be sensitive to supplanting issues. Maintenance contracts, warranties, repair or replacement costs, upgrades, and user fees previously purchased with State and/or local funds cannot be replaced with Federal grant funding. Routine upkeep (i.e., gasoline, tire replacement, routine oil changes, monthly inspections, grounds and facility maintenance etc.) is the responsibility of the grantee and may not be funded with EMPG preparedness grant funding.

Eligible Sub-grantees: State Agencies engaged in EMA activities supporting the GEMA-OHS work plan, local Emergency Management Agencies.

History of the Program Fund: The EMPG grant exists as day-to-day disasters continue to highlight the critical importance of effective catastrophic all-hazards preparedness, which includes prevention, mitigation, protection, response, and recovery activities. An all-hazards approach to emergency management preparedness, including the development of a comprehensive program of planning, training, and exercises, provides for an effective and consistent response to disaster or emergency, regardless of the cause.

EMPG has been a basic and fundamental funding stream for State EMAs and GEMA-OHS for many years, supplying a major portion of preparedness and operational monies for GEMA-OHS and the state's 159 local (County) and two city EMA offices.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Improved and sustained state and local EMA All Hazards planning, response, resource management and logistics capabilities;
- Provided and sustained emergency communications and warning;
- Provided and sustained an effective and robust emergency response capability and staff;
- Sustained facilities and funded planning and response functions;
- Funded the conduct of All Hazards training and exercises;
- Provided and sustained effective All-Hazard public communication, outreach and education; and
- Supported local governments and their emergency management programs to develop, enhance and sustain All Hazards emergency management activities.

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Emergency Operations Center Grant Program (EOCGP) Overview

Program Name: Emergency Operations Center Grants Program (EOCGP)

Current Program Funding Level: \$200,000

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

2008: \$250,000

2009: \$500,000

Source of Funds: DHS/FEMA

Program Fund Application Process: Competitive and earmarked.

State / Local Match Requirements: 25% Local

Administrative Funding Provisions: 5% M&A,

Eligible Uses of Program Funds:

Eligible Sub-grantees:

History of the Program Fund:

Created to assist emergency management agencies to upgrade and build new Emergency Operations Centers.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Upgrades to Cobb County EOC
- Assist with new EOC construction in Douglas County.

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

SUBGRANTEE	AWARD
Cobb County (2008)	\$247,500
Douglas County (2009)	\$485,000
TOTAL	\$732,500

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Fire Management Assistance Program Overview

Program Name: Fire Management Assistance (FMAG) Program

Fire Management Assistance is available to States, local and tribal governments, for the mitigation, management, and control of fires on publicly or privately owned forests or grasslands, which threaten such destruction as would constitute a major disaster.

The Fire Management Assistance declaration process is initiated when a State submits a request for assistance to the FEMA Regional Director at the time a "threat of major disaster" exists. The entire process is accomplished on an expedited basis and a FEMA decision is rendered in a matter of hours.

Current Program Funding Level:

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

(Program Year 2010): \$0

(Program Year 2009): \$0

(Program Year 2008): \$0

(Program Year 2007): \$33,563,593

Source of Funds: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Governor's Emergency Funds (GEF) and Local Funds

Program Fund Application Process: Must make declaration request to FEMA.

State / Local Match Requirements: 25% non-federal requirement, State/Local percentage undetermined

Administrative Funding Provisions: Regular and Overtime staff costs are eligible for reimbursement but dependent upon FEMA approval.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: To mitigate. Manage and control uncontained fires.

Eligible Sub-grantees: State Agencies, Local and Tribal Governments

Past Program Accomplishments: Provided funds to reimburse Georgia Forestry Commission and local governments to control wildfires.

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Flood Mitigation Assistance Program Overview

Program Name: Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) Program

Current Program Funding Level: FMA2010 – No grants requested

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

(Program / Fiscal Year 2009):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
FMA2009	\$ 281,820.00	\$ 211,365.00	\$ 6,404.75	\$ 64,050.25

(Program / Fiscal Year 2008):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
FMA2008	\$ 654,531.34	\$ 490,898.45	\$ 14,874.55	\$ 148,758.34

(Program / Fiscal Year 2007):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
FMA2007	\$ 4,427,686.00	\$ 3,320,761.00	\$ 9,134.00	\$ 1,027,791.00

(Program / Fiscal Year 2006):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
FMA2006	\$ 3,105,795.82	\$ 2,329,347.25	\$ 45,701.25	\$ 730,747.32

Source of Funds: National Flood Insurance Fund, State (Governors Emergency Fund), Local Governments (subgrantees)

Program Fund Application Process: Upon release of the annual FEMA program grant guidance, the State facilitates an application process to meet FEMA requirements. An allocation

is provided to each State based on the total number of NFIP insurance policies and the total number of repetitive loss properties within the State. The base allocation averages about \$300,000 annually for planning, project, and administrative projects. The FMA program is also competitive for projects that exceed base allocation. Projects solicited by the State are reviewed for program eligibility, prioritized, and submitted to FEMA for funding consideration. The final funding decisions are made by FEMA

State / Local Match Requirements: 25% State match (GEF) on administrative grant; pass-through grants have a 25% local cost share requirement; 10% local match requirement on severe repetitive loss properties.

Administrative Funding Provisions: Maximum of 10% of approved FMA grants.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds:

1. Elevation, Acquisition, or relocation of NFIP insured structures;
2. Drainage improvements that protect NFIP insured structures;
3. Dry flood proofing of historic residential or non-residential structures; and
4. Development of Flood Mitigation Plans.

Eligible Sub-grantees: Public agencies, including State and local governments who have a FEMA approved flood mitigation plan;

History of the Program Fund: The Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) program was created as part of the National Flood Insurance Reform Act (NFIRA) of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 4101) with the goal of reducing or eliminating claims under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). Funding for the program, which began in 1997, is provided through the National Flood Insurance Fund. FMA provides funding to assist States and communities in implementing measures to reduce or eliminate the long-term risk of flood damage to buildings, manufactured homes, and other structures insurable under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

Past Program Accomplishments:

- \$7.9 million federal funds awarded since 1997
- Flood mitigation plans developed in the communities with the highest number of repetitive loss properties
- Project Summary
 - 46 projects approved; 4 open projects, and 42 projects completed
 - 44 properties mitigated through acquisition/demolition (42) or structure elevation (2)

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Overview

Program Name: Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)

Current Program Funding Level:

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
DR1858	\$47,251,861	\$35,438,896	\$5,055,620	\$6,757,345

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

(Program / Fiscal Year 2009):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
DR1833	\$7,673,949	\$5,755,462	\$821,059	\$1,097,428

(Program / Fiscal Year 2008):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
DR1750	\$1,678,056	\$1,258,542	\$179,540	\$372,759
DR1761	\$3,761,657	\$2,821,243	\$402,471	\$537,943
Totals	\$5,439,713	\$4,079,785	\$582,011	\$910,702

(Program / Fiscal Year 2007):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
DR1686	\$16,892,795	\$12,699,596	\$1,862,125	\$2,361,073

(Program / Fiscal Year 2006): No Declared Disasters

Source of Funds: FEMA, State (GEF), Local Governments (subgrantees)

Program Fund Application Process: The FEMA share of the HMGP is based on 20% of Stafford Act Assistance. Within 30-60 days of the disaster declaration, the State facilitates an application process to meet FEMA requirements and State priorities. Sub-applicants must make application for available disaster funds. Projects solicited by the State are reviewed for program eligibility, prioritized, and submitted to FEMA for funding consideration. The final funding decisions are made by FEMA.

State / Local Match Requirements: For declared Public Assistance/Individual Assistance Counties, 10% State, 15% Local; 25% match for non-declared counties; 25% state match (GEF) on Administrative funds.

Administrative Funding Provisions: Current rule which has been in effect since 2008 allows for 4.89% of HMGP allocation.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds:

1. Warning systems with mitigation as an essential component;
2. Projects to promote the use of safe room designs in tornado prone areas;
3. Retrofitting methods such as elevation in place, structure relocation, structural reinforcement (wind and seismic), strapping of utilities, installation of storm shutters, tie downs;
4. Acquisition of property and/or relocation of homes, businesses, and public facilities;
5. Dry flood proofing of historic or non-residential structures;
6. Development of State or local standards with implementation as an essential component;
7. Structural hazard control or protection measures such as flood walls, detention basins and other storm drainage upgrades; and
8. Development of State or local plans that meet Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000 requirements.

Eligible Sub-grantees: Public agencies, including State and local governments that have FEMA approved mitigation plans by the application deadline and at the time of obligation of the grant funds;

Certain private non-profit organizations or institutions that provide essential services to the general public; and

Native American Indian tribes or authorized tribal organizations. (Note that there are no federally recognized tribal organizations in Georgia).

History of the Program Fund: The HMGP was authorized in 1988 by Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (the Stafford Act), Title 42, United States Code (U.S.C.) 5170c. The key purpose of HMGP is to ensure that the opportunity to take critical mitigation measures to reduce the risk of loss of life and property from future disasters is not lost during the reconstruction process following a disaster. HMGP is available, when authorized under a Presidential major disaster declaration, in the areas of the State requested by the Governor.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Enhanced Mitigation Plan designated by FEMA Recognizing
 - State's commitment to mitigation
 - Proactive leader in implementing a comprehensive statewide program
 - Validation of Georgia program as one of best managed states for hazard mitigation activities
- \$140 million federal funds awarded since 1990
- Project Summary
 - 482 projects approved; 147 open projects, and 335 projects completed
 - 1,128 properties mitigated, primarily through acquisition/demolition/relocation (984) or elevation (88), or wind retrofits (29), or drainage improvements (11)

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /

Office of Homeland Security

Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness Program Overview

Program Name: Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness (HMEP) Grant Program

Current Program Funding Level: \$514,736

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

2006: \$300,494

2007: \$300,494

2008: \$300,494

2009: \$514,736

Source of Funds: US Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Administration

Program Fund Application Process: Formula grant award

State / Local Match Requirements: 20% direct or in-kind match required

Administrative Funding Provisions:

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: Planning, training and exercise activities to increase effectiveness in safely and efficiently handling hazardous materials accidents and incidents, enhancing the implementation of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986, and encouraging comprehensive emergency training and planning approach are eligible activities.

Eligible Sub-grantees: Active Local Emergency Planning Councils (LEPC)

History of the Program Fund: The HMEP grant program evolved from a proposal developed by United States Departments of Transportation, Energy and Labor, FEMA, and the Environmental Protection Agency.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Supported the development of 29 LEPCs with an additional county in the process of being certified before the end of 2010.
- Developed an LEPC Grant guidance document for ensuring grant requirements and expectations are met

- Provided bi-diesel and ethanol awareness and training programs at several locations in the state
- Co-hosted an annual LEPC/Citizen Corps leadership forum
- Commodity flow studies have been completed in Douglas and Columbia Counties, in conjunction with the Southern States Energy Board (Department of Energy WIPP Program)
- Provided training that is available to all first responders in Georgia through courses offered at the Georgia Public Safety Training Center and field delivered courses.

**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
State Homeland Security Grant Program Overview**

Program Name: State Homeland Security Grant Program (SHSP)

Current Program Funding Level: \$19,229,905

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

2006: \$24,790,000

2007: \$24,410,000

2008: \$21,880,000

2009: \$20,637,500

Source of Funds: DHS/FEMA

Program Fund Application Process: Formula Grant

State / Local Match Requirements: None.

Administrative Funding Provisions: 5% M&A, 80% pass through to or for the benefit of local government.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: Planning, Training Exercise, Equipment and Organization

Eligible Sub-grantees: State agencies and local governmental departments, primarily first response disciplines.

History of the Program Fund:

SHSP supports the implementation of State Homeland Security Strategies to address the identified planning, organization, equipment,

training, and exercise needs to prevent, protect against, respond to, and recover from acts of terrorism and other catastrophic events. In addition, SHSP supports the implementation of the *National Preparedness Guidelines*, the National Incident Management System (NIMS), and the *National Response Framework* (NRF).

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Development of a robust Improvised Explosive Device response capability statewide
- Development of an interoperable communications solution statewide

- Development of computerized criminal histories that also allows wireless biometric identification statewide
- Development of and support to numerous special response teams, i.e.;
 - Georgia Search and Rescue Teams
 - Law Enforcement Chem/Bio Teams
 - Special Weapons and Tactics Teams
 - Hazardous Materials Response Teams
 - Mobile Interoperable Communications Platforms

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /

Office of Homeland Security

Individual Assistance Program Overview

Program Name: Individual Assistance Program

This program provides direct financial assistance to individuals, families and businesses damaged by an event that has received a presidential declaration or emergency. Funds are made available for rental assistance, home repair or replacement less any insurance proceeds. These funds are provided by FEMA directly to the individual and do not require a match.

Funds are also available for necessary expenses and serious needs caused by the disaster. These funds are called Other Needs Assistance, which is cost shared by the state. These expenses could include: disaster-related medical and dental costs, disaster-related funeral and burial cost, clothing; household items (room furnishings, appliances), disaster damaged vehicles, moving and storage expenses related to the disaster, other necessary expenses or serious needs as determined by FEMA.

Current Program Funding Level:

Program Funding Level for Past Years:

Disaster 1686:	\$1,354,036
Disaster 1750:	\$1,351,663
Disaster 1761:	\$2,458,564
Disaster 1833:	\$3,998,601
Disaster 1858:	\$58,046,359

Source of Funds: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and Governor's Emergency Funds (GEF)

Program Fund Application Process: Must make declaration request to FEMA.

State / Local Match Requirements: The state provides a 25% match for the Other Needs Assistance Program.

Administrative Funding Provisions: There are no funds available for the administration of this grant.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: For rental assistance or temporary housing and/or to repair or replace uninsured household items. Funds can also be used for medical, dental or funeral expenses caused by the disaster.

Eligible Sub-grantees: Individuals affected by disaster.

History of the Program Fund:

Past Program Accomplishments: Provided disaster relief to several disaster victims for an expedited recovery.

**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
IECGP Program Overview**

Program Name: Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program

Current Program Funding Level: \$1,195,000

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

Fiscal Year 2008: \$1,120,474

Fiscal Year 2009: \$1,086,225

Fiscal Year 2010: \$1,195,000

Source of Funds: DHS/FEMA

Program Fund Application Process: Formula Grant Award

State / Local Match Requirements: None.

Administrative Funding Provisions:

3% 2008 and 2009

5% 2010

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: To establish in Georgia leadership and governance and common planning and operational protocols, and emergency responder skills and capabilities related to interoperable communications statewide. This includes completion and revision of the Statewide Communications Interoperability Plan (SCIP), and aligning the state's priorities with federal government guidance. Specifically:

Eligible Sub-grantees: State and local governments contingent on meeting specific criteria

History of the Program Fund: This grant was created in 2008.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Completion of the SCIP
- Establishment of the Statewide Interoperability Coordinator position with GEMA-OHS
Development of a scoring guide for competitive interoperable communications grants under the HSGP
- Statewide training and exercises of the Georgia Interoperability Network operated by local 911 centers under ownership of the Georgia State Patrol

- Alignment of the Homeland Security Task Force Interoperable Communications Subcommittee with federal governance requirements

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

All awards have been retained by the state to for the benefit of local governments.

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Metropolitan Medical Response System Program Overview

Program Name: Metropolitan Medical Response System (MMRS)

Current Program Funding Level: \$634,838

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

2006: \$464,660

2007: \$516,290

2008: \$642,442

2009: \$642,442

Source of Funds: DHS/FEMA

Program Fund Application Process: Formula Grant Award to Columbus-Muscogee County and the City of Atlanta.

State / Local Match Requirements: None.

Administrative Funding Provisions: All but M&A costs of 5% to be passed through to the sub-grantee

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: Planning, Training, Exercise, Equipment and Organization

Eligible Sub-grantees: The City of Atlanta and Columbus-Muscogee County

History of the Program Fund: The MMRS program supports the integration of emergency management, health, and medical systems into a coordinated response to mass casualty incidents caused by any hazard. Successful MMRS grantees reduce the consequences of a mass casualty incident during the initial period of a response by having augmented existing local operational response systems before an incident occurs.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Interoperable Communications enhanced
- Medical supply caches obtained
- Medical surge capability enhanced through area hospital coordination
-

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

Atlanta/Fulton County Emergency Agency	\$305,160
Columbus-Muscogee County Public Health	\$305,160

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /

Office of Homeland Security

Public Assistance Program Overview

Program Name: Public Assistance Program

This program provides supplemental assistance to state agencies, local jurisdictions and certain private non-profit organizations for response and recovery in a state or presidential declared disaster or emergency.

These funds are reimbursed to applicants for disaster damages effecting uninsured public infrastructure.

Current Program Funding Level:

Program Funding Level for Past Years:

(Disaster 1686):	\$60,026,000
(Disaster 1750):	\$1,888,403
(Disaster 1761):	\$12,410,548
(Disaster 1833):	\$30,126,652
(Disaster 1858):	\$158,533,990

Source of Funds: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Governor's Emergency Funds (GEF) and Local Funds

Program Fund Application Process: Must make declaration request to FEMA.

State / Local Match Requirements: 25% non-federal requirement, State currently provides 10% and Local Governments 15%

Administrative Funding Provisions: The program provides 3.34% for the federal estimate of the disaster for major declarations and 3.9% for the federal estimate of the disaster for emergency declarations. Direct program costs can be requested and approved by FEMA for specific projects.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: To rebuild uninsured public infrastructure damaged by a disaster.

Eligible Sub-grantees: State Agencies, Local Governments and some Private non-profit organizations, if eligible.

History of the Program Fund:

Past Program Accomplishments: These program funds have been used to quickly reimburse applicants out of pocket expenses following a declaration. Construction funds for rebuilding Sumter Regional Hospital, repair and restoration costs for public roads and bridges in various communities, vast disaster debris removal, as well as dam repairs are examples of projects funded under this program.

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program Overview

Program Name: Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) Competitive Program

Current Program Funding Level: Amounts shown for PDM2010 are anticipated based on projects selected by FEMA for award.

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
PDM2010	\$ 3,125,117.00	\$ 2,343,837.75	\$ 40,648.00	\$ 740,631.25
LPDM2010	\$ 398,824.00	\$ 299,117.78	\$ 9,064.18	\$ 90,641.75
Totals	\$ 3,523,941.00	\$ 2,642,955.53	\$ 49,712.18	\$ 831,273.00

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

(Program / Fiscal Year 2009):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
PDM2009	\$ 1,641,292.68	\$ 1,230,969.51	\$ 37,302.11	\$ 373,021.06
LPDM2009	\$ 165,055.40	\$ 123,789.26	\$ 3,830.55	\$ 37,515.14
Totals	\$ 1,806,348.08	\$ 1,354,758.77	\$ 41,132.66	\$ 410,536.20

(Program / Fiscal Year 2008):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
PDM2008	\$ 158,692.00	\$ 119,019.00	\$ 3,606.50	\$ 36,066.50
LPDM2008	\$ 1,384,637.68	\$ 1,038,476.26	\$ 26,905.00	\$ 319,256.42
Totals	\$ 1,543,329.68	\$ 1,157,495.26	\$ 30,511.50	\$ 355,322.92

Note that for 2008 -2010, Congress directed FEMA to award projects to selected communities from the PDM Competitive allocation. These grants are listed as Legislative Pre-Disaster Mitigation (LPDM) grants.

(Program / Fiscal Year 2007):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
PDM2007	10,359,310.75	\$ 7,721,538.19	\$ 126,182.25	\$ 2,511,590.31

(Program / Fiscal Year 2006):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
PDM2006	\$3,808,471.09	\$2,537,732.06	\$22,685.58	\$1,248,053.45

Source of Funds: FEMA, State (Governors Emergency Fund), Local Governments (subgrantees)

Program Fund Application Process: (formula grant award, competitive, disaster specific, etc) Upon release of the annual FEMA program grant guidance, the State facilitates an application process to meet FEMA requirements. The PDM program is a nationally competitive grant program. The program allocation from Congress has varied between \$100-150 million annually since the program's inception in 2002. Projects solicited by the State are reviewed for program eligibility, prioritized, and submitted to FEMA for funding consideration. The final funding decisions are made by FEMA

State / Local Match Requirements: 25% State match (GEF) required on administrative grant; pass-through grants have a 25% local cost share requirement.

Administrative Funding Provisions: Maximum of 10% of approved PDM grants.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds:

1. Projects to promote the use of safe room designs in tornado prone areas;
2. Retrofitting methods such as elevation in place, structure relocation, structural reinforcement (wind and seismic), strapping of utilities, installation of storm shutters, tie downs;
3. Acquisition of property and/or relocation of homes, businesses, and public facilities;
4. Dry flood proofing of historic or non-residential structures;
5. Structural hazard control or protection measures such as flood walls, detention basins and other storm drainage upgrades; and
6. Development of State or local plans that meet Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000 requirements.

Eligible Sub-grantees: Public agencies, including State and local governments who have a FEMA approved mitigation plan by the application deadline and at the time of obligation of the grant funds.

History of the Program Fund: The PDM program is authorized by Section 203 of the Stafford Act, 42 U.S.C. 5133. The PDM program, which began in 2002, is designed to assist States, Territories, Indian Tribal governments, and local communities to implement a sustained pre-disaster natural hazard mitigation program to reduce overall risk to the population and structures from future hazard events, while also reducing reliance on Federal funding from future disasters.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- \$32 million federal funds awarded since 2002
- 80% of submitted projects are selected for award
 - Nationally recognized for submitting well developed flood mitigation projects
- Project Summary
 - 61 projects approved; 25 open projects, and 36 projects completed
 - 210 properties mitigated through acquisition/demolition (94) or drainage improvements (116)

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /

Office of Homeland Security

Repetitive Flood Claims Program Overview

Program Name: Repetitive Flood Claims (RFC) Program

Current Program Funding Level: RFC2010 – No grants requested

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

(Program / Fiscal Year 2009): No grants requested

(Program / Fiscal Year 2008): No grants requested

(Program / Fiscal Year 2007):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
RFC2007	\$1,132,857.87	\$1,132,857.87	\$0	\$0

(Program / Fiscal Year 2006):

Program	Total Program	Federal Share	State Share	Local Share
RFC2006	\$ 2,110,756.94	\$ 2,110,756.94	\$0	\$0

Source of Funds: National Flood Insurance Fund

Program Fund Application Process: Upon release of the annual FEMA program grant guidance, the State facilitates an application process to meet FEMA requirements. The RFC program is a nationally competitive grant program. States compete annually for \$10 million. Projects solicited by the State are reviewed for program eligibility, prioritized, and submitted to FEMA for funding consideration. The final funding decisions are made by FEMA based on greatest savings to the National Flood Insurance Program.

State / Local Match Requirements: No state/local match required

Administrative Funding Provisions: Maximum of 10% of approved RFC grants.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds:

- Elevation, Acquisition, or relocation of NFIP insured structures;
- Drainage improvements that protect NFIP insured structures; and

- Dry flood proofing of historic residential or non-residential structures.

Eligible Sub-grantees: Public agencies, including State and local governments are eligible to apply. In accordance with 44 CFR Part 201, all applicants for RFC must have a FEMA-approved State Hazard Mitigation Plan by the application deadline and at the time of obligation of the grant funds. The RFC program does not currently have a requirement for a local hazard mitigation plan.

History of the Program Fund: The RFC program is authorized by Section 1323 of the NFIA, 42 U.S.C. 4030 with the goal of reducing flood damages to individual properties for which one or more claim payments for losses have been made under flood insurance coverage and that will result in the greatest savings to the National Flood Insurance Fund (NFIF) in the shortest period of time. The grant program was established in 2006.

Past Program Accomplishments:

- \$3.3 million federal funds awarded since 2006
- Project Summary
 - 4 projects approved; 0 open projects, and 4 projects completed
 - 9 properties mitigated through acquisition/demolition

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /

Office of Homeland Security

Severe Repetitive Loss Pilot Program Overview

Program Name: Severe Repetitive Loss Pilot (SRL) Program

Current Program Funding Level: SRL2010 – No grants requested

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

(Program / Fiscal Year 2009): No grants requested

(Program / Fiscal Year 2008): No grants requested

Source of Funds: National Flood Insurance Fund

Program Fund Application Process: (formula grant award, competitive, disaster specific, etc) Upon release of the annual FEMA program grant guidance, the State facilitates an application process to meet FEMA requirements. The SRL program is a nationally competitive grant program. The program allocation from the National Flood Insurance Fund (FFIF) has varied between \$40-80 million since the program's inception in 2008. Final funding decisions are made by FEMA based on greatest savings to the NFIF.

State / Local Match Requirements: 10% State match (GEF) on administrative grant; pass-through grants have a 10% local cost share requirement; Please note that the State qualifies for reduced cost share based on Repetitive Loss Strategy in Georgia's Enhanced Mitigation Plan.

Administrative Funding Provisions: Maximum of 10% of approved SRL grants.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds:

1. Elevation, Acquisition, or relocation of NFIP insured structures;
2. Drainage improvements that protect NFIP insured structures;
3. Dry flood proofing of historic residential or non-residential structures; and
4. Mitigation reconstruction.

Eligible Sub-grantees: Public agencies, including State and local governments are eligible applicant. In accordance with 44 CFR Part 201, all Applicants and sub-applicants for SRL must have a FEMA-approved Mitigation Plan by the application deadline and at the time of obligation of the grant funds.

History of the Program Fund: The SRL program is authorized by Section 1361A of the NFIA, 42 U.S.C. 4102a, with the goal of reducing flood damages to residential properties that have experienced severe repetitive losses under flood insurance coverage and that will result in the greatest savings to the NFIF in the shortest period of time. The grant program was established in 2008.

Past Program Accomplishments:

None to date – New program

Georgia currently has 58 SRL properties state-wide. The majority of the properties do not meet cost-effectiveness program guidelines. There is little opportunity for the State to take advantage of this program. A few properties that meet the definition of an SRL property have already been mitigated through other Hazard Mitigation Assistance grants.

**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Program Overview**

Program Name: Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Project (WIPP)

Current Program Funding Level: \$260,668

Program Funding Level for Past Four Years:

2006: \$225,000

2007: \$225,000

2008: \$230,000

2009: \$245,206

Source of Funds: Southern States Energy Board (SSEB) (U.S. Department of Energy)

Program Fund Application Process: Non-competitive, funding based on an estimate of the financial resources required to accomplish the work plan.

State / Local Match Requirements: None

Administrative Funding Provisions: Covers portions of Training Director, Training Administrative Assistant, and Administrative Assistant Position salaries within the radiological Preparedness Program section within GEMA-OHS.

Eligible Uses of Program Funds: Expenditures for the conduct of activities to help ensure the safe transportation of transuranic materials to the WIPP storage site in Carlsbad New Mexico, to include salaries of state employees, emergency response preparedness activities, equipment purchases, public outreach programs, shipment tracking and other planning activities in each state.

Eligible Sub-grantees: The Georgia Emergency Management Agency/Homeland Security

History of the Program Fund: The Southern States Energy Board administers Grant funding for the Department of Energy to ensure the safe transport of transuranic waste from the Savannah River Site and Oak Ridge National Laboratory to the WIPP site in Carlsbad New Mexico. WIPP shipments have been regularly occurring in Georgia since 2001. GEMA-OHS submits an annual Work Plan to SSEB that is based on the SSEB's Program Implementation Guide / Transportation Plan (1996).

Past Program Accomplishments:

- Coordination of training and exercises for first responders along the WIPP corridors

- Acquired and maintained equipment for first responders necessary to effectively respond to a WIPP incident
- Ensured emergency medical response and hospitals in counties along the WIPP route are capable of handling a WIPP transportation incident
- Attended meetings of the SSEB Transuranic Waste Working Group

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

All funding is awarded to GEMA-OHS only.

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Communications Center – 24/7 State Warning Point

GEMA-OHS is the focal point for emergency communications in the State of Georgia. The GEMA-OHS Communications Center is Georgia's State Warning Point (SWP). It is operational 24 hours a day, seven days a week, every week of the year. The mission of the SWP is to maintain daily situational awareness of potential or ongoing manmade or natural disasters or emergencies that may affect Georgia and to disseminate warnings / updates to State agencies and the 159 county jurisdictions. The SWP also receives and processes requests for state level assistance from local jurisdictions when a local emergency requires resources beyond their capability. A few examples of this include coordinating state helicopters to search for missing persons, coordinating volunteer agencies to assist with local emergencies and coordinating state agency response to local emergencies. In addition to the Georgia counties, the SWP maintains direct communications with FEMA, the nuclear power plants within and adjacent to Georgia and the six National Weather Service forecast offices serving Georgia. The SWP maintains situational awareness by monitoring various news broadcasts, receiving and redistributing automated weather feeds and by receiving verbal / written reports from local jurisdictions throughout the State and reports from State Agency Emergency Coordinators. The SWP is equipped with state of the art equipment which includes satellite phones, a satellite based emergency alert system and a variety of VHF and high frequency radios. Additionally, the SWP has a secure communications facility with secure voice, data and teleconference capabilities with the capacity to process classified information.

The GEMA-OHS Communications Center also serves as the 24 hour call center for the Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Law Enforcement and Environmental Protection Divisions providing emergency dispatch services. Other agencies supported by the GEMA-OHS Communications Center include the Georgia Department of Agriculture; the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center; the Georgia DNR, Game Management and Coastal Resources Divisions; and the Georgia Department of Defense's Joint Operations Center.

State Operations Center Activations

GEMA-OHS is the lead state agency coordinating the State's response to emergencies, disasters and major special events. In this role GEMA-OHS is responsible for maintaining and ensuring the operational readiness of the State Operations Center (SOC). The SOC is located in the GEMA-OHS headquarters building on the Confederate Avenue complex. The SOC level of activation is in accordance with the Georgia Emergency Operations Plan (GEOP). The level of activation is scalable based upon the scope of the event. The SOC normally operates at an active monitoring status, with GEMA-OHS Operations Division staff, the 24 hour Communications Center and after duty hours on call duty officers. For large-scale planned or unplanned events (such as a national security event, man-made disaster or severe weather) the SOC can ramp up to Full Activation. The GEOP assigns emergency support roles to state agencies in line with their core mission. When activated appropriate representatives from State agencies, FEMA, volunteer organizations and the private sector assemble in the SOC to coordinate the State's unified response. GEMA-OHS Field Coordinators are integrated into the local affected jurisdiction(s) and serve as conduits for communicating resource requirements and situational awareness. The SOC remains operational throughout the response phase of an event. As recovery operations begin the coordination shifts to a Joint Field Office (JFO), established near the affected area, and

staffed by appropriate local, state and federal personnel. Once the JFO is established the SOC returns to an active monitoring status.

Activation of the Georgia Emergency Operations Plan

The Georgia Emergency Operations Plan (GEOP) outlines how state agencies in Georgia prepare for, respond to and recover from all types of natural and manmade disasters and emergencies. This document is in keeping with decades of planning and coordination between local, state, federal and non-governmental partners operating within or for the State of Georgia. The GEOP is specifically written to compliment the National Response Framework to ensure seamless integration of federal resources when necessary.

The GEOP establishes 15 Emergency Support Functions designed to group agencies and organizations with similar or like functions into groups to address particular response areas common to all natural or manmade emergencies and disasters. This concept is consistent with the proven principles of emergency management and allows state officials to have the appropriate subject matter experts strategically aligned to prepare, respond and recover. Each of the Emergency Support Functions has a state agency assigned as coordinator and identifies primary and supporting agencies.

The GEOP derives its authority from the Official Code of Georgia, Title 38, Section 3, Articles 1 through 3, known as the Georgia Emergency Management Act. The GEOP is implemented by Governor's Executive Order and is binding on all state agencies, authorities, boards and commissions.

Governor Declared States of Emergency

By virtue of Article 3, Section 38-3-51 of the Georgia Emergency Management Act of 1981, as amended, the Governor has authority to declare a State of Emergency or Disaster exists within the State of Georgia. This Executive Order is to issue reasonable orders, rules and regulations as deemed necessary to protect public health, safety and welfare and to bring the emergency situation under control. This Executive Order can be narrowly crafted making specific state resources available, such as Department of Transportation manpower and equipment (to open roads) or very broadly, making all state resources available, to include manpower, equipment supplies and dollars. This Executive Order is the basis for state agency response.

Frequently, the Governor declares at a State of Emergency at the request of local authorities, however, that is not required. Normally, the State of Emergency is declared post impact of the event, but that too is not mandatory. There are occasions when a pre-impact Emergency Declaration is prudent. An example would be to facilitate evacuations and sheltering in advance of the landfall of a hurricane.

While it is not necessary for the State to wait on local declarations to be made the opposite is true with a federal disaster declaration. The Governor must make an emergency or disaster declaration before requesting a Presidential emergency or disaster declaration.

Administratively, the Executive Order is drafted at the GEMA-OHS and forwarded to the Governor's Office for review, editing and execution.

Georgia Mutual Aid Agreements

Every County and many municipalities in Georgia have executed the “Statewide Mutual Aid Agreement.” The purpose of this agreement is to provide for the mutual assistance between governmental entities in managing any emergency or disaster that is duly declared by the governing authority of the impacted jurisdiction. It is a statewide agreement, meaning resources from any signatory county may be used in any other requesting county. The agreement details each party’s responsibilities, provides for liability and immunity protections, spells out rights and privileges and establishes reimbursement protocols. This agreement better prepares local authorities to manage emergencies and disasters with in limited budget constraints. This agreement fosters cooperation among local authorities and improves regional response capabilities and capacities.

These agreements were implemented in 2002 with a specified term of 10 years. These agreements will expire in 2012.

National Emergency Mutual Aid Compact Missions

Georgia played a leadership role in the establishment of the Emergency Mutual Aid Compact (EMAC). It is an outgrowth of the Southern Governor’s Mutual Aid Compact that was crafted in the 1980’s to better position southern states to cope with the devastating impacts of hurricanes. Since then this agreement has been adopted at a national level. In 1996 the U.S. Congress ratified the EMAC Compact and now all 50 states are signatories.

EMAC allows for a quick response to disasters using the unique human resources and expertise possessed by member states. EMAC offers state-to-state assistance during governor-declared states of emergency. EMAC offers a responsive and straightforward system for states to send personnel and equipment to help disaster relief efforts in other states. EMAC establishes a firm legal foundation, once the conditions for providing assistance to a requesting state have been set, the terms constitute a legally binding contractual agreement that makes affected states responsible for reimbursement. Responding states can rest assured that sending aid will not be a financial or legal burden, and personnel sent are protected under workers compensation and liability provisions. The EMAC legislation solves the problems of liability and responsibilities of cost and allows for credentials to be honored across state lines.

Historically, Georgia has been an assisting state under EMAC. Georgia has sent people and equipment all across the south for hurricanes, tornadoes and floods. Georgia used EMAC to send assistance to New York City after the 9/11 event. Georgia provided extensive assistance to Louisiana and Mississippi after Hurricanes Katrina and Rita, to include emergency managers, law enforcement officers, Forestry staff, DNR staff, and Public Health officials. In 2010, Georgia for the first time requested and received EMAC assistance; Alabama and North Carolina provided Public Assistance teams as we recovered from the north Georgia flooding event.

Preliminary Damage Assessments and Eligibility Thresholds

The Preliminary Damage Assessment (PDA) is a joint assessment used to determine the magnitude and impact of an event's damage. A FEMA/State team will usually visit local applicants and view their damage first-hand to assess the scope of damage and estimate repair costs. The State uses the results of the PDA to determine if the situation is beyond the combined capabilities of the State and local resources and to verify the need for supplemental Federal assistance. The PDA also identifies any unmet needs that may require immediate attention.

The current threshold for Public Assistance Eligibility is \$1.29 per capita in uninsured damages to public facilities for the State as a whole and \$3.23 for each individual county.

Types of Presidential Disaster Declarations

Once a disaster has occurred, and the State has declared a state of emergency, the State will evaluate the recovery capabilities of the State and local governments. If it is determined that the damage is beyond their recovery capability, the Governor will normally send a request letter to the President, directed through the Regional Director of the appropriate FEMA region. The President then makes the decision whether or not to declare a major disaster or emergency.

After a presidential declaration has been made, FEMA will designate the area eligible for assistance and announce the types of assistance available. FEMA provides supplemental assistance for State and local government recovery expenses, and the Federal share will always be at least 75 percent of the eligible costs.

Federal law provides that a finding must be made that an incident is of such severity and magnitude that effective response is beyond state and local capabilities and that Federal assistance is necessary. In addition, Federal law restricts the use of arithmetical formulas or sliding scales based on income or population as the sole basis for determining the need for federal disaster supplemental aid.

A number of factors are evaluated in reviewing a Governor's request. The primary factors considered include:

- Amount and type of damage (number of homes destroyed or with major damage);
- Impact on the infrastructure of affected areas or critical facilities;
- Imminent threats to public health and safety;
- Impacts to essential government services and functions;
- Unique capability of Federal government;
- Dispersion or concentration of damage;
- Level of insurance coverage in place for homeowners and public facilities;
- Assistance available from other sources (Federal, State, local, voluntary organizations);
- State and local resource commitments from previous, undeclared events; and
- Frequency of disaster events over recent time period.
- For Public Assistance only -- Per-capita dollar amounts of damage.

The very nature of disasters - their unique circumstances, the unexpected timing, and varied impacts - precludes a complete listing of factors considered when evaluating disaster declaration requests. However, the above lists most primary considerations.

Declaration Types

There are two types of disaster declarations provided for in the Stafford Act: Emergency Declarations and Major Disaster Declarations. Both declaration types authorize the President to provide supplemental federal disaster assistance. However, the event related to the disaster declaration and type and amount of assistance differ.

- **Emergency Declarations:** An Emergency Declaration can be declared for any occasion or instance when the President determines federal assistance is needed. Emergency Declarations supplement State and local efforts in providing emergency services, such as the protection of lives, property, public health, and safety, or to lessen or avert the threat of a catastrophe in any part of the United States. The total amount of assistance provided for a single emergency may not exceed \$5 million. If this amount is exceeded, the President shall report to Congress.
- **Major Declaration:** The President can declare a Major Disaster Declaration for any natural event, including any hurricane, tornado, storm, high water, wind-driven water, tidal wave, tsunami, earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, mudslide, snowstorm, or drought, or, regardless of cause, fire, flood, or explosion, that the President believes has caused damage of such severity that it is beyond the combined capabilities of state and local governments to respond. A major disaster declaration provides a wide range of federal assistance programs for individuals and public infrastructure, including funds for both emergency and permanent work.
- **Expedited Major Declaration:** FEMA Regions will process a gubernatorial request for an Expedited Major Disaster declaration by the President. FEMA will immediately evaluate and process the request, and expeditiously submit a recommendation regarding only Public Assistance Category A – Debris Removal and/or B – Emergency Protective Measures, limited to direct federal assistance, to the FEMA Assistant Administrator. The FEMA Regional recommendation must include:
 1. An assessment as to whether a declaration is necessary and appropriate, including a determination that the catastrophe is of such unusual severity and magnitude that preliminary damage assessments are not necessary to validate the requirement for supplemental Federal assistance.
 2. An assessment of the State's capability, or lack thereof, to provide the requested direct assistance.
- **Pre-landfall Declaration:** FEMA issued interim policy guidance on June 9, 2006, to clarify the circumstances for which a requesting state will be considered for a Presidential emergency declaration in advance of a hurricane or typhoon making landfall. This policy

provides for pre-landfall emergency declarations with federal assistance limited to Category B (Emergency Protective Measures) of the FEMA Public Assistance Program. This includes Direct Federal Assistance, which provides for the mission assignment of federal resources to lessen the burden on state responders.

Under the new interim policy, certain criteria must be met in order for a pre-landfall emergency declaration to be considered. Such criteria include the following:
A state of emergency is declared by the governor. A projection by the National Weather Service that the state, or portion of it, will be threatened by a major hurricane.
Other criteria to be met include either:

- (a) the state, or jurisdiction(s) thereof, has issued mandatory evacuation orders for three or more counties, or any geographical area with a combined population of more than 100,000 residents; or
 - (b) the declaration is necessary to provide operational Federal support (e.g., teams, equipment, supplies) to meet critical pre-positioning and readiness requirements which would overwhelm the capability or capacity of state resources.
- **Snowstorm Declaration Criteria:** FEMA may recommend the declaration of a major disaster for a snowstorm that meets the following criteria. .
 - (a) County criteria. Each county included in a Governor's request for a declaration must have a record or near record snowfall, or meet the contiguous county criteria described in this policy, and have estimated public assistance costs including snow assistance costs within a 48 hour period that equal or exceed the county per capita cost threshold required for a major disaster declaration. The State must also demonstrate that the capabilities of the State to effectively respond to the event are or will be exceeded. An applicant may select a 48-hour period for estimating purposes, but use a different 48-hour period when submitting actual costs.
 - (b) State criteria. In addition to the county criteria, a State must also meet the statewide per capita cost threshold required based on eligible public assistance costs including the snow assistance costs it incurs within the prescribed 48-hour period.

Georgia Emergency Management Agency / Office of Homeland Security
Federal - State– Local Disaster Match Policy

**Standard Presidential Declared Disaster Assistance Programs:
75% Federal – 10% State – 15% Local**

The federal disaster Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation program cost sharing policy is 75% federal and a 25% non-federal match contribution. The State of Georgia shall continue to provide a minimal base match of 10% and the local match requirement will be 15%.

The calculation of damages shall be taken from FEMA joint federal-state-local damage assessment reports used to determine eligibility for participation in the FEMA Public Assistance Program.

Once prepared, the local match percentage shall be used for all projects approved through that disaster and shall not be adjusted if subsequent estimated or actual damage amounts differ from the original report.

The local match requirement may be reduced from the 15% requirement when such amount shall place an extraordinary financial burden on the local jurisdiction. When calculating percentage of annual damages for a local jurisdiction, the local jurisdiction shall be permitted to aggregate damages from all Presidential Declared Disasters during the present fiscal year reporting period.

When calculating percentage of damages over the past three years for a local jurisdiction, the local jurisdiction shall be permitted to aggregate damages from all Presidential Declared Disasters during the last three annual reporting periods.

The state – local match policy maybe adjusted for extraordinary circumstances at the sole discretion of the Director of GEMA-OHS.

The required local match shall be the lesser of the following three options:

- 1) Fifteen percent (15%) of the total damages;
- 2) Annual match requirements shall not exceed four percent (4%) of the latest annual reported revenues for the jurisdiction; or
- 3) Aggregate match requirements shall not exceed eight percent (8%) of the annual reported revenues for the last three reporting periods.

In the event of a catastrophic disaster the state – local match share requirements shall be determined by GEMA-OHS.

Incentive Based Presidential Declared Disaster Assistance Programs: 75% Federal – 25% Non-Federal Match State – Local Match Policy Option

The local jurisdiction shall qualify for a lower local match requirement by having the following ten (10) elements satisfied at the time of the Presidential Disaster Declaration:

- 1) The County is a current participant in the Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program
- 2) The County has a current approved and adopted Hazard Mitigation Plan
- 3) The County or local jurisdiction is a current participant in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)
- 4) The County or local jurisdiction has a current locally approved and adopted Debris Removal Plan
- 5) The County or local jurisdiction has a current locally approved and adopted Point of Distribution (POD) Plan
- 6) The County or local jurisdiction has a current locally approved and adopted Disaster Volunteer Assistance and Management Plan
- 7) The County or local jurisdiction has a current Disaster Awareness and Preparedness Program
- 8) The County or local jurisdiction has a current trained Local Damage Assessment Team
- 9) The County or local jurisdiction is a certified Storm Ready Community by the National Weather Service
- 10) The County or local jurisdiction has no open Public Assistance Disaster grant projects over 36 months old

Counties or Cities meeting the above ten (10) incentive conditions shall be eligible for reduced local match requirements of the lesser of the following:

- 1) Twelve and one-half percent (12.5%) of the total damages;
- 2) Annual match requirements shall not exceed three percent (3%) of the latest annual reported revenues for the jurisdiction; or
- 3) Aggregate match requirements shall not exceed six percent (6%) of the annual reported revenues for the last three periods.

State – Local Match Policies for Hazard Mitigation Projects

The Post Disaster Hazard Mitigation Program shall have a match policy of 75% federal, 15% local and 10% state in declared counties and 75% federal and 25% local in non-declared counties.

The National Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Program shall use the same state – local match calculations as the Public Assistance Program for the applicable jurisdiction.

Catastrophic Presidential Declared Disaster Assistance Programs: 90% Federal – 10% Non-Federal Match

In the event of a Catastrophic Presidential Declared Disaster the ten (10%) percent state – local match share requirements shall be determined by the GEMA-OHS.

Disaster Response and Recovery Operations JFO/DRC/JIC

Joint Field Office

The Joint Field Office (JFO) is a temporary federal multiagency coordination center established locally to facilitate field-level domestic incident management activities related to prevention, preparedness, response and recovery when activated by the Secretary. The JFO provides a central location for coordination of federal, state, local, tribal, nongovernmental and private-sector organizations with primary responsibility for activities associated with threat response and incident support.

Disaster Recovery Center (DRC)

A Disaster Recovery Center (DRC) is a readily accessible facility or mobile office where applicants for Individual Assistance (IA) may go for information about FEMA or other disaster assistance programs, or for questions related to their case. Some of the services that a DRC may provide:

- Guidance regarding disaster recovery
- Clarification of any written correspondence received
- Housing Assistance and Rental Resource information
- Answers to questions, resolution to problems and referrals to agencies that may provide further assistance
- Status of applications being processed by FEMA.
- Small Business Administration (SPA) program information if there is a SBA Representative at the Disaster Recovery Center site.

Joint Information Center

A Joint Information Center (JIC) is a central location that facilitates operation of the Joint Information System. The JIC is a location where personnel with public information responsibilities perform critical emergency information functions, crisis communications, and public affairs functions. JICs may be established at various levels of government or at incident sites, or can be components of Multiagency Coordination Systems. A single JIC location is preferable, but the system is flexible and adaptable enough to accommodate virtual or multiple JIC locations, as required. The goal of operating a JIC is so that all assisting entities may speak with one “unified voice.”

Other Emergency/Disaster Response Alerts

- **Emergency Alert System (EAS):** is the national system to notify the public of emergency information. In Georgia these messages are initiated at the State Warning Point and disseminated across the state through partnership with the Georgia Association of Broadcasters and local radio and television stations. This system is available to the Governor and State Emergency Management to facilitate expeditious warning to our citizens.
- **Evacuation Decisions:** The Governor, by virtue of the Emergency Management Act has full authority to issue mandatory evacuation orders. Historically, Governor's have not exercised that authority. Mayors and County Commission Chairman have similar authority at their level. It has been the practice in Georgia to work with local authorities in the evacuation decision making process as they are best positioned to understand the threats, the local community and the hazards and costs associated with ordering an evacuation. Again, the Governor can order mandatory evacuations however we rely on local authorities to make those decisions.
- **Intra-State Contra Flow:** To facilitate the mass evacuation of coastal Georgia and Florida the Georgia Department of Transportation has developed plans and made improvements to the interstate highways to allow traffic to utilize both sides of the interstate highway to evacuate. This is called the Contra-flow Plan, which is intended to move people to safety. Implementation is a coordinated decision between local authorities and the Georgia Department of Transportation, the Georgia State Patrol and the GEMA-OHS.
- **Levi's Call:** The State Warning Point (SWP) is responsible, at the request of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, for initiating Levy's Calls (Amber Alerts). Levy's Calls are missing person bulletins that interrupt television and radio to announce the aggravated abduction of a child. The SWP also coordinates with the Georgia Department of Transportation to activate their variable message signs to post the Levy's Call message.
- **Severe Weather Alerts:** The National Weather Service has direct access to multiple avenues to disseminate severe weather warnings, such as Severe Thunderstorm Watches, Tornado Warnings and Winter Weather Warnings.
- **State Capitol Area Emergencies:** The Capitol Police are responsible for the safety and security of the Capitol and the Capitol Hill area State Offices. GEMA-OHS is available to the Capitol Police or the Office of the Governor to provide advice, coordinate additional resources and serve as a conduit of information.

- **State Office Closure:** The decision to close state government, delay the opening or close government offices early is made at the Office of the Governor. A system has been established to provide the Governor's Office essential information and recommendations from appropriate State agencies. The Commissioner of the State Personnel Administration will contact the Governor or his designee with a brief synopsis of the situation and a recommendation. This recommendation is reached by the Agency Heads or their designees from the State Personnel Administration, the Georgia State Patrol, the Georgia Department of Transportation and GEMA-OHS (who has coordinated with the National Weather Service).

Terrorism Threat or Incident Response Process

In-State Terrorist Event	79
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National Secure Communication Points	
The Georgia Counter Terrorism Task Force (CTTF)	
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In-State Terrorist Event

If a terrorist attack takes place inside the State of Georgia the first source of information will in all probability be local law enforcement officers who respond to the initial emergency call. Regardless of who are the first responders, federal, state or local law enforcement, it will be the responsibility of the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC) to work with those first responders in order to determine what has taken place. GISAC will utilize the partnerships that it has fostered with federal, state and local law enforcement agencies in order to ascertain what has taken place and whether other threats still exist. GISAC is responsible for keeping the State Homeland Security Advisor (HSA) informed regarding the event, what the federal, state and local response has been and is also responsible for providing updates to the HSA regarding the progress of the response and subsequent investigation. It is the responsibility of the HSA to keep the Governor updated as information is developed regarding the event. GISAC will serve as an information conduit to the State Operations Center which has the responsibility to coordinate the State's response to all disasters whether they are natural or man-made events. GISAC will provide updates and information to the DHS National Operations Center (NOC) and to other state and local law enforcement agencies regarding the event. GISAC will also work closely with local, state and federal law enforcement agencies regarding the investigation which will follow a terrorist event.

Terrorist Event Outside the State

If a terrorist event takes place inside the United States, but outside of the State of Georgia, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security will primarily utilize three methods to push information to the State. First, the DHS National Operations Center (NOC) will send alerts and notifications to the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center who will then forward this information to the State Homeland Security Advisor (HSA) and law enforcement agencies throughout the state. Secondly, in many instances, DHS provides alerts and notifications directly to the State HSA. Lastly, DHS will provide alerts and notifications to the State via their Intelligence and Analysis State Representative. The DHS representative can provide alerts and notifications to both the State HSA and GISAC. This DHS representative is stationed in Georgia and has an office inside the GISAC.

In all terrorist related events, it is the responsibility of the State HSA to provide updates to the Governor of the State.

National Secure Communications Points

While federal agencies and department of defense facilities within the state have robust capabilities for voice and data transmittal of classified information, state government maintains three locations for these communications. These sites are located in the Governor's Office at the State Capitol, at the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC) which serves as Georgia's fusion center and is collocated with the Federal Bureau of Investigation in their Atlanta headquarters, and at GEMA-OHS. Only the GISAC has the capability to receive or transmit classified documents through the internet. The sites at the State Capitol and GEMA-

OHS have secure voice and video communications capability, and secure fax capability capable of receiving and transmitting classified documents.

The Georgia Counter Terrorism Task Force

During the fall of 2004, during the elevated terrorist-threat environment leading up to the 2004 National elections, GEMA-OHS and Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC) leadership concluded that there was an essential need for Georgia to develop enhanced protective-security and public-safety response capabilities. Subsequently, the Georgia Counter-Terrorism Task Force (CTTF) was established as a multi-agency team of more than 150 state public-safety personnel, specially equipped, trained, planned, and organized to function as a rapidly deployable protective-security force. CTTF membership is comprised of personnel from the Georgia Department of Natural Resources/Wildlife Resources Division, the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, the GEMA-OHS, the Georgia Army National Guard Civil Support Team, and the Georgia State Patrol.

In accordance with the Governor's Executive Order, dated August 12, 2010, the Governor's Director of Homeland Security also functions as the Executive Commander of the Georgia Homeland Security Central Command (GHSCC); and the GHSCC is responsible for coordinating the public-safety response to threats or acts of terrorism within the State of Georgia. Pursuant to the Executive Order, the GHSCC and its Executive Commander have the authority to oversee the establishment of the Counter-Terrorism Task Force (CTTF), and to activate and deploy the CTTF to protect sites/events that are known or predicted to be targeted for attack by terrorists, and to respond to sites/events that have been attacked.

Terrorism Response and Joint Operations Centers (JOC)

In 1995 Presidential Decision Directives defined response authorities to any terrorist threat or act by appointing the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) as the "crisis" managers, and FEMA as the "consequence" managers to such events. While the FBI has robust response capability within the state, FEMA does not typically assume a first response role. Therefore, a partnership has developed between the FBI and GEMA-OHS to assure that concurrent activities are coordinated during response to a terrorist threat or attack. These activities typically occur at the site of an event, but the impact of the event may also dictate that the FBI activate a Joint Operations Center to assure coordination and appropriate response. Effectively, the FBI assumes command of any site as the main investigative body, while GEMA-OHS helps coordinate local resources (police, fire services and medical) for life saving, life safety, and body recovery activities. GEMA-OHS has trained responders to assume coordination on site, as well as to join a JOC if activated to complete these missions. The size, scope and impact of any such attack could ultimately lead to a partial or full activation of the GEMA-OHS State Operations Center in support of the JOC, and the local Emergency Operations Center.

The Central Command

The Emergency Operations Command was created in January of 2011 to serve as the central state governmental office for the protection of public safety, facilitation of law enforcement and coordination of state personnel which will be allocated and dispatched as necessary in response to a natural or man-made event. The Emergency Operation Command, as needed or otherwise required by the Director of GEMA-OHS will consist of the following individuals: the Director of the Georgia Bureau of Investigations, the Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety, the Adjutant General, and other individuals the Director of GEMA-OHS or Governor deem appropriate. The Emergency Operations Command shall report to the Governor through the Governor's Director of GEMA-OHS.

Key Agency Plans

GEMA-OHS develops, maintains and continually revises numerous major planning documents which are used for managing and guiding wide ranging agency objectives critical to the effective and efficient operations and mission attainment of GEMA-OHS.

These plans vary widely in scope and function and cross over very disparate disciplines. Some of the key agency plans are mainly procedural; others are more tactical, and still others provide high-level over-arching operational guidance for emergency response and recovery activities. The following will highlight some of these key plans, their scope, and applicability.

Georgia Emergency Operations Plan and Emergency Support Functions

Perhaps most basic to the functioning of GEMA-OHS and providing the overall authority for the coordination of state resources for the preparation for, response to and recovery from major disasters and terrorist events in Georgia, is the **Georgia Emergency Operations Plan (GEOP)**. This document, authored by GEMA-OHS and signed into effect by the Governor, authorizes GEMA-OHS to activate and coordinate state resources during a State of Emergency. The GEOP further defines the emergency roles and response expectations of key state entities, and describes the basic strategies, assumptions, and operational goals for coordinating preparedness and recovery activities. The GEOP is typically revised every two years, in collaboration with our state response and recovery partners.

The GEOP is supported by three sets of annexes that provide more detailed information to assist users of the plan in understanding the roles and responsibilities related to the emergency management process in Georgia. These annexes are grouped as Emergency Support Functions (ESFs), Incident Annexes, or Support Annexes.

The first group, **Emergency Support Function Annexes (ESFs)**, of which there are 15, detail which state agencies, grouped by functional capability, are most often called upon to support emergency operations. Most ESFs have one coordinator and one primary agency identified. Several ESFs, because of their wide range of functional responsibilities have two or more primary agencies. Additionally the Georgia Department of Defense is identified as a Support Agency to nearly every ESF.

The current ESF functional annexes and their lead agencies are:

Emergency Support Function #1- Transportation
Coordinator: Georgia Department of Transportation

Emergency Support Function #2 Communications
Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency-Office of Homeland Security

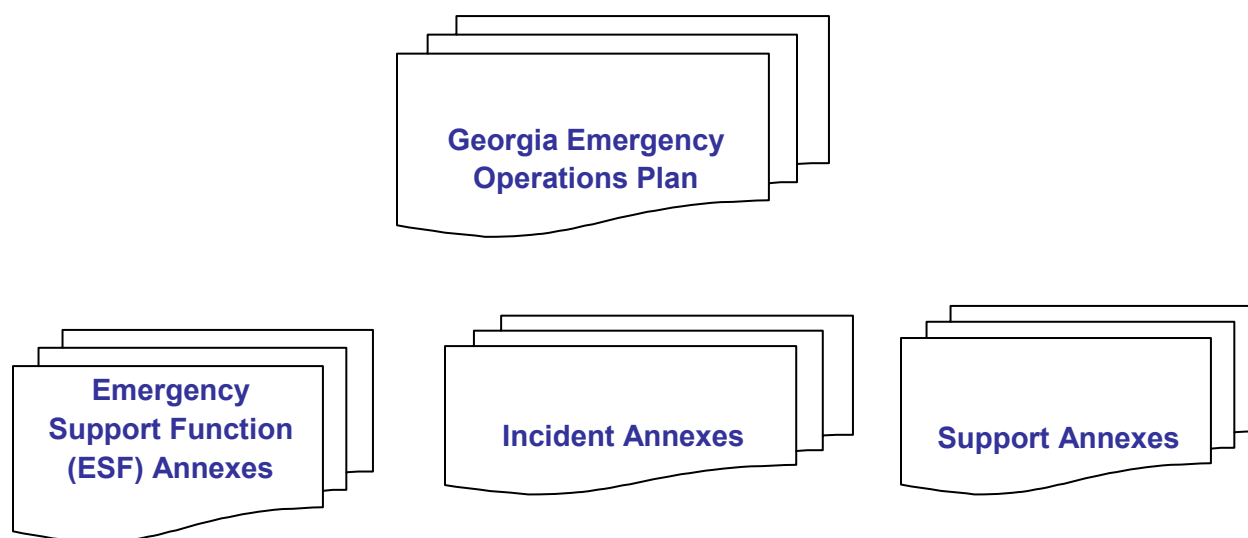
Emergency Support Function #3 Public Works and Engineering
Coordinator: Georgia Department of Natural Resources

Emergency Support Function #4 Firefighting**Coordinator: Georgia Forestry Commission****Emergency Support Function #5 Emergency Management****Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency – Office of Homeland Security****Emergency Support Function #6 Mass Care, Housing & Human Services****Coordinator: Georgia Department of Human Services****Emergency Support Function #7 Logistics Management & Resource****Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency – Office of Homeland Security****Emergency Support Function #8 Public Health and Medical Systems****Coordinator: Georgia Department of Community Health****Emergency Support Function #9 Search and Rescue****Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency – Office of Homeland Security****Emergency Support Function #10 Hazardous Materials Response****Coordinator: Georgia Department of Natural Resources****Emergency Support Function #11 Agriculture and Natural Resources****Coordinator: Georgia Department of Agriculture****Emergency Support Function #12 Energy****Coordinator: Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority****Emergency Support Function #13 Public Safety and Security****Coordinator: Georgia Department of Public Safety****Emergency Support Function #14 Long-Term Recovery****Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency – Office of Homeland Security****Emergency Support Function #15 External Affairs****Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency – Office of Homeland Security**

The second group, **Support Annexes**, describe essential supporting roles and responsibilities, common to all incidents or events requiring state support to local governments or state support to other states. Some of these annexes for example, are the Georgia Volunteers and Donations Management Plan, the Logistics Management Plan and the Debris Removal Plan.

The third group, **Incident Annexes**, provide broad information concerning the roles and responsibilities of all agencies involved in response to a specific type of incident or event. It is generally accepted that not every incident or event can be anticipated; therefore these annexes allow room for modification based on situational requirements and resource availability. Some of

these annexes for example, include the Georgia Hurricane Plan, the Repatriation Plan and the Evacuee Support to Catastrophic Disasters Plan



In addition to the vital operational need for the GEOP, the plan also significantly enables GEMA-OHS to remain in compliance with the **Emergency Management Accreditation Program (EMAP)**. This is a nationally recognized certification program that acknowledges that the state's emergency management community and GEMA-OHS are in strict compliance with a host of stringent and proscribed emergency management criteria.

The State of Georgia's EMAP accreditation recognizes the ability of GEMA-OHS to bring together personnel, resources and communications from a variety of agencies and organizations in preparation for and in response to an emergency. GEMA-OHS remains dedicated to this commitment through continued maintenance and improvement of operational plans and standards in all phases of emergency management and will continue to meet the annual reporting requirements of the EMAP program.

Continuity of Operations Plan/Business Continuity Plan

GEMA-OHS has critical operations that must be performed, or rapidly and efficiently resumed, in an emergency. These functions must be carried out even if the GEMA-OHS facility itself is affected or possibly even unusable. While the full impact of an emergency cannot be predicted, planning for operations under such conditions can mitigate the impact of the emergency on our people, our facilities and our mission. To that end, GEMA-OHS has prepared a Continuity of Operations (COOP)/ Business Continuity Plan (BCP).

This COOP/BCP plan establishes policy and guidance to ensure the execution of the essential functions for GEMA-OHS in the event that an emergency at the agency or in its service area

threatens or incapacitates operations and/or requires the relocation of selected GEMA-OHS personnel and functions.

The COOP/BCP plan describes how GEMA-OHS will sustain the capability to perform essential functions during and after a disruption in internal operations whether caused by severe weather, other natural or man-made disasters, or malevolent attack. This COOP/BCP plan ensures that GEMA-OHS:

- Has the capability to implement the COOP/BCP plan both with and without warning;
- Is able to perform essential functions and operate essential systems no later than 12 hours after activation of the COOP/BCP plan;
- Is able to maintain essential functions for up to 30 days;
- Includes regularly scheduled testing, training, and exercising of agency personnel, equipment, systems, processes, and procedures used to support the agency during implementation of the COOP plan;
- Provides for a regular risk analysis of current alternate operating facility(ies);
- Supports the location of alternate facility(ies) in areas where the ability to initiate, maintain, and terminate continuity of operations is maximized;
- Supports the identification and documentation of temporary operating procedures which enable the performance of essential functions; and
- Promotes the development, maintenance, and annual review of agency COOP/BCP capabilities.

This COOP plan supports the performance of essential functions from alternate locations (due to the primary facility becoming unusable, for long or short periods of time) and also provides for continuity of management and decision-making at the agency, in the event that senior management or technical personnel are unavailable, inaccessible or lost to the organization.

Crisis Communication Plan

GEMA-OHS has established, maintained, and regularly exercises a Crisis Communication Plan. The plan serves to give structure and direction as to how crisis related media communications and public information will be coordinated and disseminated among state government, with lead guidance from the Office of the Governor and GEMA-OHS.

The plan consists of policies and standard operating procedures to be used by the Governor and GEMA-OHS in the event of a natural or man-made disaster, specific threat or terrorist attack in Georgia or in the event of a significant attack or threat to the United States. It ensures the collection, verification, and timely dissemination of critical information to the public for the purpose of saving lives and protecting property takes place in a coordinated manner and with a unified message.

FEMA Stafford Act Disaster Programs Administrative Plans

For each Presidentially declared disaster in Georgia where Public Assistance is granted, GEMA-OHS must file an Administrative Plan with FEMA. This plan is prepared and maintained at GEMA-OHS in the Public Assistance and Recovery Programs Division.

This plan contains the policies and procedures which will be used by the State of Georgia to request, obtain and administer grants for public assistance under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, commonly referred to as the Stafford Act. It identifies key staff positions for program management, the sources of personnel to fill them and prescribes the administrative procedures to deliver disaster assistance. It is intended to supplement the Georgia Emergency Operations Plan as the implementation procedures for public assistance following a presidential declaration of an emergency or major disaster in Georgia.

The Public Assistance Program assists state agencies, local governments, and eligible private nonprofit organizations to repair or replace damaged public facilities after a Presidential emergency or major disaster declaration. It also provides for emergency work including debris removal and protective measures to protect public health, safety and improved property.

Georgia Hazard Mitigation State Plan – Standard and Enhanced

The State of Georgia is committed to reducing the devastating impacts of natural and man-caused hazard events on the citizens of the state. Because Georgia has the potential to experience a wide range of disasters, GEMA-OHS employs the concept of “all-hazards” planning for pursuing solutions to reducing or eliminating (i.e. mitigating) Georgia’s future losses to hazard events.

The Georgia Hazard Mitigation Strategy is a result of the State of Georgia’s continued efforts to reduce the impact of future disasters as well as maintain eligibility for federal disaster mitigation funding under the Robert T. Stafford Relief and Emergency Assistance Act as amended by the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000.

The state’s planning effort includes a detailed account of the state planning process; a detailed and methodical assessment of Georgia’s hazard history, hazard risk, and social vulnerability; and an updated version of specific mitigation goals and objectives as well as a progress report of previously proposed actions. The updated enhanced plan now entails even more information derived from local participation in mitigation efforts, including a local capability assessment and the local mitigation plan development process.

As demonstrated through this plan, the State of Georgia’s commitment to hazard mitigation spans decades. By reviewing its previous efforts of hazard mitigation through the plan development process, the state recognizes that effective mitigation begins with local participation and eventually leads to the modification of the hazard event and/or to the reduction of human vulnerability, which ultimately lead to the reduction of losses.

Georgia Hurricane Plan

The entire State of Georgia is vulnerable to tropical cyclone-related hazards. The Georgia Hurricane Plan establishes the overarching framework for protective actions pertaining to the preparedness, response, and initial recovery from hazards associated with tropical cyclones.

This plan provides a hazards analysis that quantifies the threat posed to Georgia by tropical cyclone related-hazards, including storm surge and flood inundation zones. Further, the Georgia Hurricane Evacuation Study (HES), in conjunction with other sources, provides scientific data that is utilized to determine evacuation time frames, evacuation travel routes, protective actions, and challenges to the evacuation of at risk coastal populations.

Finally, this plan establishes State Operating Conditions (OPCON) that are designed to provide time-delineated and action-based trigger points for requisite and remedial protective actions including the deployment of key evacuation support resources, the staging and forward deployment of critical life supportive commodities, and the broad-reaching coordination efforts that occur before and after impacts are realized.

Georgia Multi-year Exercise Plan

The State of Georgia has pursued a coordinated homeland security strategy that combines enhanced planning, new equipment purchases, innovative training, and realistic exercises to strengthen the State's emergency prevention and response capabilities. Training and exercises play a crucial role in this strategy, providing the State with a means of developing, practicing, validating, and improving capabilities. GEMA-OHS recognizes the need to organize and plan for well structured exercises over a multi-year time span to allow for proper training, meaningful practice and effective synchronization between collaborating entities.

The intent of this document is to provide the State of Georgia with a multi-year exercise plan. The plan provides a comprehensive understanding of all-hazards training and exercises, including terrorism; guidelines that provide a framework for developing each desired exercise; and a training and exercise execution work plan and timeline that will tentatively schedule Georgia's exercises for the next three years, based on the State's needs and capabilities.

The State's training and exercise programs are administered by GEMA-OHS in coordination with its local, State, Federal, and private partners. The training and exercise agenda described in this plan is binding for all State-level response agencies, as well as any jurisdictional response agencies receiving State homeland security funds.

Georgia State Strategic Plan for Terrorism

The purpose of the State Strategic Plan (SSP) for Terrorism and All Hazards Preparedness is to meet the federal requirement for a overarching strategic plan that guides the use of specified federal homeland security grants to build response and recovery capabilities within Georgia.

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security has identified thirty-seven capabilities (referred to as Target Capabilities) to which Homeland Security Grant Program monies can be applied. The SSP helps identify gaps and weaknesses in preparedness on both a local and state level, related to

equipment, plans, policies, procedures and training, and helps prioritize those capabilities. The SSP was last revised in 2006, and is scheduled for revision in 2011.

9-1-1 State Plan

In Georgia, there are literally hundreds of different police, fire, medical, rescue and other public safety emergency service entities serving our communities. While many local governments have installed a 911 emergency telephone system for use in their jurisdictions, many others still have not. This results in numerous differing local seven-digit emergency telephone numbers continuing to exist throughout the state, thereby presenting a perplexing situation to the citizen in immediate need of emergency services. It is in the public interest to lessen the time required for citizens to request and receive emergency aid.

The 911 State Plan provides a template for the development and implementation of a cohesive statewide 911 emergency telephone service. The plan requires minimum levels of service to be provided, and public accessibility and compatibility among all local 911 systems throughout the state. Georgia's 911 law establishes the guidelines for 911 systems statewide; this plan establishes the framework for implementing the law.

While it is not yet mandatory in Georgia that any local government establish a 911 emergency telephone system, when that decision is made, certain required standards must be met in order to ensure uniformity among all systems. The State of Georgia's "911 Plan" establishes those standards, thereby ensuring uniform emergency 911 services throughout the state.

State Interoperability Communication Plan

The State of Georgia has been working towards a common goal of interoperable communications for public safety since 1999. The Georgia Statewide Communications Interoperability Plan (SCIP) captures this effort, and also puts in place the roadmap for the future. This plan addresses how the State will allocate investments for interoperability efforts and support the interoperability efforts of local and regional agencies and jurisdictions. All agencies and jurisdictions will be able to use this plan as a reference when determining what resources they should procure and how their interoperable communications plans should be structured.

Agency Strategic Plans

Georgia Emergency Management Agency	90
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Agency

239 - Georgia Emergency Management Agency

Mission

GEMA's mission is to provide a comprehensive and aggressive all-hazards emergency management program that includes mitigation, preparedness, response and recovery for natural and man made hazards; and homeland security initiatives and special events planning in order to protect life and property and prevent and/or reduce negative impacts of terrorism and natural disasters in Georgia.

Vision

The Georgia Emergency Management Agency is the lead state agency for the unified coordination of planning and response to events that require multi-agency support.

Core Values

GEMA Operating Principles

We will be Decent, Ethical and Honorable

We will be Servant Leaders

We will Show Up and Do Our Best

We will have an Attitude of Success

We will Embrace a Team Spirit

We will be Ladies and Gentlemen

We will have Open Doors

Enterprise Issue(s)

FY11 E1 The Georgia Emergency Management Agency is not impacted by the ARRA stimulus programs or funding.

IT Project(s)

FY11 IT1 Agency Migration from Lotus Notes to Microsoft Office

Strategies

FY11 G3S1

Facility Project(s)

FY11 F1 Upgrade of the GEMA Office and State Operations Center

Strategies

FY11 G3S1

Goal

FY11 G1 Develop plans, prepare for, respond to and recover from disasters, acts of terrorism and special events to enhance the protection of Georgia Citizens and visitors.

State Goal(s)

Promote safe communities and stable families where children thrive.

Percent Related

15%

Promote homeland security and emergency preparedness for natural and man-made disasters or acts of terrorism.

85%

Measurable Objective(s)**Strategies**

FY11 G1M1 GEMA shall continue to maintain a successful response rate of 95% for of all requests for incident response assistance within 15 minutes for each quarter of SFY 2011 FY11 G1S1

FY11 G1M2 GEMA will develop and maintain additional capacity to ensure that 100% of Georgia is within a two hour response period of a properly equipped Hazardous Materials Team throughout FY 2011 FY11 G1S2
FY11 G1S1

FY11 G1M3 GEMA develop and maintain additional capacity to ensure that 100% of Georgia is within a two hour response period of a properly equipped Type II Explosive Ordnance Disposal Team throughout SFY 2011 FY11 G1S1

FY11 G1M4 GEMA will develop and maintain a Type III Incident Management Team throughout SFY 2011 FY11 G1S1

FY11 G1M5 GEMA will achieve and maintain a 25% success rate of state Emergency Support Function (ESF) lead or support agencies that have completed business continuity plans using the (GTA) Living Disaster Recovery Planning System (LDRPS) throughout SFY 2011 FY11 G1S2

FY11 G1M6 GEMA will achieve and maintain a 25% success rate of state Emergency Support Function (ESF) lead or support agencies with at least two staff members who have completed National Incident Management Systems courses 100, 200, 700 and 800 throughout SFY 2011. FY11 G1S2

Strategies

FY11 G1S1 Georgia will minimize the number of individuals injured in disasters through effective prevention and response programs

FY11 G1S2 GEMA shall improve the readiness of the state agencies to respond to disasters and emergencies

Goal

FY11 G2 Minimize the damage to Georgia's public facilities, natural resources and private property due to disasters, terrorism and special events.

IT/Facility Projects

State Goal(s)

Percent Related

Promote safe communities and stable families where children thrive. 15%

Promote homeland security and emergency preparedness for natural and man-made disasters or acts of terrorism. 85%

Measurable Objective(s)

FY11 G2M1 Georgia will maintain Enhanced State Mitigation Plan status throughout SYF 2011

Strategies

FY11 G2S1

FY11 G2M2 Georgia will achieve 100% federal approval for the original local mitigation plans and initiate contract with 20% of all Georgia counties to update local mitigation plans during SFY 2012

FY11 G2S1

FY11 G2M3 Georgia will develop and adopt a strategy to increase the number of Georgia local governments participating in the National Flood Insurance Program by 5% in SFY 2012

FY11 G2S1

Strategies

FY11 G2S1 Reduce the costs to citizens and the state to restore properties and facilities

IT/Facility Projects

Goal

FY11 G3 Identify, develop and implement policies, plans, programs and procedures that promote excellence in the provision of emergency management services.

State Goal(s)

Promote safe communities and stable families where children thrive.

Percent Related

15%

Promote homeland security and emergency preparedness for natural and man-made disasters or acts of terrorism.

85%

Measurable Objective(s)

FY11 G3M1 GEMA will maintain the status as a certified Emergency Management Agency Program through the National Emergency Management Association EMAP Accreditation Program for the five year period ending 2012

Strategies

FY11 G3S1

FY11 G3M2 GEMA will achieve a percentage of complaints from citizens and service agencies of less than 1% of all calls for each quarter of SFY 2011

FY11 G3S1

FY11 G3M3	GEMA will develop Wildly Important Goals (WIGs); create WIG teams; adopt scoreboards and monitor progress on a weekly, monthly, quarterly and annual basis through SFY 2011	FY11 G3S2
FY11 G3M4	GEMA will achieve a satisfaction score of 80% or better from local emergency management agencies for customer service that is good to very good for the values of knowledgeable, professional, timely and responsive throughout SFY 2011	FY11 G3S1
FY11 G3M5	GEMA will conduct semi-annual evaluations using the GEMA State of Readiness Index and achieve and maintain an Readiness Index Score exceeding 80% throughout SFY 2011	FY11 G3S2
Strategies		IT/Facility Projects
FY11 G3S1	GEMA will be recognized as a "best practice agency" in the field of emergency management and delivering public services	FY11 IT1
FY11 G3S2	GEMA will implement the 4 Disciplines of Execution throughout all divisions of the agency	FY11 F1

Agency

240 - Office of Homeland Security

Mission

The State of Georgia provides a safe, secure and healthy Georgia by working with citizens; local, state and federal governments; and the private sector to prevent, protect against, respond to and recover from man-made acts of terrorism and natural disasters

Vision

Our vision is for a safer and more resilient Georgia recognized as a regional and national leader in preparing for and overcoming man-made and natural disasters that threaten our citizens, communities, infrastructure, economy or way of life.

Core Values

Prevention

Protection

Response

Recovery

Enterprise Issue(s)

FY11 E1 The Office of Homeland Security is not impacted by the ARRA stimulus funding.

IT Project(s)**Strategies****Facility Project(s)****Strategies****Goal**

FY11 G1 The Georgia Office of Homeland Security will implement the State Strategic Plan for Terrorism and All- Hazards Preparedness and develop policies and programs which plan for, prevent, respond to, or recover from acts of terrorism and natural disasters.

State Goal(s)	Percent Related
Promote safe communities and stable families where children thrive.	15%
Promote homeland security and emergency preparedness for natural and man-made disasters or acts of terrorism.	85%

Measurable Objective(s)**Strategies**

FY11 G1M1 Conduct a training seminar for the State Homeland Security Task Force by June 2011	FY11 G1S1
FY11 G1M2 Complete 30 site assessment visits and update the corresponding Critical Infrastructure-Key Resource target folder for each site by June 2011.	FY11 G1S1

FY11 G1M3	Develop K-9 Bomb Detection Teams with a one hour response capability anywhere in the State by June 2011.	FY11 G1S1
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FY11 G1M4	Develop a statewide training program and conduct regional training exercises on the Georgia Interoperable Network by June 2011.	FY11 G1S1
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FY11 G1M5	Update the Regional Strategic Plans for four GEMA regions by June 2011 and complete balance of four regions by June 2012.	FY11 G1S1
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Strategies

FY11 G1S1	Improve the readiness of Georgia to prevent, respond to and recover from acts of terrorism
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IT/Facility Projects

GEMA-OHS Authorizing Legislation

O.C.G.A., Title 38 Military, Emergency Management, and Veterans Affairs, (The Emergency Management Act)

- **County Emergency Management Agency Director Appointments:** § 38-3-27. Local organizations for emergency management; creation; structure; powers; directors; appointment, qualifications, and compensation; state to provide financial assistance; entitlement for funding
- **School Safety Plan Approval:** § 38-3-22.1. Safety plan addressing threat of terrorism required of state agencies or authorities; exemptions; training and technical assistance; confidentiality of plans and related documentation
- **Rescue Specialists and Canine Rescue Teams:** 38-3-36. Director to license nongovernmental rescue organizations; exception; registration of public and private search and rescue dog teams

O.C.G.A., Title 46 (The 9-1-1 Act)

- **9-1-1 Plan Approval:** § 46-5-124. Guidelines for implementing state-wide emergency 9-1-1 system; training and equipment standards

Georgia Emergency Management Agency – Office of Homeland Security: Administrative Rules Rescue Organizations

- **Rescue License Approval: § 266-1-.04 License.** No individual, team, group, association or organization shall operate a rescue organization in the state unless license is approved by GEMA-OHS

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Appendix ii: Current Emergency Management Capabilities.....

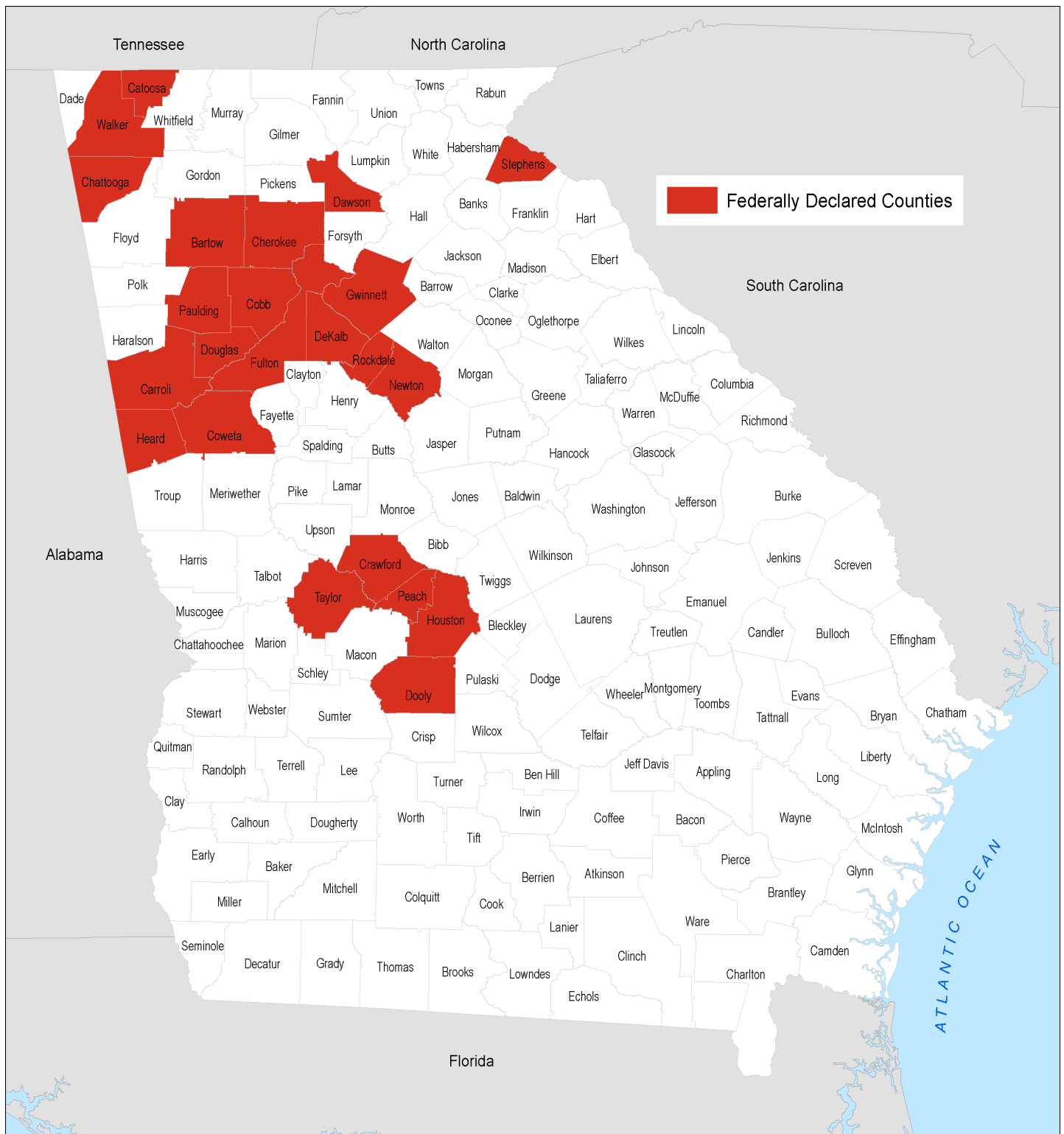
Appendix iii: 2009 GEMA-OHS Financial Assistance Program Sub-grantees

Appendix iv: Past Executive Orders.....173

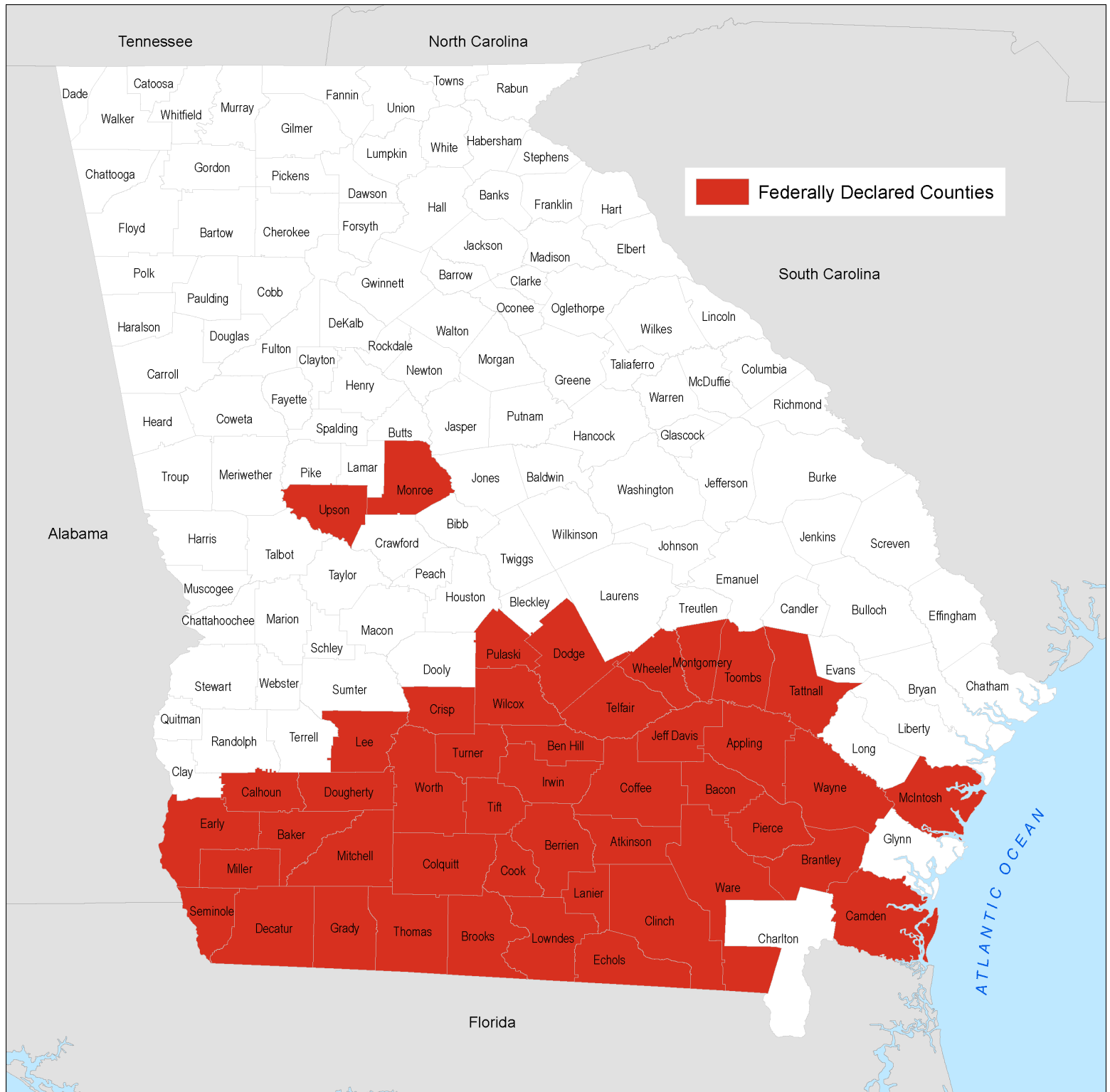
Major Disaster Declarations

Year	Date	Disaster Types	Disaster Number
2009	24-Sep	Severe Storms and Flooding	<u>1858</u>
2009	23-Apr	Severe Storms, Flooding, Tornadoes, and Straight-line Winds	<u>1833</u>
2008	23-May	Severe Storms and Flooding	<u>1761</u>
2008	20-Mar	Severe Storms and Tornadoes	<u>1750</u>
2007	3-Mar	Severe Storms and Tornadoes	<u>1686</u>
2004	24-Sep	Tropical Storm Frances	<u>1560</u>
2004	18-Sep	Hurricane Ivan	<u>1554</u>
2000	15-Feb	Tornadoes	<u>1315</u>
2000	28-Jan	Winter Storm	<u>1311</u>
1999	20-Apr	Severe Storms and Tornadoes	<u>1271</u>
1998	20-Mar	Severe Storms, Tornadoes and Flooding	<u>1209</u>
1995	20-Dec	Severe Storms, Tornadoes	<u>1076</u>
1995	10-Oct	Hurricane Opal	<u>1071</u>
1994	19-Oct	Heavy Rains, Tornadoes, Flooding, High Winds	<u>1042</u>
1994	7-Jul	Tornadoes, Flooding, Heavy Rain, Tropical Storm Alberto	<u>1033</u>
1994	31-Mar	Severe Storm, Tornadoes, Flooding	<u>1020</u>
1993	4-Mar	Tornadoes, High Winds, Heavy Rain	<u>980</u>
1992	1-Dec	Heavy Rain, High Winds, Tornadoes	<u>969</u>
1991	15-Mar	Flooding, Severe Storm	<u>897</u>
1990	19-Oct	Flooding, Severe Storm	<u>880</u>
1990	23-Feb	Flooding, Severe Storm, Tornado	<u>857</u>
1977	7-Nov	Dam Collapse, Flooding	<u>541</u>
1977	2-Jun	Shrimp Loss Due To Cold Weather	<u>536</u>
1976	11-Jun	SEVERE STORMS, FLOODING	<u>507</u>
1975	29-Mar	Tornadoes, High Winds, Heavy Rains	<u>460</u>
1974	5-Apr	TORNADOES	<u>425</u>
1973	11-Jun	SEVERE STORMS, TORNADOES	<u>391</u>
1973	4-Apr	TORNADOES, FLOODING	<u>370</u>
1966	14-Mar	FLOODING	<u>214</u>
1964	4-Nov	FLOODING	<u>180</u>
1964	10-Sep	HURRICANE DORA	<u>177</u>
1963	26-Mar	SEVERE STORMS, FLOODING	<u>150</u>
1961	2-Mar	FLOODS	<u>110</u>
1954	17-Mar	TORNADO	<u>16</u>
1953	2-May	TORNADO	<u>1</u>

Disaster 1858 – Severe Storms, Flooding - September 2009



Disaster 1833 – Severe Storms, Flooding – Spring 2009



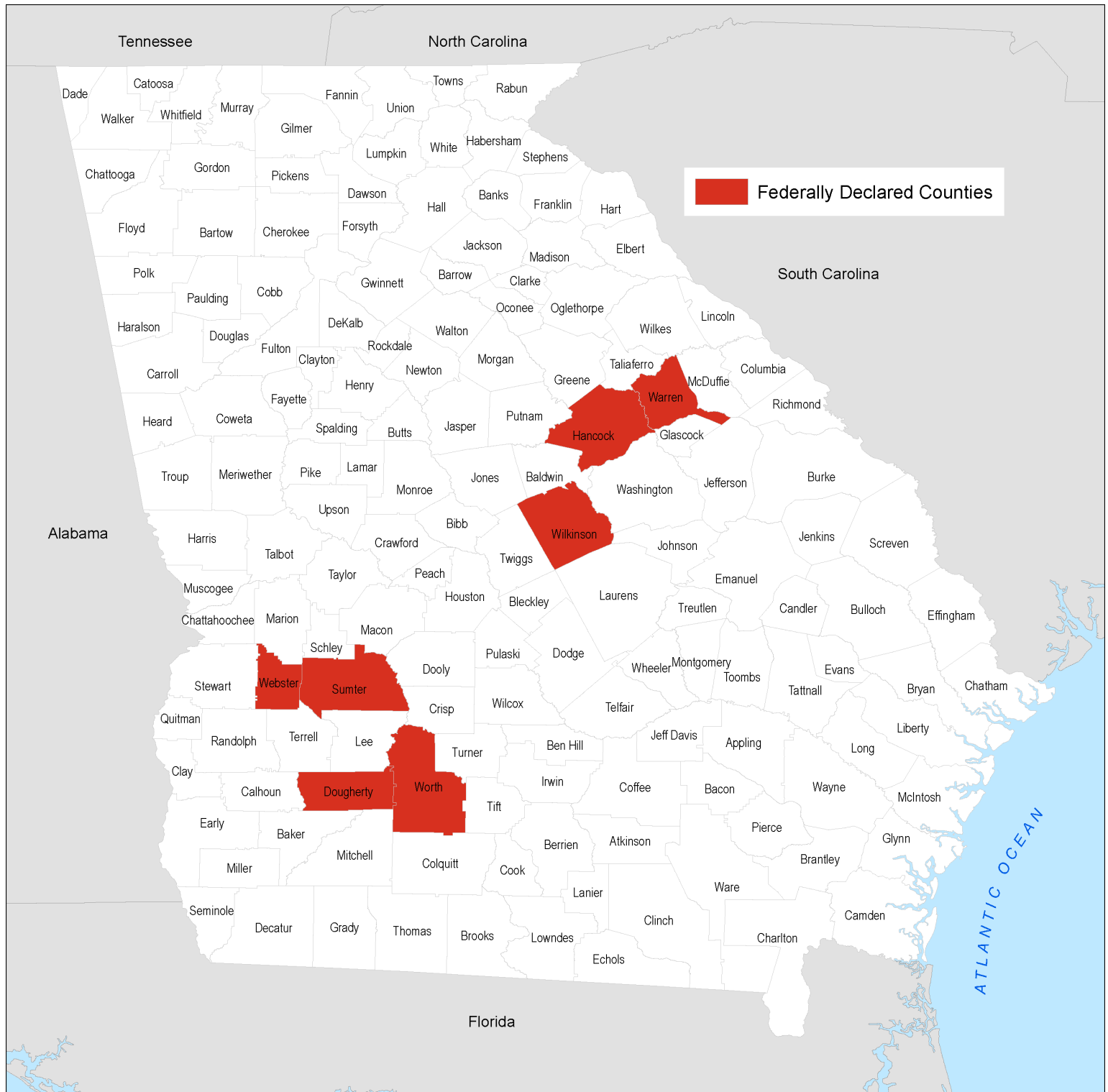
Disaster 1761 – Severe Storms, Flooding – May 2008

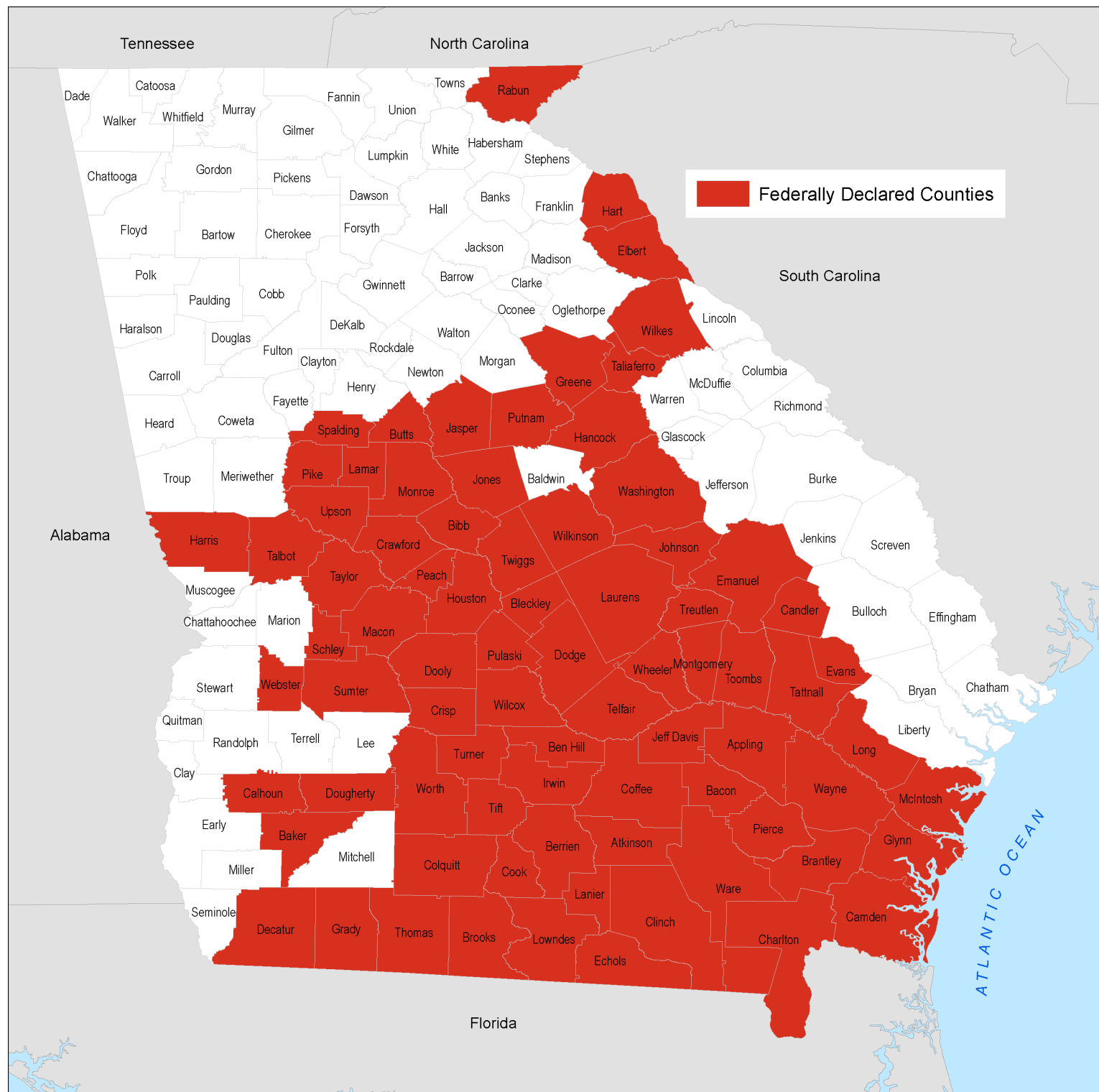


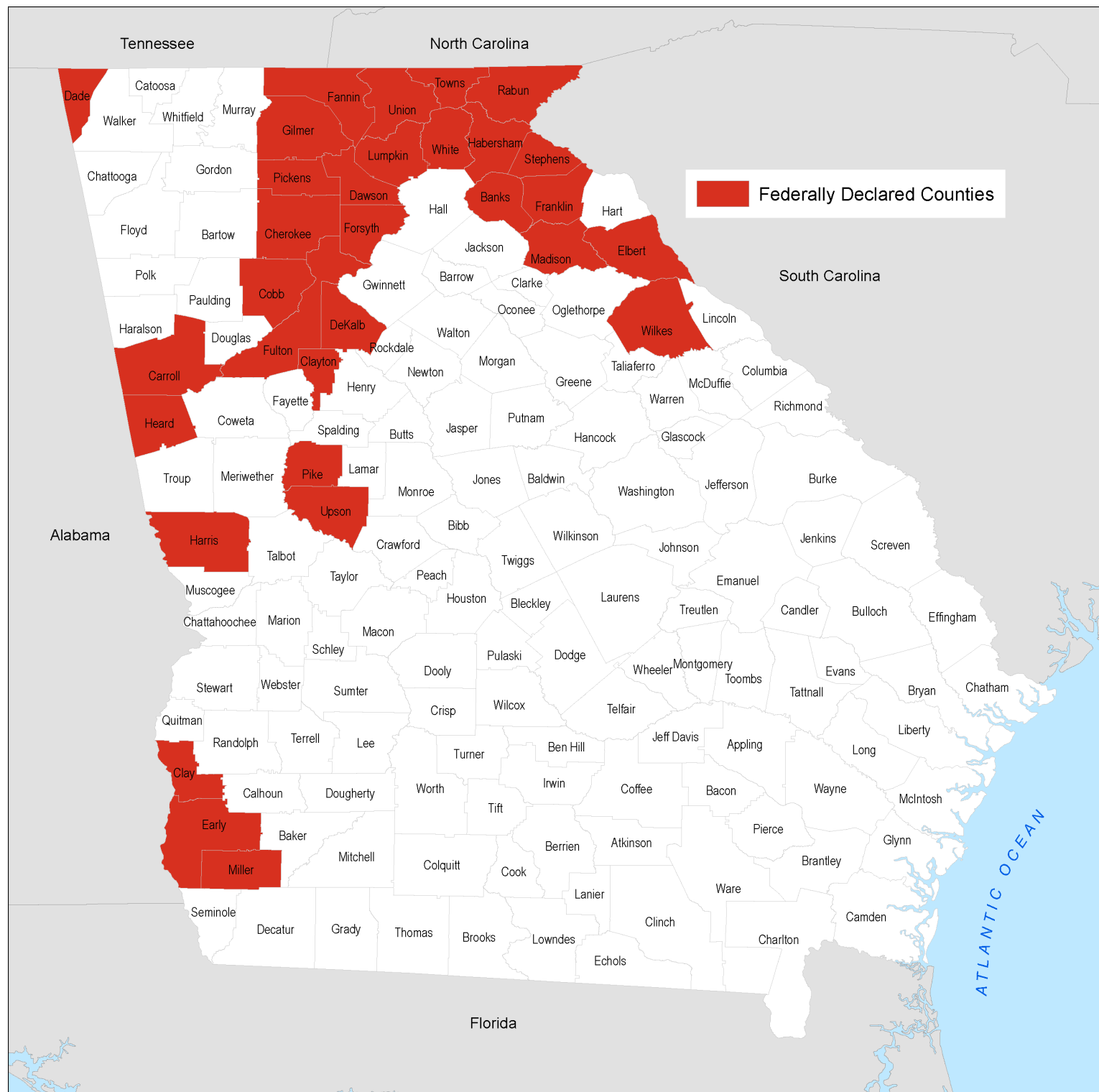
Disaster 1750 – Tornadoes, Severe Storms – March 2008



Disaster 1686 –Tornadoes, Severe Storms – March 2007

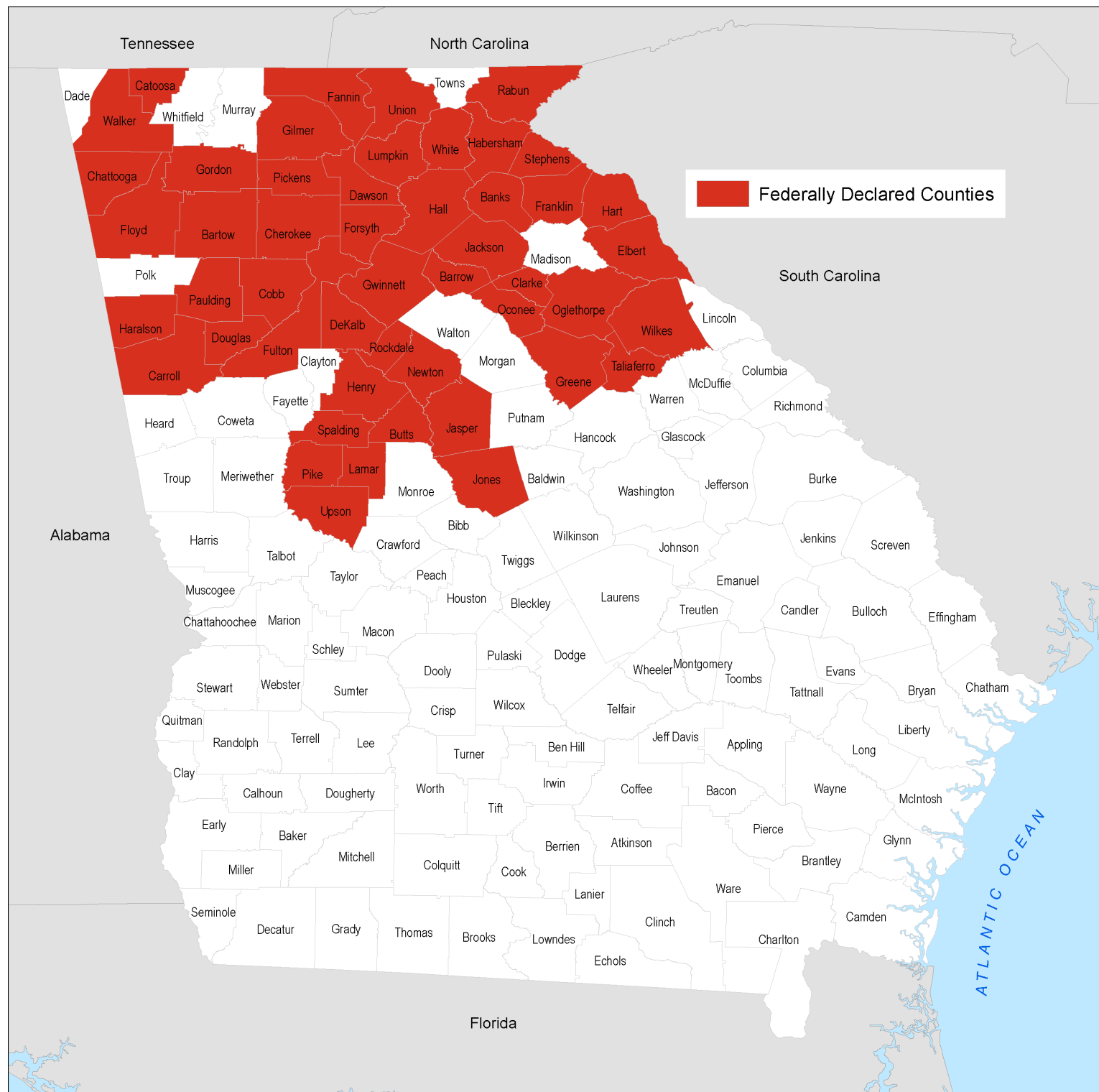






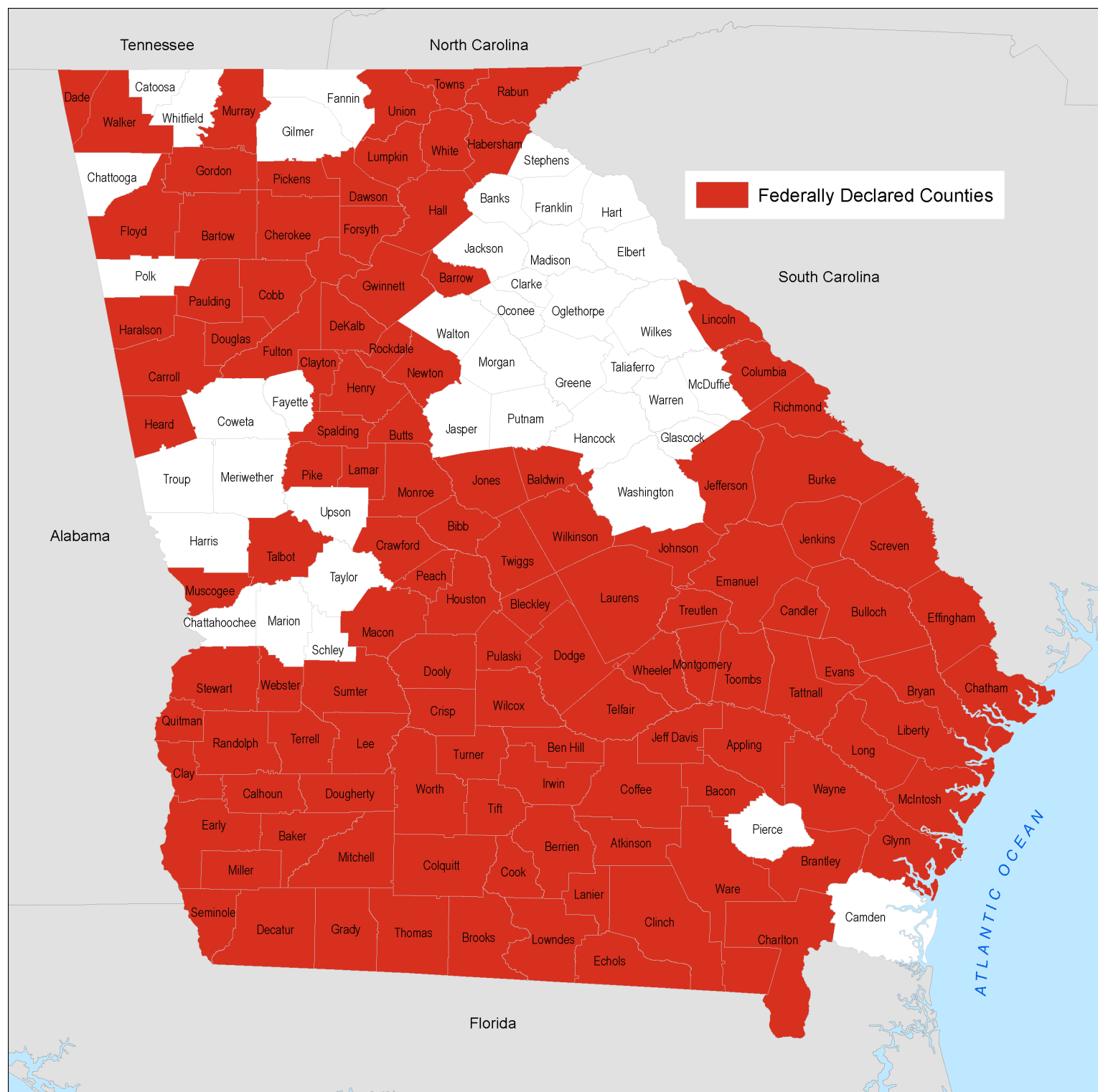
Disaster 1315 –Severe Tornadoes – February 2000





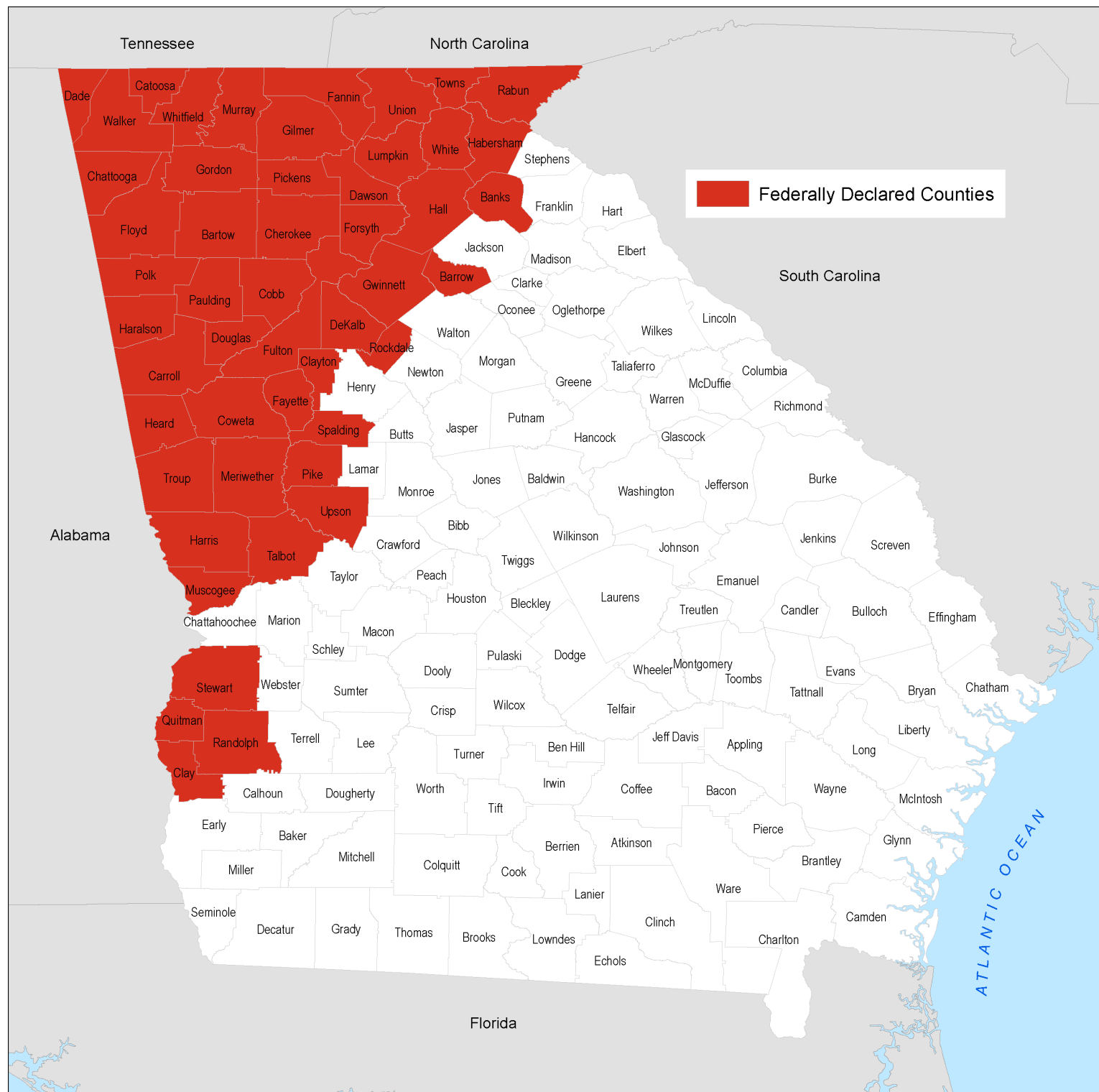
Disaster 1271 – Tornadoes, Thunderstorms – April 1999





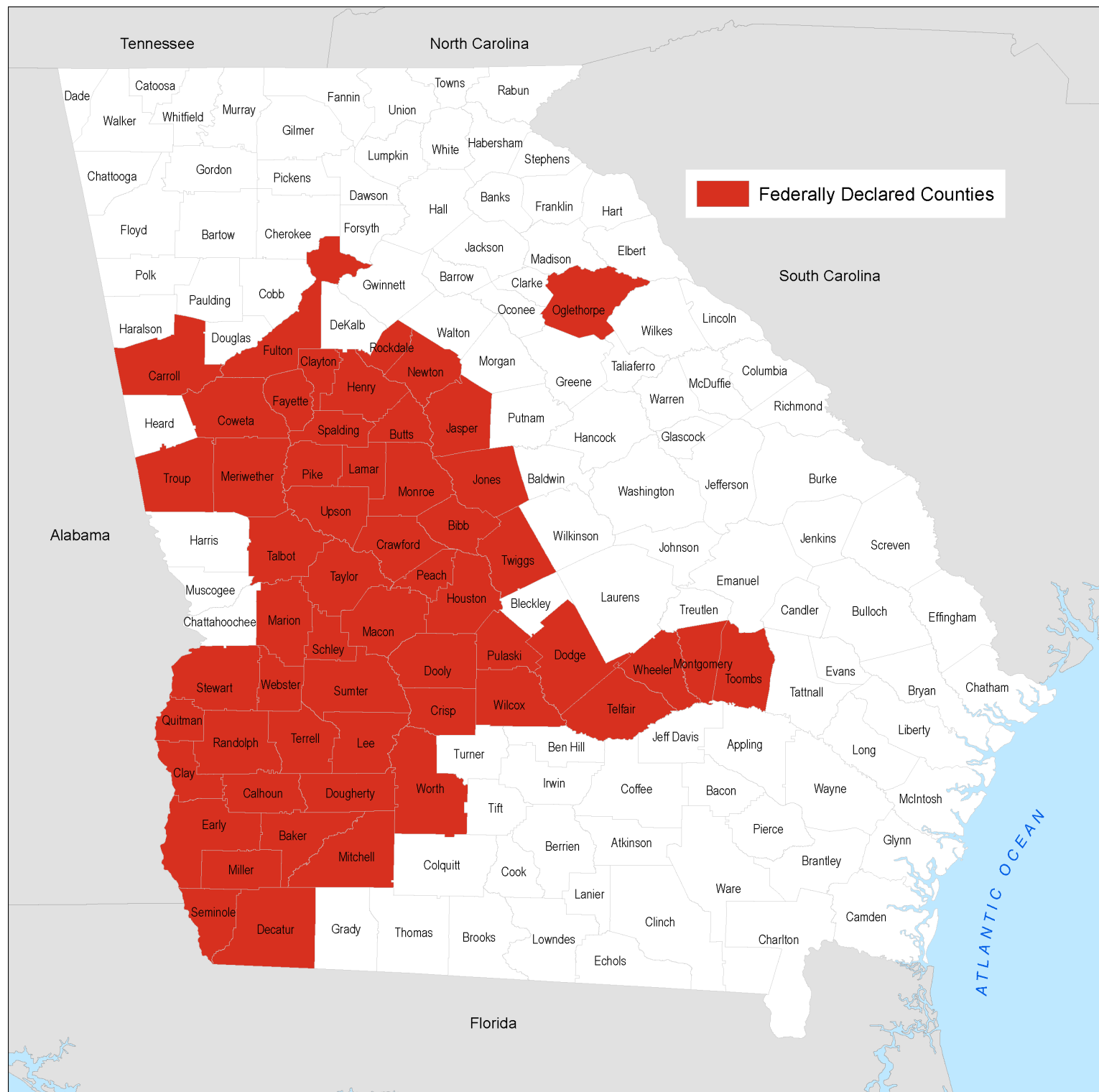
Disaster 1076 –Tornadoes, Thunderstorms – December 1995





Disaster 1042 – Tropical Storm Beryl – October 1994





Disaster 1020 – Severe Storms, Tornadoes – March 1994



Current Emergency Management and Homeland Security Capabilities

Map of Search and Rescue (GSAR / USAR) Teams

Map of Hazardous Materials (HazMat) Response Teams

Map of CBRNE Teams

Map of Bomb Response Teams

Map of Canine Bomb Teams

Map of Mobile Command Vehicles (MCVs) Locations

Map of Georgia Interoperability Network (GIN) Sites

Map of Regional Communication Networks

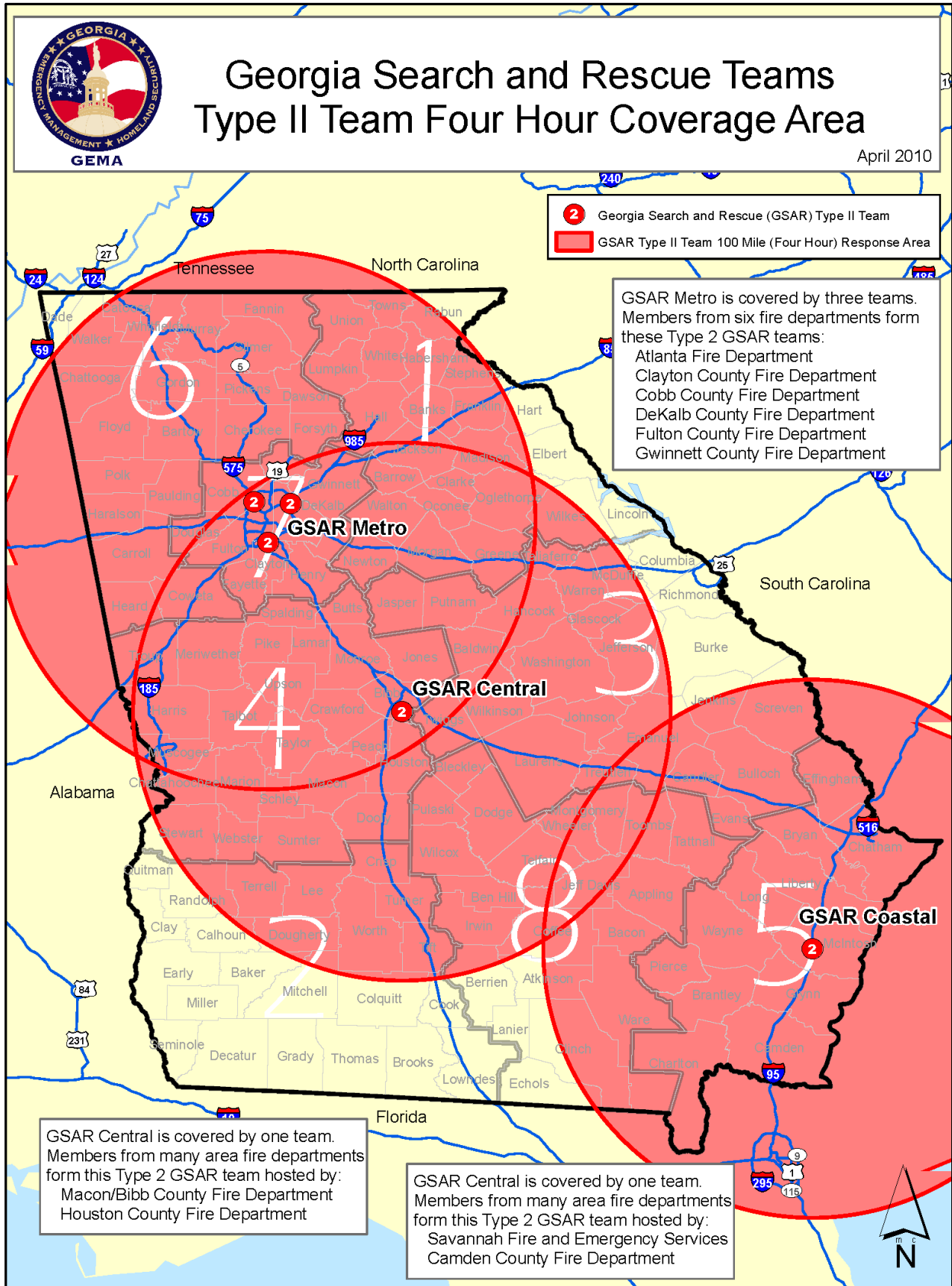
Map of 9-1-1 Public Safety Answering Points

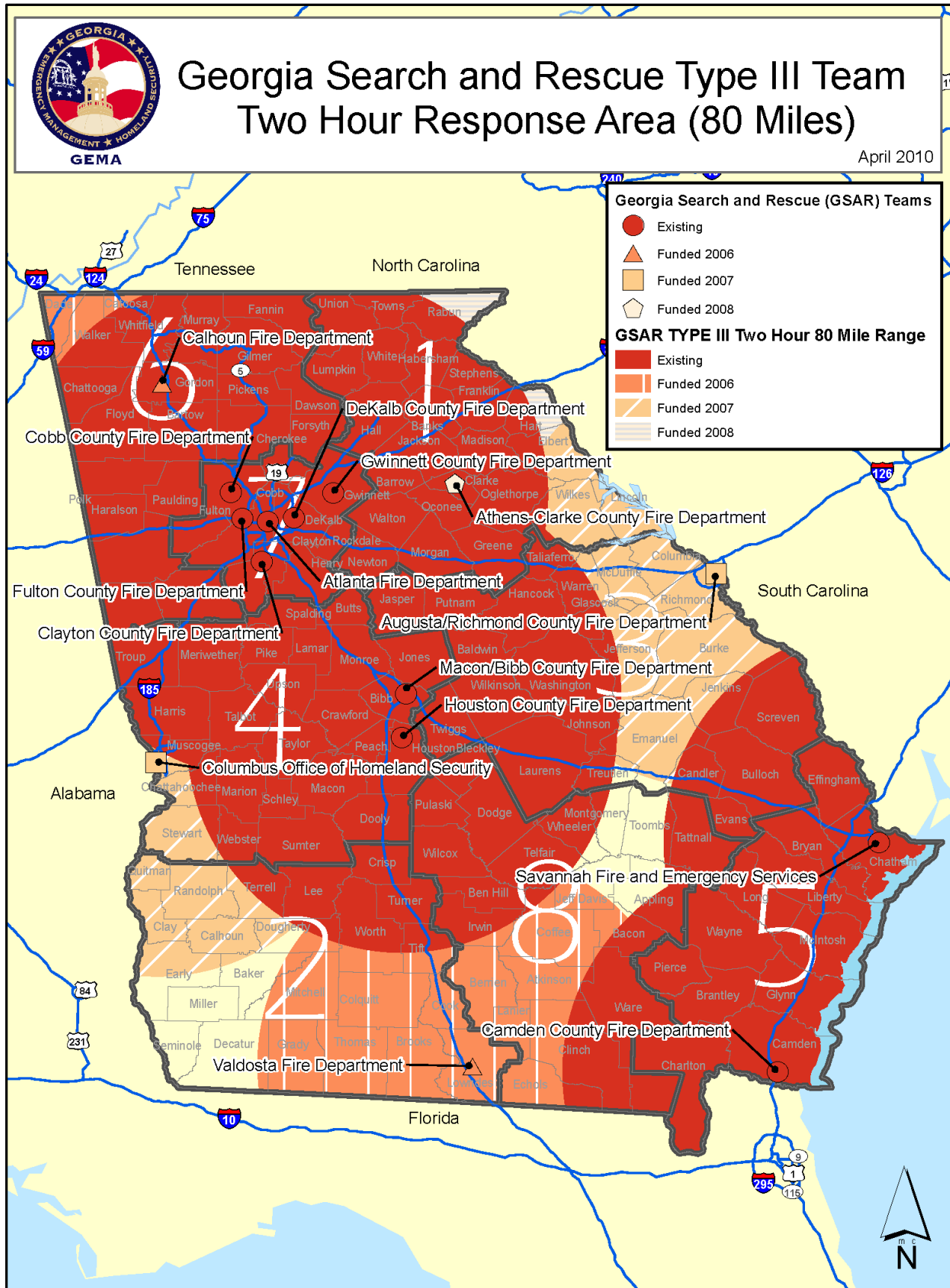
Map of 9-1-1 Wireless Status by County

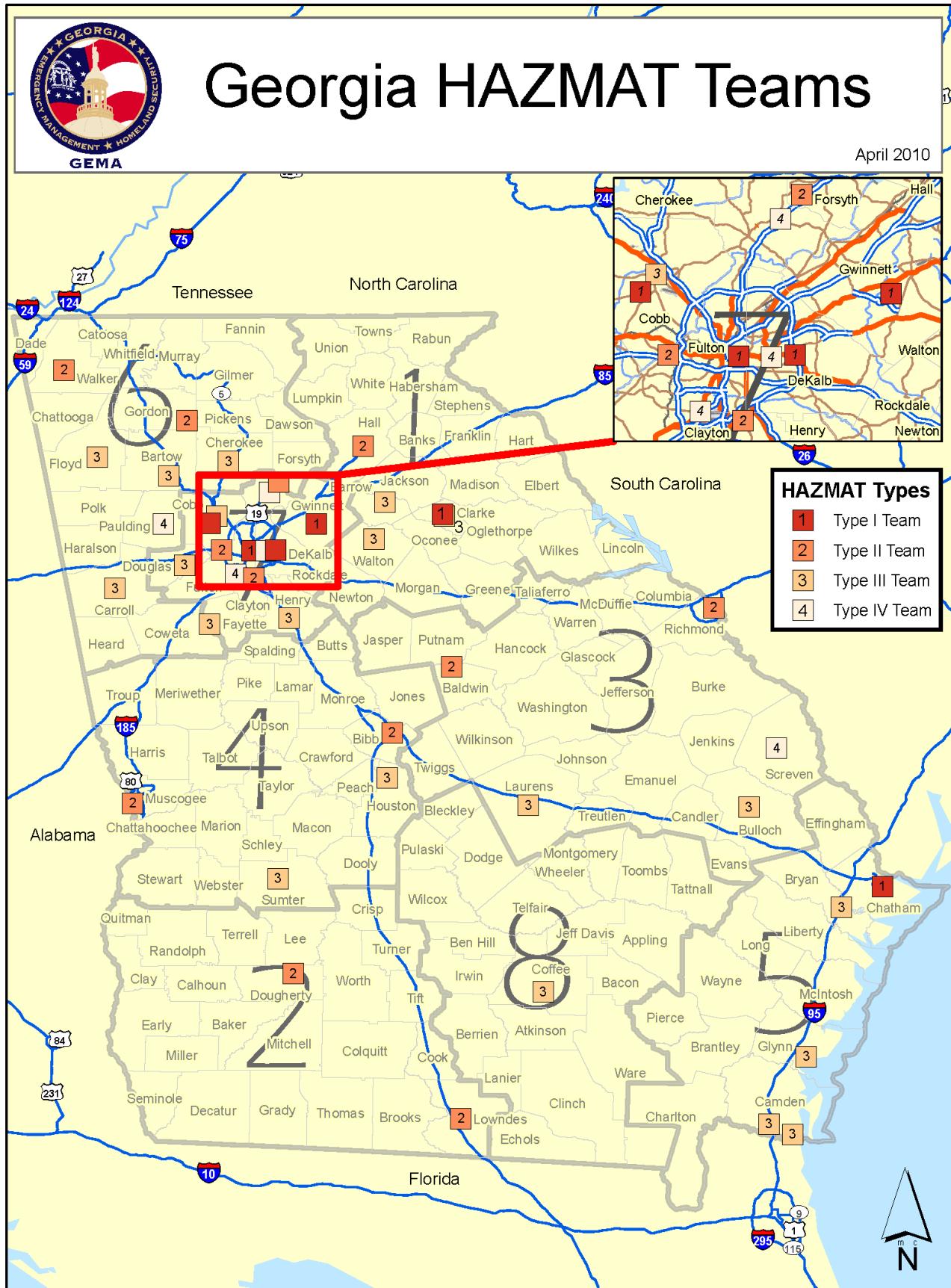
Map of Local Emergency Planning Committees (LEPCs)

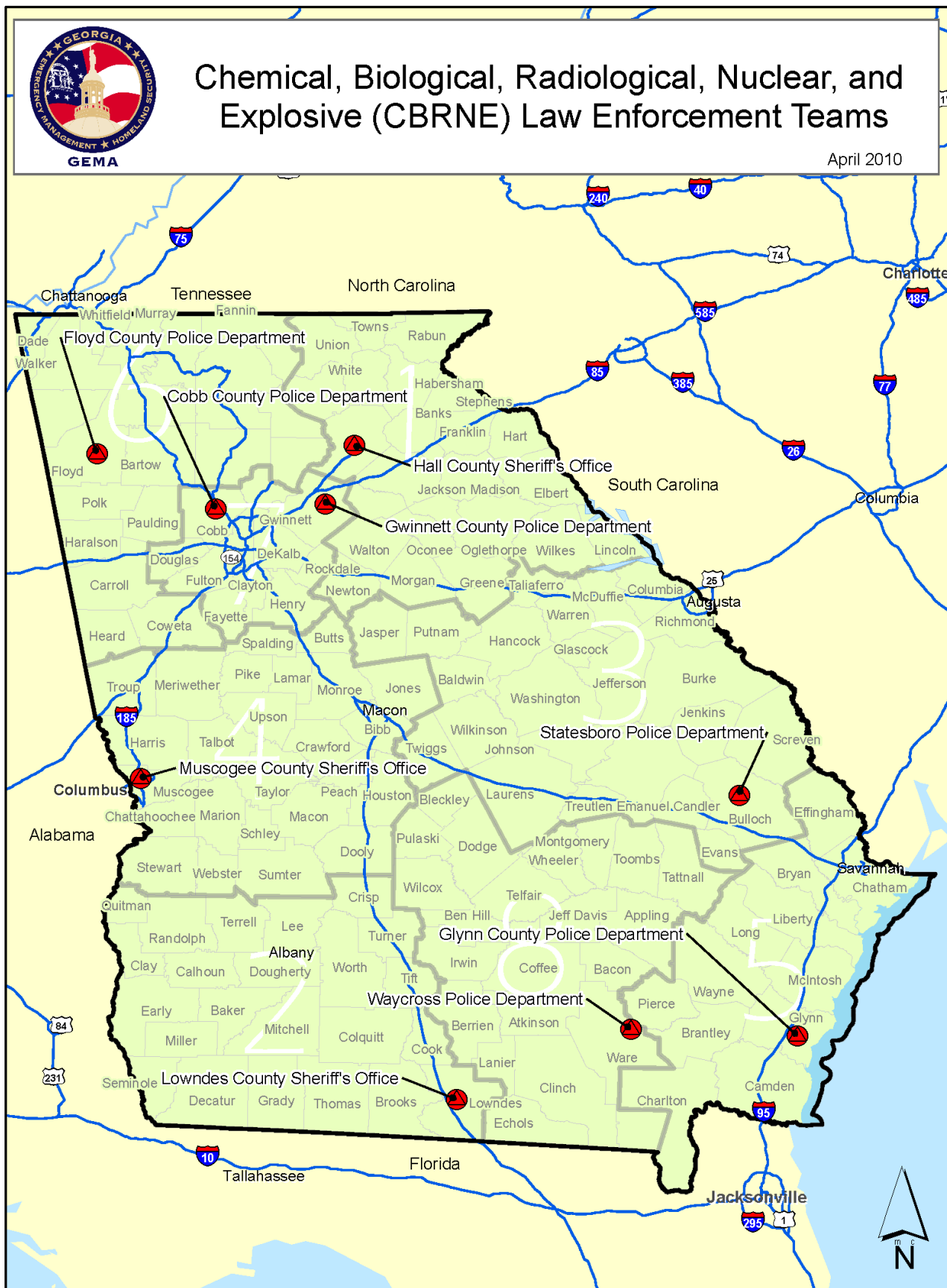
Map of Critical Infrastructure Protection and Key Resources Sites by County

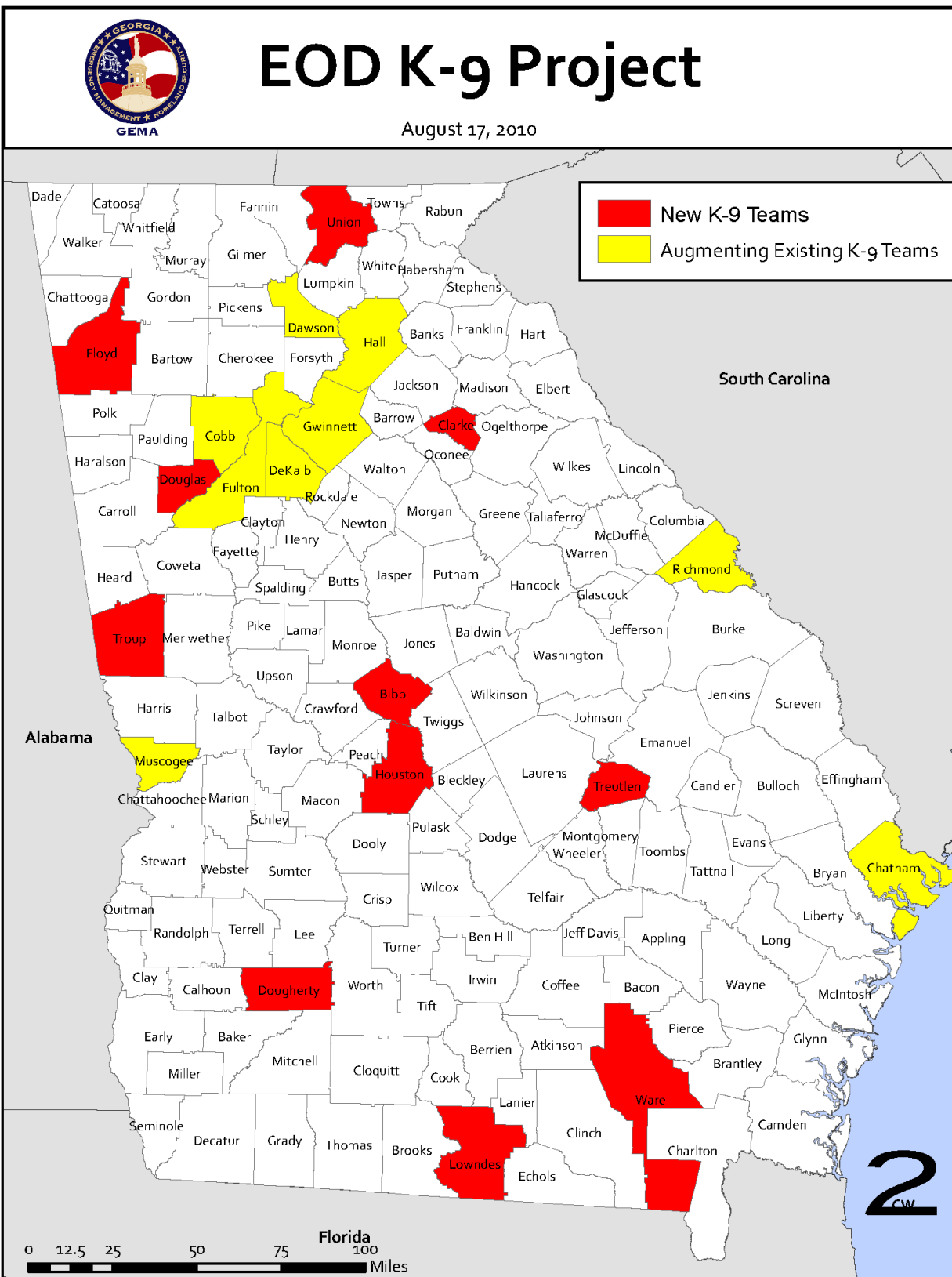
Map of Georgia Terrorism Intelligence Program (GTIP) Partner Agencies







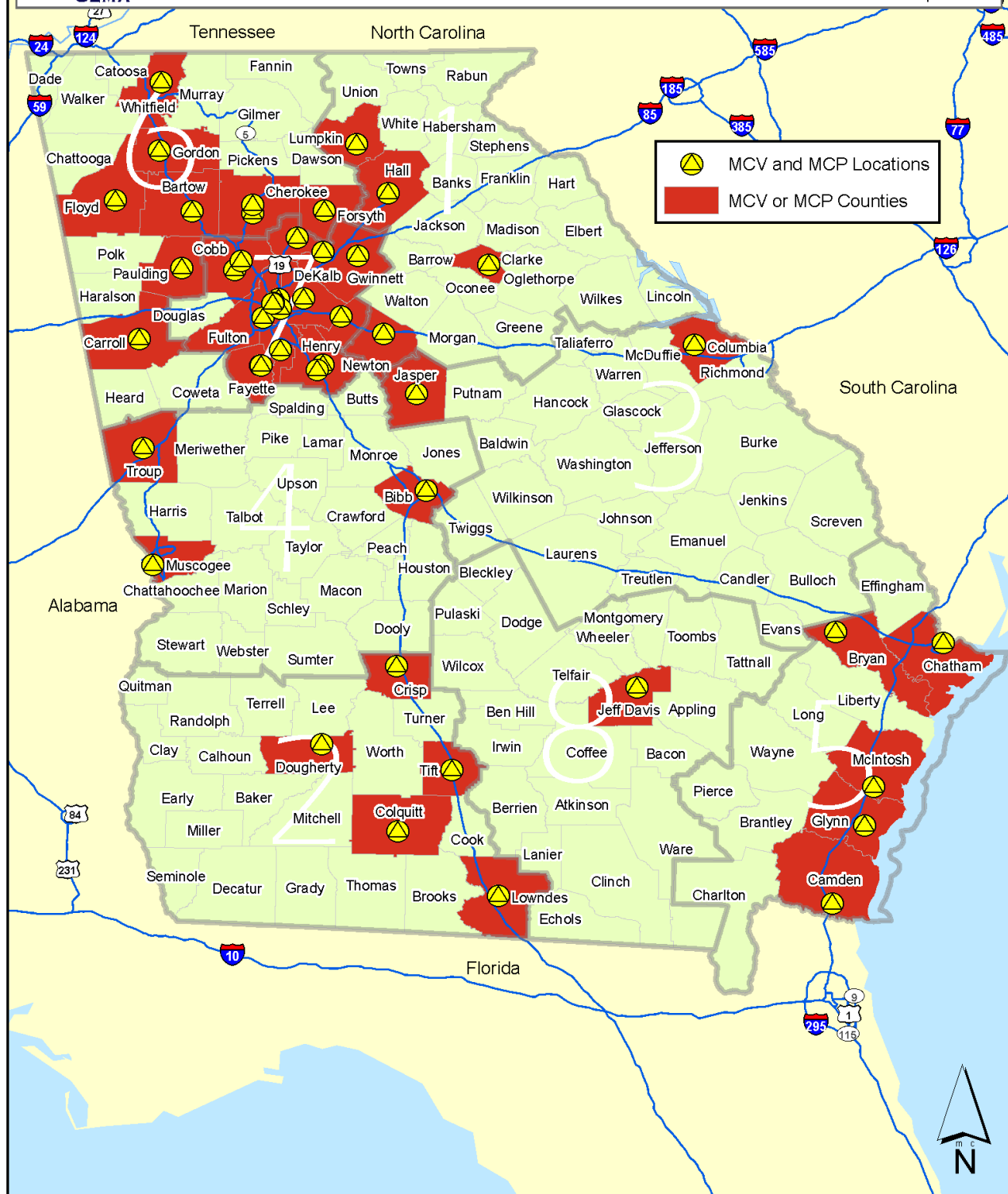




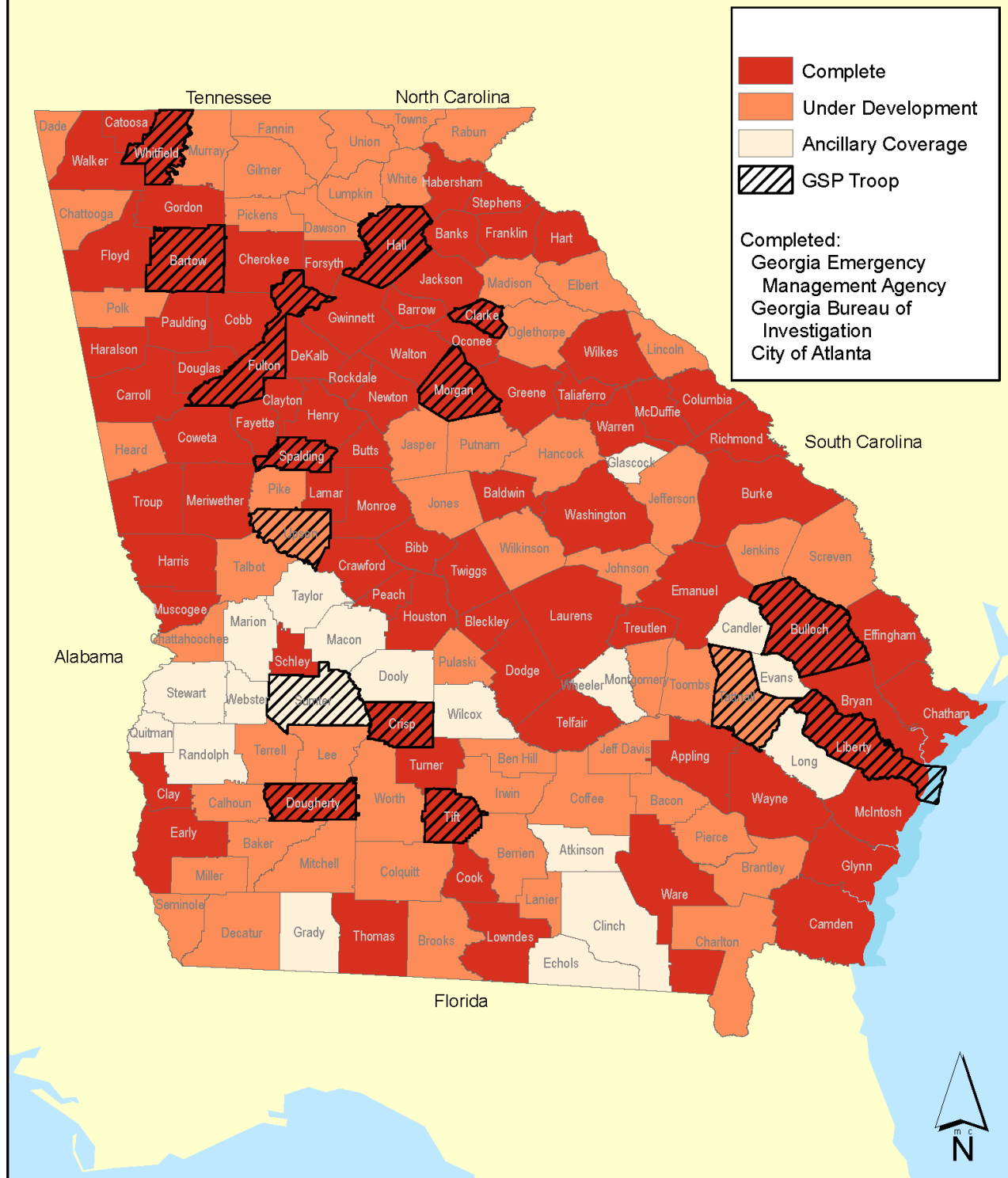


Mobile Command and Mobile Communication Vehicle Capabilities Statewide

April 2010



April 2010



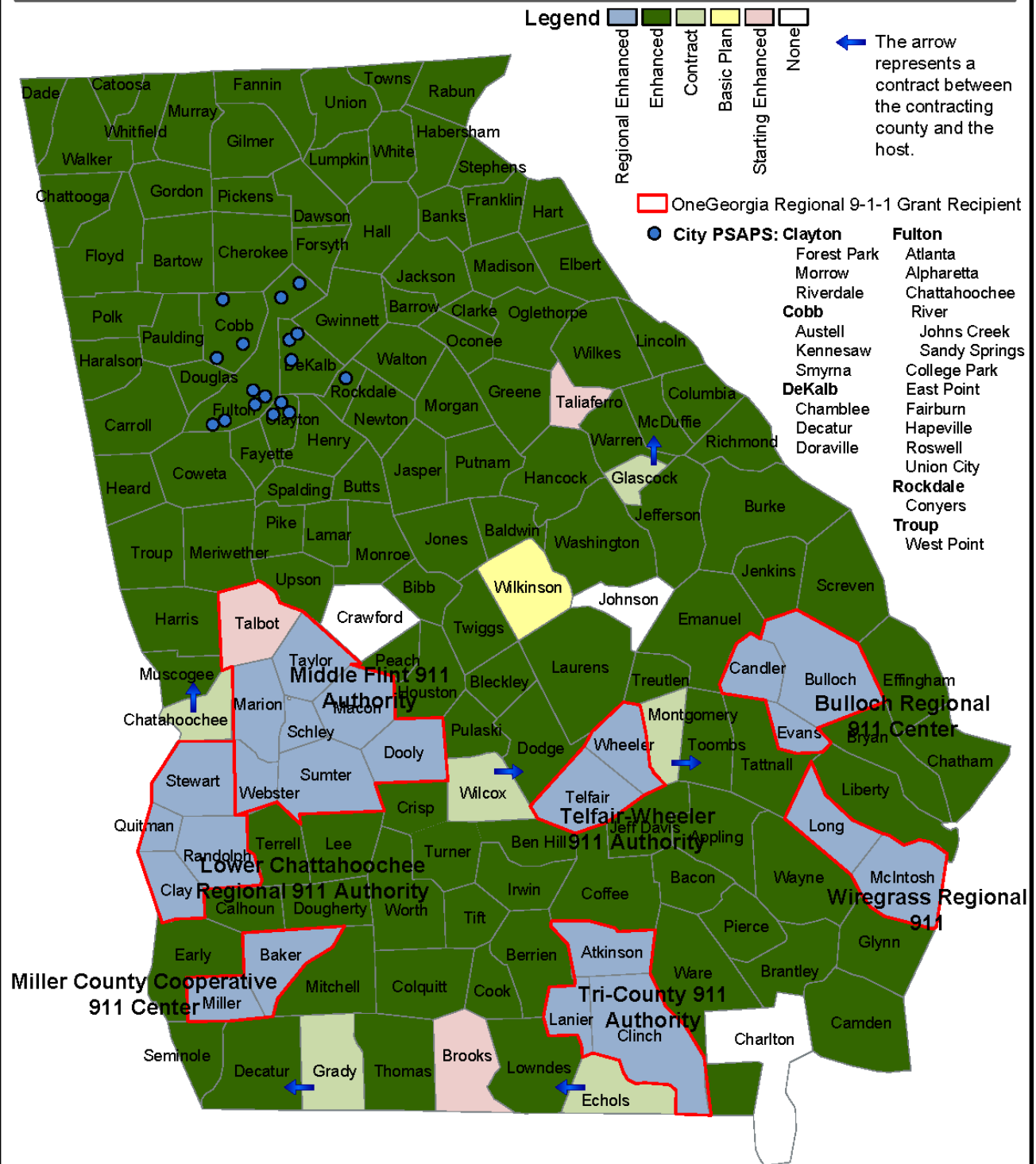


Georgia Emergency Management Agency

Georgia Community Status Map

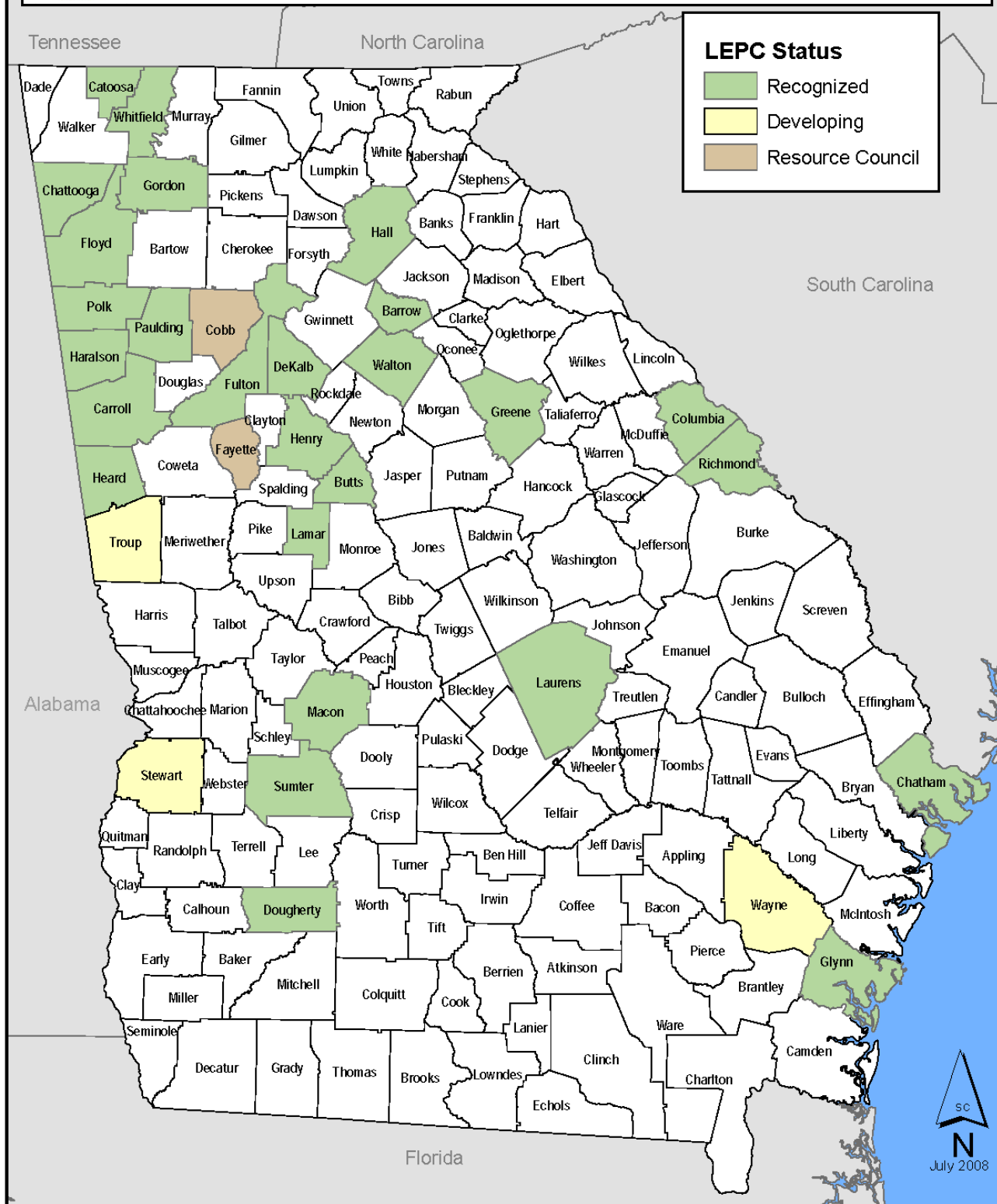
9-1-1 Implementation

As of 8/10/2010 6:42:23 AM

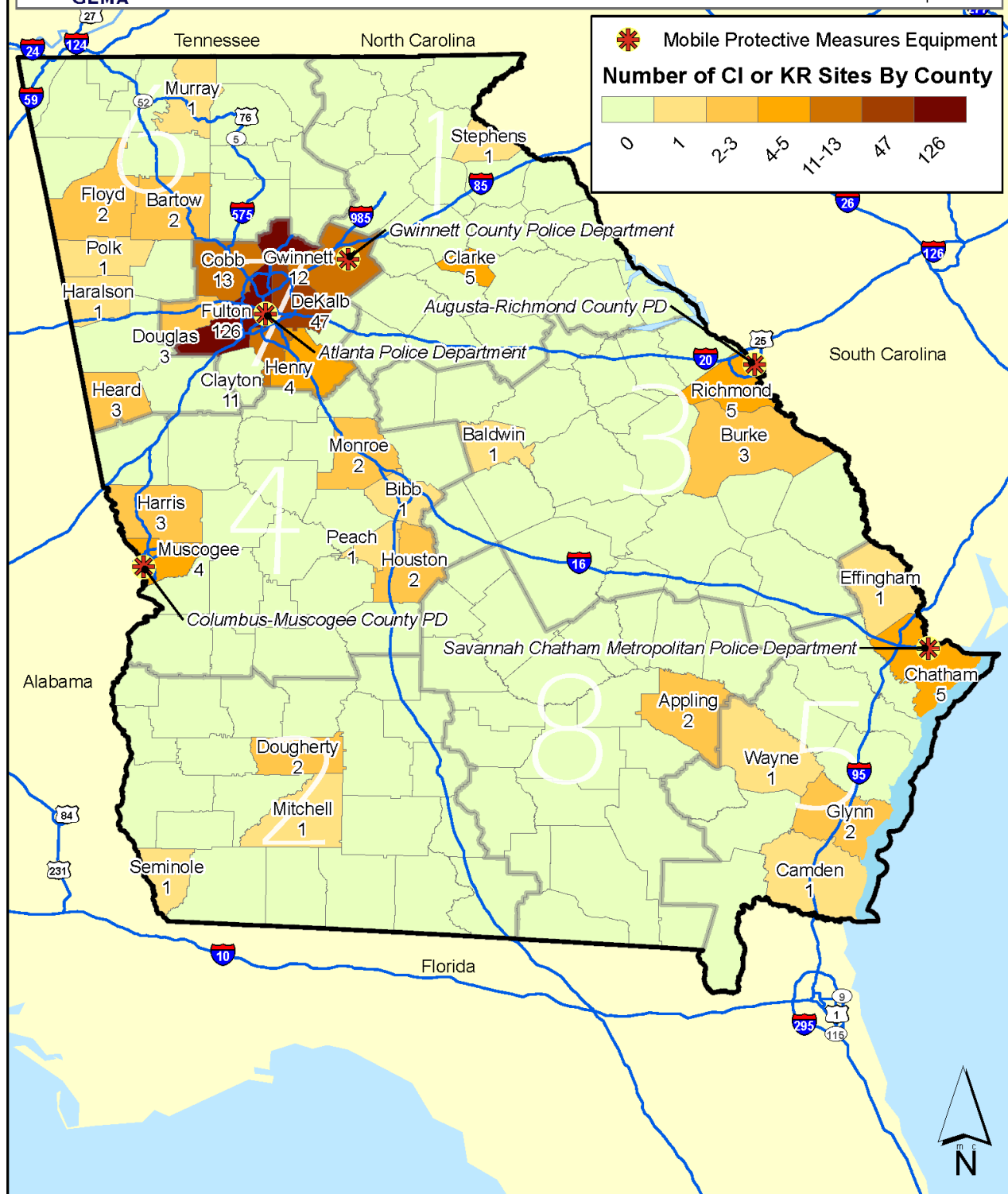


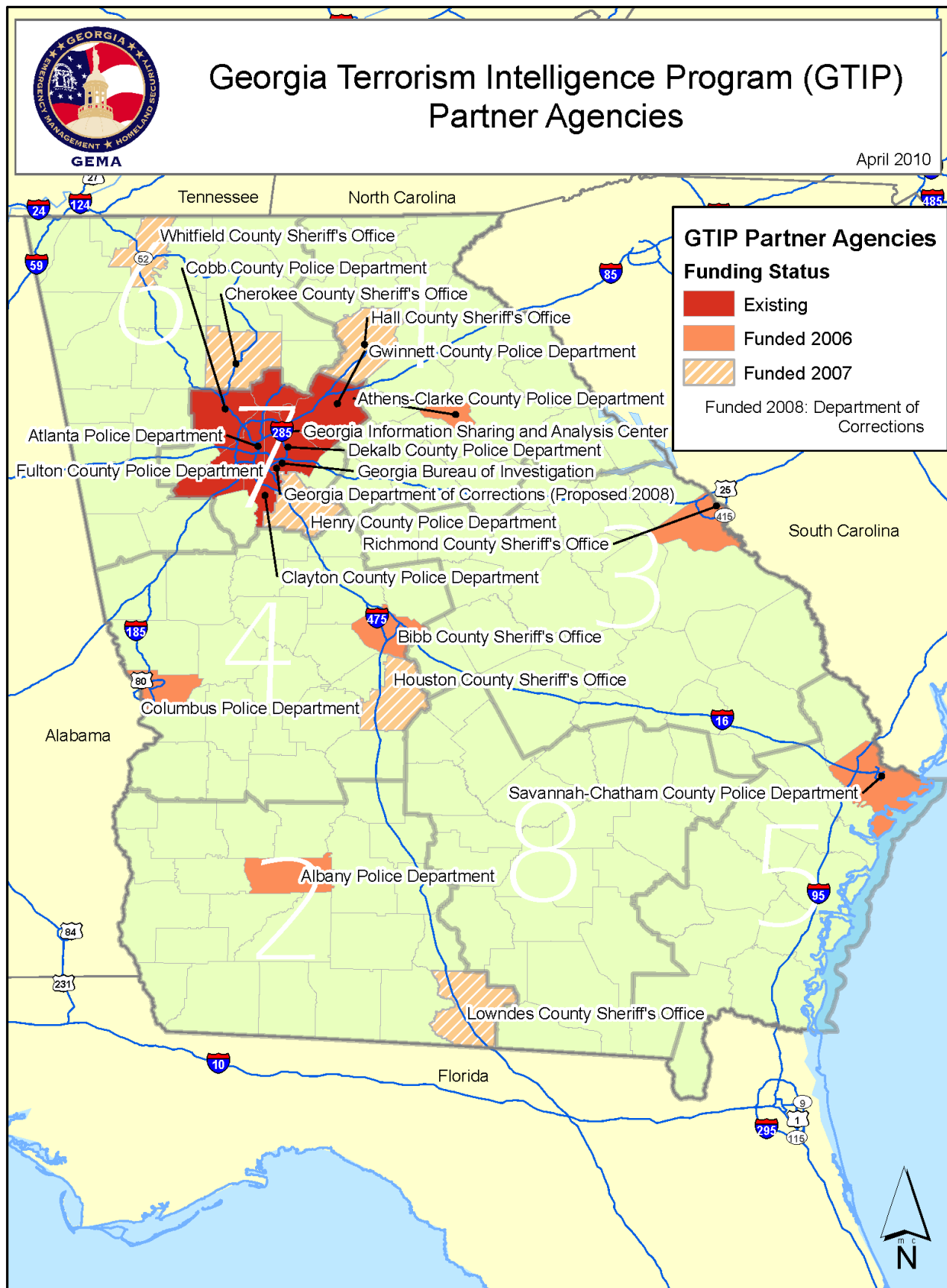


Local Emergency Planning Committee Status July 2008



April 2010





**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Buffer Zone Protection Sub-grantees**

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

SUBGRANTEE	AWARD
Athens-Clark County Police Department	\$311,584.37
Atlanta Police Department	\$311,584.37
Richmond County Sheriff's Office/EMA	\$19,273.26
Management and Administration	\$18,000.00
TOTAL	\$660,442.00

**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Citizen Corps Sub-grantees**

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

Agency	Award
Athens - Clarke County Fire & Emergency Svcs	\$14,000
Atlanta -Fulton County EMA	\$20,000
Banks County EMA	\$8,000
Berrien County EMA	\$8,000
Catoosa County EMA	\$10,000
Chatham County EMA	\$20,000
Chattooga County EMA	\$10,000
Cobb County EMA	\$22,000
Columbia County EMA	\$14,000
Floyd County EMA	\$15,400
Floyd County Sherriff	\$5,000
Gilmer County EMA	\$8,000
Gordon County EMA	\$10,000
Gwinnett County EMA	\$20,000
Hall County EMA	\$14,000
Henry County EMA	\$14,000
Houston County BOH	\$5,000
Lamar County EMA	\$2,938

Liberty County EMA	\$9,642
Oglethorpe County EMA	\$8,000
Peachtree City PD (Fayette Co)	\$15,400
Richmond County BOH	\$4,550
Tattnall County EMA	\$8,000
Tift County EMA	\$8,537
Union County EMA	\$5,700
Ware County EMA	\$10,000
Whitfield County	\$11,000
Total	\$301,166

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
EMPG Program Sub-grantees

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

	County	Agency	FY10 Award
1	Appling	Appling County Emergency	\$17,731.00
2	Atkinson	Atkinson County Emergency	\$5,000.00
3	Alma-Bacon	Alma-Bacon County Emergency	\$7,237.00
4	Baker	Baker County Emergency	\$5,000.00
5	Baldwin	Milledgeville-Baldwin County Emergency	\$13,410.00
6	Banks	Banks County Emergency	\$5,000.00
7	Barrow	Barrow County Emergency	\$15,755.00
8	Bartow	Bartow County Emergency	\$22,805.70
9	Ben Hill	Ben Hill County Emergency	\$5,245.20
10	Berrien	Berrien County Emergency	\$5,000.00
11	Bibb	Macon-Bibb County Emergency	\$55,752.00
12	Bleckley	Cochran-Bleckley County Emergency	\$6,673.00
13	Brantley	Brantley County Emergency	\$5,000.00
14	Brooks	Brooks County 911 and Emergency	\$5,000.00
15	Bryan	Bryan County Emergency	\$7,025.10
16	Bulloch	Bulloch County Emergency	\$19,951.00
17	Burke	Burke County Emergency	\$6,672.90
18	Butts	Butts County Emergency	\$5,856.60
19	Calhoun	Calhoun County Emergency	\$5,000.00

20	Camden	Camden County Emergency	\$13,099.20
21	Candler	Candler County Emergency	\$5,000.00
22	Carroll	Carroll County Emergency	\$26,180.40
23	Catoosa	Catoosa County Emergency	\$15,984.60
24	Charlton	Charlton County Emergency	\$5,000.00
25	Chatham	Chatham County Emergency	\$69,614.40
26	Chattahoochee	Chattahoochee County Emergency	\$5,000.00
27	Chattooga	Chattooga County Emergency	\$7,641.00
28	Cherokee	Cherokee County Emergency	\$42,570.90
29	Clarke	Athens-Clarke County Emergency	\$35,519.00
30	Clay	Clay County Emergency	\$5,000.00
31	Clayton	Clayton County Emergency	\$70,955.10
32	Clayton	Forest Park Fire and Rescue	\$15,490.00
33	Clinch	Clinch County Emergency	\$5,000.00
34	Cobb	Cobb County Emergency	\$100,000.00
35	Cobb	Smyrna Emergency Management	\$12,300.00
36	Coffee	Coffee County Emergency	\$18,262.00
37	Colquitt	Colquitt County Emergency	\$14,987.00
38	Columbia	Columbia County Emergency	\$26,786.40
39	Cook	Cook County Emergency	\$5,000.00
40	Coweta	Coweta County Emergency	\$26,764.50
41	Crawford	Crawford County Emergency	\$5,000.00
42	Crisp	Crisp County Emergency	\$8,727.00
43	Dade	Dade County Emergency	\$5,000.00
44	Dawson	Dawson County Emergency	\$5,000.00
45	Decatur	Decatur County Emergency	\$8,472.00
46	DeKalb	DeKalb County Emergency	\$100,000.00

47	Dodge	Dodge County Emergency	\$6,526.00
48	Dooly	Dooly County Emergency	\$11,239.00
49	Dougherty	Albany-Dougherty County Emergency	\$28,819.50
50	Douglas	Douglas County Emergency	\$27,652.20
51	Early	Blakely-Early County Emergency	\$7,285.00
52	Echols	Echols County Emergency	\$5,000.00
53	Effingham	Effingham County Emergency	\$11,260.50
54	Elbert	Elberton-Elbert County Emergency	\$6,821.00
55	Emanuel	Emanuel County Emergency	\$9,375.00
56	Evans	Evans County Emergency	\$6,534.00
57	Fannin	Fannin County Emergency	\$11,275.00
58	Fayette	Fayette County Emergency	\$32,697.00
59	Floyd	Floyd County Emergency	\$28,602.00
60	Forsyth	Forsyth County Emergency	\$29,522.10
61	Franklin	Franklin County Emergency	\$6,085.50
62	Fulton	Atlanta-Fulton County Emergency	\$100,000.00
62	Gilmer	Gilmer County Emergency	\$16,011.00
64	Glascok	Glascok County Emergency	\$5,000.00
65	Glynn	Brunswick-Glynn County Emergency	\$30,512.00
66	Gordon	Gordon County Emergency	\$13,231.20
67	Grady	Grady County Emergency	\$7,097.70
68	Greene	Greene County Emergency	\$5,000.00
69	Gwinnett	Gwinnett County Emergency	\$100,000.00
70	Habersham	Habersham County Emergency	\$23,601.00
71	Hall	Hall County Emergency	\$41,783.10
72	Hancock	Hancock County Emergency	\$5,000.00
73	Haralson	Haralson County Emergency	\$13,760.00

74	Harris	Harris County Emergency	\$7,108.50
75	Hart	Hart County Emergency	\$6,899.10
76	Heard	Heard County Emergency	\$5,000.00
77	Henry	Henry County Emergency	\$35,802.30
78	Houston	Houston County Emergency	\$50,062.61
79	Irwin	Irwin County Emergency	\$5,000.00
80	Jackson	Jackson County Emergency	\$22,056.00
81	Jasper	Jasper County Emergency	\$5,000.00
82	Jeff Davis	Jeff Davis County Emergency	\$9,466.00
83	Jefferson	Jefferson County Emergency	\$8,429.00
84	Jenkins	Jenkins County Emergency	\$5,000.00
85	Johnson	Johnson County Emergency	\$5,000.00
86	Jones	Jones County Emergency	\$15,516.00
87	Lamar	Lamar County Emergency	\$5,000.00
88	Lanier	Lakeland-Lanier County Emergency	\$5,000.00
89	Laurens	Dublin-Laurens County Emergency	\$15,730.00
90	Lee	Lee County Emergency	\$7,427.10
91	Liberty	Liberty-Hinesville Emergency	\$18,483.00
92	Lincoln	Lincolnton-Lincoln County Emergency	\$9,288.00
93	Long	Long County Emergency	\$5,000.00
94	Lowndes	Lowndes County Emergency	\$27,634.50
95	Lumpkin	Lumpkin County Emergency	\$10,603.00
96	Macon	Macon County Emergency	\$6,369.30
97	Madison	Madison County Emergency	\$12,459.00
98	Marion	Marion County Emergency	\$5,000.00
99	McDuffie	McDuffie County Emergency	\$7,719.00
100	McIntosh	McIntosh County Civil Defense	\$5,000.00

101	Meriwether	Meriwether County Emergency	\$6,760.20
102	Miller	Miller County Emergency	\$5,000.00
103	Mitchell	Mitchell County Emergency	\$13,466.00
104	Monroe	Monroe County Emergency	\$6,527.10
105	Montgomery	Montgomery County Emergency	\$5,000.00
106	Morgan	Morgan County Emergency	\$11,236.00
107	Murray	Murray County Emergency	\$10,951.80
108	Muscogee	Columbus Department of	\$55,887.30
109	Newton	Covington-Newton County Emergency	\$18,600.30
110	Oconee	Oconee County Emergency	\$18,188.00
111	Oglethorpe	Oglethorpe County Emergency	\$5,000.00
112	Paulding	Paulding County Emergency	\$24,503.40
113	Peach	Peach County Emergency	\$7,100.40
114	Pickens	Pickens County Emergency	\$6,894.90
115	Pierce	Pierce County Emergency	\$5,000.00
116	Pike	Pike County Emergency	\$5,000.00
117	Polk	Polk County Emergency	\$11,438.10
118	Pulaski	Hawkinsville-Pulaski County Emergency	\$11,690.00
119	Putnam	Eatonton-Putnam County Emergency	\$5,643.60
120	Quitman	Quitman County Emergency	\$5,000.00
121	Rabun	Rabun County Emergency	\$5,000.00
122	Randolph	Randolph County Emergency	\$7,431.00
123	Richmond	Augusta-Richmond County Emergency	\$59,932.50
124	Rockdale	Conyers-Rockdale County Emergency	\$21,033.30
125	Schley	Schley County Emergency	\$5,000.00
126	Screven	Screven County Emergency	\$5,000.00
127	Seminole	Seminole County Emergency	\$5,000.00

128	Spalding	Spalding County Emergency	\$17,525.10
129	Stephens	Stephens County Emergency	\$17,496.00
130	Stewart	Stewart County Emergency	\$5,000.00
131	Sumter	Sumter County Emergency	\$9,960.00
132	Talbot	Talbot County Emergency	\$5,000.00
133	Taliaferro	Taliaferro County Emergency	\$5,000.00
134	Tattnall	Tattnall County Emergency	\$6,691.50
135	Taylor	Taylor County Emergency	\$5,000.00
136	Telfair	Telfair County Emergency	\$9,294.00
137	Terrell	Terrell County Emergency	\$5,000.00
138	Thomas	Thomas County Emergency	\$12,821.10
139	Tift	Tift County Emergency	\$28,771.00
140	Toombs	Toombs County Emergency	\$18,519.00
141	Towns	Towns County Emergency	\$5,000.00
142	Treutlen	Treutlen County Emergency	\$5,000.00
143	Troup	Troup County Emergency	\$17,633.70
144	Turner	Turner County Emergency	\$5,000.00
145	Twiggs	Twiggs County Emergency	\$5,000.00
146	Union	Blairsville-Union County Emergency	\$13,033.00
147	Upton	Upton County Emergency	\$8,279.10
148	Walker	Walker County Emergency	\$18,315.90
149	Walton	Walton County Emergency	\$18,206.10
150	Ware	Ware County Emergency	\$19,309.00
151	Warren	Warren County Emergency	\$6,456.00
152	Washington	Washington County Emergency	\$6,571.00
153	Wayne	Wayne County Emergency	\$19,035.00
154	Webster	Webster County Emergency	\$5,000.00

155	Wheeler	Wheeler County Emergency	\$5,000.00
156	White	White County Emergency	\$5,983.20
157	Whitfield	Whitfield County Emergency	\$25,057.50
158	Wilcox	Wilcox County Emergency	\$5,000.00
159	Wilkes	Washington-Wilkes County Emergency	\$10,851.00
160	Wilkinson	Wilkinson County Emergency	\$5,000.00
161	Worth	Worth County Emergency	\$13,557.00
Total Amount			\$ 2,503,859.31

*** Supplemental Awards have not been included (not finalized at time of this report)**

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Emergency Operations Center Grant Program (EOCGP)
Sub-grantees

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

SUBGRANTEE	AWARD
Cobb County (2008)	\$247,500
Douglas County (2009)	\$485,000
TOTAL	\$732,500

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Flood Mitigation Assistance Sub-grantees

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

Program/Project	Sub-Grantee	Description	Total Project	Federal Share	State Share
FMA08-PL-001	Glynn County	FMA Plan Update	\$ 46,933.34	\$ 35,200.00	\$0
FMA08-MC-003	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$ 59,498.00	\$ 44,623.45	\$14,874.55
FMA09-PL-001	City of Savannah	Acquisition	\$256,201.00	\$192,150.75	\$0
FMA09-MC-002	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$ 25,619.00	\$ 19,214.25	\$ 6,404.75

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness Sub-grantees

Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

COUNTY NAME	Planning	Training	Award Amount	Cost Share	Total Project costs
Albany-Dougherty County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
Atlanta -Fulton County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
Augusta-Richmond County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
Barrow County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$850.00	\$3,850.00	\$770.00	\$4,620.00
Brunswick-Glynn County	\$3,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$800.00	\$4,800.00
Butts County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$500.00	\$3,500.00	\$700.00	\$4,200.00
Catoosa County Management	\$3,000.00	\$500.00	\$3,500.00	\$700.00	\$4,200.00
Chatham County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
Chattooga County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$500.00	\$3,500.00	\$700.00	\$4,200.00
Cobb County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
Columbia County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
DeKalb County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$800.00	\$4,800.00

Fayette County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$1,200.00	\$4,200.00	\$840.00	\$5,040.00
Floyd County Emergency	\$4,000.00	\$1,575.00	\$5,575.00	\$1,115.00	\$6,690.00
Gordon County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$1,200.00	\$4,200.00	\$840.00	\$5,040.00
Greene County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$600.00	\$3,600.00	\$720.00	\$4,320.00
Hall County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$1,500.00	\$4,500.00	\$900.00	\$5,400.00
Henry County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
Lamar County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$500.00	\$3,500.00	\$700.00	\$4,200.00
Laurens County LEPC	\$3,000.00	\$950.00	\$3,950.00	\$790.00	\$4,740.00
Macon County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$600.00	\$3,600.00	\$720.00	\$4,320.00
Paulding County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$4,000.00	\$800.00	\$4,800.00
Sumter County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$850.00	\$3,850.00	\$770.00	\$4,620.00
Walton County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$1,075.00	\$4,075.00	\$815.00	\$4,890.00
West Georgia Regional LEPC (Haralson, Carroll, Heard)	\$3,000.00	\$2,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
Whitfield County Emergency	\$3,000.00	\$1,600.00	\$4,600.00	\$920.00	\$5,520.00
Allocation to LEPCs	\$79,000	\$33,000	\$112,000	\$22,400	\$134,400

**Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
State Homeland Security Sub-grantees**

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

SUBGRANTEE	AWARD
Albany PD	\$11,909
Athens-Clarke Co. PD	\$11,909
Atlanta PD	\$11,908
Richmond Co SO	\$11,908
Bibb Co SO	\$11,908
Cherokee Co SO	\$11,908
Clayton Co PD	\$11,908
Cobb Co PD	\$11,908
Columbus PD	\$11,908
DeKalb Co PD	\$11,908
Fulton Co PD	\$11,908
Gwinnett Co PD	\$11,908
Hall Co SO	\$11,908
Henry Co PD	\$11,908
Houston Co SO	\$11,908
Lowndes Co SO	\$11,908
Savannah-Chatham Co PD	\$11,908
Whitfield Co SO	\$11,908
Albany PD	\$7,438

Chatham County SO	\$14,876
Cobb County PD	\$7,438
DeKalb County PD	\$14,876
Douglas County SO	\$7,438
Floyd County PD	\$7,438
Gwinnett County PD	\$20,615
Hall County SO	\$7,438
Houston County SO	\$7,438
Macon PD	\$7,438
Muscogee County SO	\$7,438
Richmond County SO	\$14,876
Treutlen County SO	\$53,100
Treutlen County SO	\$36,900
Troup County Sheriff	\$36,400
Troup County Sheriff	\$53,600
Union County Sheriff - direct	\$36,400
Union County Sheriff - obo	\$53,600
Valdosta PD	\$7,438
Ware County Sheriff - direct	\$36,400
Ware County Sheriff - obo	\$53,600
Americus Fire & Emergency Services	\$15,000
Bainbridge Public Safety Dept	\$10,000
Bartow County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Carrollton Fire Dept	\$15,000
Cherokee County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Douglas County Fire Dept	\$15,000

Forsyth County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Gordon County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Hall County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Henry County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Hinesville Fire Dept	\$10,000
Houston County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Laurens County Fire Dept	\$10,000
Macon/Bibb County Fire	\$15,000
Moultrie Fire Dept	\$10,000
Peachtree City Fire & Rescue	\$15,000
Savannah Bureau of Fire & Emergency Services	\$15,000
Screven County Fire Dept	\$10,000
Statesboro Fire Dept	\$10,000
Troup County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Valdosta Fire Dept	\$15,000
Walker County Fire/Rescue	\$15,000
APD-Airport	\$42,300
APD-Downtown	\$35,552
Clayton County PD	\$43,000
Cobb County PD	\$43,000
Columbus OHS	\$43,000
DeKalb County PD	\$40,000
Floyd County PD	\$45,000
Fulton County SO	\$43,010
Gwinnett County PD	\$43,000
Macon PD	\$36,673

Richmond County SO	\$42,145
Savannah-Chatham PD	\$41,800
GEMA-OHS via GTRI	\$179,920
Department of Public Safety/Ga State Patrol	\$520,080
Athens-Clarke County Fire	\$35,000
Atlanta Fire Dept	\$23,000
Augusta-Richmond Fire Dept	\$51,000
Calhoun Fire Dept	\$23,000
Camden County Fire & Rescue	\$23,000
Clayton County Fire Dept	\$23,000
Cobb County Fire Dept	\$23,000
Columbus-Muscogee FD	\$23,000
DeKalb County Fire & Rescue	\$23,000
Fulton County Fire Dept	\$23,000
Gwinnett County Fire & Rescue	\$23,000
Houston County Fire Dept	\$23,000
Macon-Bibb County Fire	\$23,000
Savannah Bureau of Fire & Emergency Services	\$23,000
Valdosta Fire Dept	\$23,000
Ware County Fire Dept	\$15,000
Cochran-Bleckley EMA	\$25,000
Hazlehurst/Jeff Davis County Fire-Rescue	\$8,500
Greene County EMA	\$2,985,000
Lowndes Co 911 & EMA	\$350,000
Rockdale County SO	\$566,000
GPSTC - ICS	\$260,500

GPSTC - ICS	\$189,500
GPSTC -IMT	\$135,000
GBI - AFIS	\$6,605,800
GEMA-OHS - AVL	\$1,820,000
GEMA-OHS - Media	\$325,000
GEMA-OHS- Planning Shelter	\$312,550
GEMA-OHS - Planning OHS	\$300,000
GEMA-OHS-Training K9 OBO	\$150,000
GEMA-OHS-Training EOD OBO	\$131,996
GEMA-OHS Ag	\$425,000
GEMA-OHS AG Multi State	\$125,000
GEMA-OHS- SWAT Training	\$186,826
DNR	\$78,000
GBI - GISAC	\$660,000
GBI	\$11,908
DNR	\$150,000
GBI-GISAC	\$30,000
GEMA-OHS	\$17,294
Georgia Dept of Aviation	\$300,000
GPSTC	\$80,000
UGA PD - Direct	\$41,400
UGA PD - GEMA-OHS obo UGA PD	\$47,090
GEMA-OHS	\$256,000
GEMA-OHS OHS	\$220,000
GBI	\$440,000
GEMA-OHS	\$180,000

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Metropolitan Medical Response System Sub-grantees

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

Atlanta/Fulton County Emergency Agency	\$305,160
Columbus-Muscogee County Public Health	\$305,160

Georgia Emergency Management Agency /
Office of Homeland Security
Pre-Disaster Mitigation Sub-grantees

Attached Table of Current Sub-grantees by Location and Award Amount

Program/Project	Sub-Grantee	Description	Total Project	Federal Share	State Share
PDMC07-PJ-001	City of Decatur	Acquisition	\$1,653,362.00	\$1,239,962.00	\$0
PDMC07-PJ-003	Douglasville-Douglas County WSA	Acquisition	\$860,665.00	\$600,378.20	\$0
PDMC07-PJ-006	DeKalb County	Acquisition	\$780,250.00	\$583,157.44	\$0
PDMC07-PJ-009	City of Savannah	Acquisition	\$690,285.75	\$517,714.31	\$0
PDMC07-MC-009	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$398,456.00	\$298,842.00	\$99,614.00
PDMC08-PL-002	Chatham County	Plan Update	\$50,000	\$37,500.00	\$0
PDMC08-PL-002	Cobb County	Plan Update	\$74,266	\$55,699.50	\$0
PDMC08-PL-002	White County	Plan Update	\$20,000	\$15,000.00	\$0
PDMC08-MC-003	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$14,426.00	\$10,819.50	\$3,606.50
PDMC09-PJ-001	City of Savannah	Acquisition	\$1,492,084	\$1,119,063.19	\$0
PDMC09-MC-002	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$149,208.43	\$111,906.32	\$37,302.11

PDMC10-PJ-001	DeKalb County	Acquisition	\$2,375,160	\$1,781,370.00	\$0
PDMC10-PJ-002	Douglasville-Douglas County WSA	Acquisition	\$587,365	\$440,523.75	\$0
PDMC10-MC-003	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$162,592.00	\$121,944.00	\$40,648.00
LPDM08-PJ-001	City of Savannah	Acquisition	\$265,959.40	\$199,469.55	\$0
LPDM08-MC-008	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$107,620.00	\$80,715.00	\$26,905.00
LPDM08-PJ-005	Sumter County	Safe Room	\$374,500.00	\$280,875.00	\$0
LPDM08-PJ-002	City of Albany	Safe Room	\$400,000.00	\$300,000.00	\$0
LPDM08-PJ-007	City of Monticello	Siren	\$35,747.00	\$26,809.00	\$0
LPDM08-PJ-004	Butts County	Safe Room	\$23,281.00	\$17,460.75	\$0
LPDM08-PJ-006	City of Fitzgerald	Drainage Study	\$94,134.28	\$70,599.96	\$0
LPDM08-PJ-003	City of Ashburn	Generator	\$83,396.00	\$62,547.00	\$0
LPDM09-PJ-001	City of Coolidge	Siren / Generator	\$96,756.25	\$72,564.91	\$0

LPDM09-PJ-002	Tift County	Weather Radios	\$53,295.15	\$39,971.35	\$0
LPDM09-MC-003	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$15,004.00	\$11,253.00	\$3,751.00
LPDM10-PJ-001	Henry County	Sirens	\$362,567.00	\$271,925	\$0
LPDM10-MC-002	GEMA-OHS	Management Cost	\$36,257	\$27,193	\$9,064.00

Past Governor Executive Orders

Governor's Executive Order, March 13, 2003 – Creation of Office of Homeland Security, Authority of the Director of Homeland Security

Governor's Executive Order, August 25, 2004 – Establishing the Homeland Security Central Command

Governor's Executive Order, February 14, 2006 – Georgia Emergency Operations Plan

Governor's Executive Order, August 12, 2010 - Clarifying roles and responsibilities of Homeland Security Director and Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC)

Governor's Executive Order, August 12, 2010 - Reaffirming authorities, roles and responsibilities of GEMA-OHS and state agencies during times of disaster, and authorizing the updated Georgia Emergency Operations Plan (GEOP)



THE STATE OF GEORGIA

EXECUTIVE ORDER

BY THE GOVERNOR:

WHEREAS: The State of Georgia recognizes the importance of safeguarding the citizens of this State against the possibility of a threat or act of terrorism as well as the need for emergency management in the case of natural disasters;

WHEREAS: The statewide response to such events would fall under the immediate authority and leadership of the Director of Homeland Security ("the Director");

NOW, THEREFORE, PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY VESTED IN ME AS GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA, IT IS HEREBY

ORDERED: That there is hereby created, within the Office of the Governor, the Office of Homeland Security ("Homeland Security"), created in the manner and for the purposes set forth herein;

ORDERED: That the Director shall be the central authority reporting to the Governor on all matters relating to homeland security and shall be given command and control authority over all operational areas involving terrorist activity within the state;

ORDERED: That the Director shall be responsible for creating a crisis management plan, including measures to identify, acquire, and plan the use of resources needed to anticipate, prevent, and/or resolve a threat or act of terrorism;

ORDERED: That the Director shall be responsible for evaluating information developed by the criminal justice community in regard to threats or potential threats of terrorism;

ORDERED: That the Director shall oversee all risk and threat assessments and coordinate all plans for timely and complete responses through a network of state, local and federal organizations, including the coordination of efficient and timely flow of information;

ORDERED: That the Director shall coordinate and review all activities involving homeland security, including the oversight of Homeland Security activities found in the Department of Public Safety, Georgia Bureau of Investigation, Georgia National Guard, Department of Human Resources, Division of Public Health, and any other state entity providing support to Homeland Security;

ORDERED: That the Homeland Security Task Force report directly to the Director of Homeland Security;

ORDERED: That the Georgia Emergency Management Agency (GEMA) shall be an integral part of Homeland Security and the Director of GEMA shall report directly to the Director of Homeland Security;

ORDERED: That the Director shall coordinate and review all activities of GEMA and restructure the current organization to enhance the efficiency and utilization of existing resources for the purposes of homeland security;

ORDERED: That the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC) shall be an arm of Homeland Security reporting directly to the Director; positions assigned or attached shall operate under the direction of the Director;

ORDERED: That the Georgia Bureau of Investigation shall dedicate 11 of its employees to support the GISAC's operations to work under the direction of the Director;

ORDERED: That Homeland Security central staff shall include, but not be limited to, 6 positions dedicated by the Department of Public Safety to work under the direction of the Director;

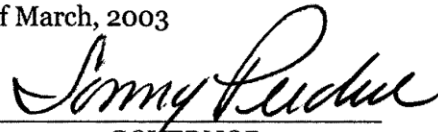
ORDERED: That Homeland Security shall operate as an autonomous entity attached to the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget for administrative purposes only and reporting directly to the Governor;

ORDERED: That the Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety shall serve as the state coordinator for the Excess Property Program, as provided in 10 U.S.C. 2576A, as enacted by 1033 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1997, and for the procurement by state and local governments of law enforcement equipment for counter-drug activities, as provided in 10 U.S.C. 381, as enacted by 1122 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994;

ORDERED: That the resources provided by the Excess Property Program may be made available for the purpose of executing a statewide crisis management plan;

ORDERED: That the Director of Homeland Security shall be vested with all of the powers and authority set forth in the provisions of this Executive Order for the purpose of providing the State of Georgia with leadership and direction in the area of protecting the citizens of this state against the possibility of a threat or act of terrorism and retain the powers of command and control in the case of an actual act of terrorism.

This 13 day of March, 2003


GOVERNOR



THE STATE OF GEORGIA

EXECUTIVE ORDER

BY THE GOVERNOR:

WHEREAS: The State of Georgia may be subjected to emergencies and disasters of all types and of various magnitudes; and

WHEREAS: The State of Georgia should be prepared to respond to the effects of such emergencies and disasters to protect public peace, health and safety and to preserve lives and property of the people; and

WHEREAS: The effects of such emergencies and disasters may have a harmful effect upon the citizens of Georgia; and

WHEREAS: The effects of such emergencies and disasters may be mitigated by effective planning and operations; and

WHEREAS: Such planning and operations should be a coordinated effort of all State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions and Authorities; and

WHEREAS: The coordinated effort may best be obtained through the Georgia Emergency Management Agency; and

WHEREAS: The coordinated effort may include functions that cut across normal departmental or agency lines and may include comparable functions of federal agencies and of other states, local jurisdictions, private sector agencies, and volunteer disaster relief organizations.

NOW, THEREFORE, BY THE AUTHORITY VESTED IN ME AS GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA, IT IS HEREBY

ORDERED: That on behalf of the Governor, the Director of the Georgia Emergency Management Agency shall be authorized to exercise overall direction and coordination of emergency and disaster planning and operations, as stated in the Georgia Emergency Management Act of 1981, as amended, and in accordance with the Governor's Executive Order issued August 25, 2004, establishing the Homeland Security Central Command;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That on behalf of the Governor, the Director of the Georgia Emergency Management Agency shall be authorized to activate and deactivate the State

Operations Center, or other GEMA Command and Control Facilities to exercise overall direction and control of emergency or disaster planning operations. All State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions and Authorities will support any emergency or disaster as directed;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That a decision to fully activate the State Emergency Operations Center shall constitute implementation of the Georgia Emergency Operations Plan;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: The Georgia Emergency Operations Plan shall be the framework for operations should an emergency or disaster strike anywhere in the State;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the Plan shall be binding on all local emergency management programs and on all State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions and Authorities, and the Plan shall serve as the basis to assist all local governments in times of emergency or disaster;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the Director of the Georgia Emergency Management Agency shall coordinate the activities of all organizations for emergency management in the State and shall perform other duties as prescribed herein;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: The primary and support function responsibilities for emergency management services and resources are as follows:

EMERGENCY SUPPORT FUNCTION Agency/Organization

1. TRANSPORTATION

PRIMARY

Department of Transportation
Department of Public Safety

SUPPORT

Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
Department of Administrative Services
Department of Agriculture
Department of Corrections
Department of Defense
Department of Driver Services
Department of Education
Department of Human Resources
Department of Natural Resources
Georgia Building Authority
Georgia Emergency Management Agency

2. COMMUNICATIONS

Georgia Forestry Commission

PRIMARY

Georgia Emergency Management Agency

SUPPORT

American Radio Relay League, Inc.
 Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Defense
 Department of Natural Resources
 Department of Public Safety
 Department of Revenue
 Department of Transportation
 Georgia Bureau of Investigation
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Georgia Public Broadcasting
 Georgia Technology Authority
 Public Service Commission

3. PUBLICWORKS & ENGINEERING

PRIMARY

Department of Natural Resources
 Department of Transportation

SUPPORT

Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Agriculture
 Department of Community Affairs
 Department of Corrections
 Department of Defense
 Georgia Building Authority
 Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Public Service Commission

4. FIREFIGHTING

PRIMARY

Georgia Forestry Commission

SUPPORT

Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Agriculture
 Department of Corrections
 Department of Defense
 Department of Human Resources
 Department of Natural Resources
 Department of Public Safety

Department of Transportation
 Georgia Bureau of Investigation
 Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Office of the Commissioner of Insurance and Fire
 Safety

**5. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
 SERVICES**

PRIMARY

Georgia Emergency Management Agency

SUPPORT

Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Agriculture
 Department of Audits and Accounts
 Department of Community Affairs
 Department of Corrections
 Department of Defense
 Department of Economic Development
 Department of Education
 Department of Human Resources
 Department of Natural Resources
 Department of Public Safety
 Department of Transportation
 Georgia Building Authority
 Georgia Bureau of Investigation
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs
 Office of the Commissioner of Insurance and Fire
 Safety
 Office of Planning and Budget
 Georgia Public Safety Training Center
 Public Service Commission

**6. MASS CARE, HOUSING, &
 HUMAN SERVICES**

PRIMARY

Department of Human Resources

PRINCIPAL VOLUNTEER AGENCY

American Red Cross

SUPPORT

American Red Cross
 Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Community Affairs
 Department of Corrections
 Department of Defense
 Department of Education
 Department of Natural Resources

Department of Public Safety
 Department of Technical and Adult Education
 Department of Transportation
 Department of Veterans Services
 Georgia Baptist Convention
 Georgia Building Authority
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Georgia Public Safety Training Center
 Office of Planning and Budget
 Prosecuting Attorneys Council of Georgia
 The Salvation Army

7. RESOURCE SUPPORT

PRIMARY

Department of Administrative Services

SUPPORT

Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Criminal Justice Coordinating Council
 Department of Community Affairs
 Department of Defense
 Department of Education
 Department of Human Resources
 Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority
 Georgia Ports Authority
 Georgia Public Safety Training Center
 Office of Planning and Budget

8. PUBLIC HEALTH & MEDICAL SERVICES

PRIMARY

Department of Human Resources

SUPPORT

American Red Cross
 Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Agriculture
 Department of Corrections
 Department of Defense
 Department of Education
 Department of Labor
 Department of Natural Resources
 Department of Public Safety
 Department of Technical and Adult Education
 Department of Transportation
 Georgia Building Authority
 Georgia Bureau of Investigation
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Georgia Hospital Association

9. SEARCH AND RESCUE

Georgia Nurse Association
 Georgia Pharmacy Association
 Georgia Technology Authority
 Prosecuting Attorneys Council of Georgia

PRIMARY

Georgia Emergency Management Agency

SUPPORT

Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Corrections
 Department of Defense
 Department of Human Resources
 Department of Natural Resources
 Department of Public Safety
 Department of Transportation
 Georgia Bureau of Investigation

10. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS**PRIMARY**

Department of Natural Resources
 Georgia Emergency Management Agency

SUPPORT

Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Agriculture
 Department of Corrections
 Department of Defense
 Department of Human Resources
 Department of Public Safety
 Department of Transportation
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Georgia Public Safety Training Center
 Public Service Commission

**11. AGRICULTURE &
NATURAL RESOURCES****PRIMARY**

Department of Agriculture
 Department of Natural Resources

SUPPORT

Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Corrections
 Department of Defense
 Department of Education
 Department of Human Resources
 Department of Labor
 Department of Public Safety
 Department of Transportation

	Georgia Building Authority Georgia Bureau of Investigation Georgia Emergency Management Agency Georgia Forestry Commission Georgia Public Safety Training Center Georgia Voluntary Organizations Active in Disasters
12. ENERGY	PRIMARY Department of Agriculture Public Service Commission SUPPORT Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia Department of Administrative Services Department of Defense Department of Natural Resources Department of Public Safety Department of Transportation Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority Georgia Forestry Commission Georgia Power Company Georgia Transmission Corporation
13. PUBLIC SAFETY & SECURITY SERVICES	PRIMARY Department of Public Safety Georgia Bureau of Investigation Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs SUPPORT Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia Department of Administrative Services Department of Corrections Department of Defense Department of Human Resources Department of Natural Resources Department of Transportation Department of Veterans Service Georgia Emergency Management Agency Georgia Forestry Commission Georgia Public Safety Training Center Public Service Commission State Board of Pardons and Parole
14. LONG TERM RECOVERY & MITIGATION	PRIMARY Georgia Emergency Management Agency SUPPORT Department of Administrative Services

Department of Audits
 Department of Community Affairs
 Department of Natural Resources
 Department of Transportation
 Georgia Building Authority
 Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Georgia Residential Finance Authority
 Office of the Commissioner of Insurance and Fire
 Safety
 Office of Planning and Budget
 Public Service Commission

15. EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

PRIMARY

Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Office of the Governor

SUPPORT

American Red Cross
 Association of County Commissioners of Georgia
 Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia
 Criminal Justice Coordinating Council
 Department of Administrative Services
 Department of Agriculture
 Department of Community Affairs
 Department of Defense
 Department of Education
 Department of Human Resources
 Department of Economic Development
 Department of Labor
 Department of Natural Resources
 Department of Public Safety
 Department of Technical and Adult Education
 Department of Transportation
 Georgia Bureau of Investigation
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Georgia Municipal Association
 Georgia Public Broadcasting
 Georgia Public Safety Training Center
 Peace Officers Standards and Training Council
 Public Service Commission

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That all other State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions and Authorities not assigned a primary or support role in emergency services will carry out whatever duties or services as may be specified or directed by the Governor;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: Each state agency assigned primary Emergency Support Function responsibilities shall provide assistance in preparation and revision of such functions, collaborate with support agencies and maintain supporting plans and accompanying Standard Operating Procedures;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That supporting plans prepared by local governments and by heads of State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions and Authorities will conform to the guidance issued herein

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That in the event the Governor declares a State of Emergency or Disaster, the Department of Public Safety, assisted by other state law enforcement agencies, including the Georgia Department of Defense, shall, at the direction of the Governor, be authorized to enforce any and all criminal laws of this State, such enforcement not being limited to the enforcement of traffic laws, and said State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions and Authorities shall assist with evacuations in the State, if required;

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That any Executive Order in conflict with this document is hereby rescinded.

This 14th day of February, 2006.


GOVERNOR

ATTEST:


EXECUTIVE SECRETARY



THE STATE OF GEORGIA

EXECUTIVE ORDER

BY THE GOVERNOR:

REVISION OF OFFICE OF HOMELAND SECURITY EXECUTIVE ORDER

- WHEREAS:** The Director of the Georgia Emergency Management Agency (GEMA) serves as the State Homeland Security Director (hereafter referred to as "the Director"); and
- WHEREAS:** The Director is the central authority reporting to the Governor on all matters relating to homeland security and is given command and control authority over all operational areas involving terrorist activity within the state; and
- WHEREAS:** The Director oversees all risk and threat assessments and coordinates all plans for timely and complete responses through a network of state, local, and federal organizations, including the coordination of efficient and timely flow of information; and
- WHEREAS:** The Director is responsible for crisis and consequence management planning, including measures to identify, acquire, and plan the use of resources needed to anticipate, prevent, and/or resolve a threat or act of terrorism; and
- WHEREAS:** The Director coordinates and reviews all activities involving homeland security, including the oversight of Homeland Security activities found in the Department of Public Safety, Georgia Bureau of Investigation (GBI), Georgia National Guard, Department of Natural Resources, Department of Community Health, Division of Public Health, and any other state entity providing support to Homeland Security; and
- WHEREAS:** The Homeland Security Task Force reports directly to the Director and the Director serves as the Commander of the Homeland Security Central Command when activated by the Governor; and
- WHEREAS:** The Director is responsible for evaluating information developed by the criminal justice community in regard to threats or potential threats of terrorism.

NOW, THEREFORE, PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY VESTED IN ME AS GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA, IT IS HEREBY

- ORDERED:** That the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center (GISAC) shall be an "all-crimes" fusion center maintaining a terrorism analytical component and shall operate under the direction of the GBI Director.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the GBI Director thru GISAC shall share and provide homeland security and terrorist related information to the Director, including, but not limited to threats, warnings, and developing situations where an investigation reveals conduct is of a terrorist nature or is in material support to terrorist activities, recruitment of terrorists, and information on the activities of known terrorist organizations.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That GISAC will remain a multi-discipline public safety Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ISAC) or "fusion center"; membership including but not limited to the fire services, local law enforcement, homeland security, emergency management, corrections and other appropriate disciplines as determined by the Director in consultation with the GBI Director.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the Director shall maintain GEMA/HS analysts as needed within the GISAC to liaise with GBI, the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Joint Terrorism Task Force (JTTF), Department of Homeland Security (DHS), and other local, state and federal intelligence officials.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the GISAC shall allow unrestricted access to secure communications equipment to the Director and representatives, with federally approved security clearances, utilized for dissemination of homeland security and terrorist information by the federal DHS.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the Director shall serve as Georgia's Security Manager for the purpose of identifying and processing state personnel for federal DHS security clearances.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the Director shall be vested with all the powers and authority set forth in the provisions of this Executive Order for the purpose of providing the State of Georgia with leadership and direction in the area of protecting the citizens of this state against the possibility of a threat or act of terrorism and retain the powers of command and control in the case of an actual act of terrorism.

This 12th day of August, 2010.


GOVERNOR



THE STATE OF GEORGIA

EXECUTIVE ORDER

BY THE GOVERNOR:

- WHEREAS:** The State of Georgia may be subjected to emergencies and disasters of all kinds and of different magnitudes; and
- WHEREAS:** The State of Georgia will continue to be prepared to respond during emergencies and disasters to protect public peace, health and safety and to preserve lives and property of the people; and
- WHEREAS:** The State of Georgia will plan and prepare in order to implement efficient emergency operations and to mitigate the effects of emergencies and disasters; and
- WHEREAS:** Such planning and operations should be a coordinated effort of all State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions and Authorities; and
- WHEREAS:** The State of Georgia will coordinate all Emergency Support Functions of state agencies through the Georgia Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency; and
- WHEREAS:** The State of Georgia, through the Georgia Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency, will coordinate emergency mitigation, preparedness, response and recovery activities in a manner consistent with the National Response Framework, the plans and processes of other states, local jurisdictions, private sector agencies and volunteer disaster relief organizations in accordance with the principles of the National Incident Management System.

NOW, THEREFORE, BY THE AUTHORITY VESTED IN ME AS GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA, IT IS HEREBY

- ORDERED:** That on behalf of the Governor, The Director of the Georgia Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency shall be authorized to exercise overall direction and coordination of emergency and disaster planning and operations, as stated in the Georgia Emergency Management Act of 1981, as amended.

IT IS FURTHER

- ORDERED:** That the Director of the Georgia Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency shall be authorized to activate and deactivate the State Operations Center that may be opened and/or support of all state agencies in an emergency or disaster.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the Georgia Emergency Operations Plan shall be binding on all state agencies providing Emergency Support Functions and shall serve as the basis to assist all local governments and citizens in time of emergency or disaster.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the coordinating, primary and support function responsibilities for emergency management services and resources are as follows:

Emergency Support Function 1 – Transportation

Coordinator: Georgia Department of Transportation
 Primary: Georgia Aviation Authority
 Georgia Department of Transportation
 Georgia Department of Public Safety
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 1 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 2 – Communications

Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Primary: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 2 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 3 – Public Works and Engineering

Coordinator: Georgia Department of Natural Resources
 Primary: Georgia Department of Natural Resources
 Georgia Department of Transportation
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 3 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 4 – Firefighting

Coordinator: Georgia Forestry Commission
 Primary: Georgia Forestry Commission
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 4 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 5 – Emergency Management

Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Primary: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 2 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 6 – Mass Care, Emergency Assistance, Housing & Human Services

Coordinator: Georgia Department of Human Services
 Primary: Georgia Department of Human Services
 Georgia Department of Community Affairs
 American Red Cross
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 6 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 7 –Logistics Management & Resource Support

Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Primary: Georgia Department of Administrative Services
 Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Georgia Forestry Commission
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 7 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 8 –Public Health and Medical Systems

Coordinator: Georgia Department of Community Health
 Primary: Georgia Department of Community Health
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 8 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 9 – Search and Rescue

Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Primary: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 9 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 10 –Hazardous Materials

Coordinator: Georgia Department of Natural Resources
 Primary: Georgia Department of Natural Resources (Environmental
 Protection Division)
 Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 10 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 11 –Agriculture and Natural Resources

Coordinator: Georgia Department of Agriculture
 Primary: Georgia Department of Agriculture
 Georgia Department of Natural Resources
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 11 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 12 – Energy

Coordinator: Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority
 Primary: Georgia Department of Agriculture
 Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority
 Public Service Commission
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 12 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 12 – Energy

Coordinator: Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority
 Primary: Georgia Department of Agriculture
 Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority
 Public Service Commission
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 12 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 13 – Public Safety and Security

Coordinator: Georgia Department of Public Safety
 Primary: Georgia Department of Public Safety
 Georgia Bureau of Investigation
 Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 13 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 14 – Long-Term Recovery and Mitigation

Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Primary: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Georgia Department of Community Affairs
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 14 Annex –
 January 2010

Emergency Support Function 15 – External Affairs

Coordinator: Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Primary: Office of the Governor
 Georgia Emergency Management Agency
 Support Agencies: As Listed in Emergency Support Function 15 Annex –
 January 2010

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That each state agency shall appoint an Emergency Coordinator and Alternate to serve in time of an emergency or disaster and as a planning liaison to the Georgia Emergency Management/Homeland Security.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That state agencies assigned Emergency Support Function coordination responsibilities shall provide assistance in preparation and revision of such functions, collaborate with primary and support agencies and maintain accompanying Standard Operating Procedures.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That each state agency with primary and/pr support responsibilities all assign personnel to: serve in the State Operations Center (SOC) and/or other state command posts, maintain a 24-hour response capability, conduct and participate in training and exercises, prepare updates to the Georgia Emergency Operations Plan as necessary and maintain reporting systems as required by state and federal laws and regulations.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: Each state agency with primary and/or support responsibilities shall participate in all after action discussions following activations of the Georgia Emergency Operations Plan to identify and complete necessary corrective actions.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That all other State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions and Authorities not assigned a primary or support role in this plan will carry out whatever duties or services that may be required during an emergency or disaster as specified or directed by the Governor or the Director of the Georgia Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That when the Governor declares a State of Emergency, the Department of Public Safety, with assistance from other law enforcement agencies including the Georgia Department of Defense, shall at the direction of the Governor be authorized to enforce criminal laws and assist with evacuations in the State if required.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That any Executive Order in conflict with this document is hereby rescinded.

This 12th day of August, 2010.


GOVERNOR

ATTEST:


Executive Secretary



THE STATE OF GEORGIA

EXECUTIVE ORDER

BY THE GOVERNOR:

WHEREAS: The State of Georgia recognizes the importance of safeguarding the citizens of this State against the effects of natural disasters, emergencies, and the possibility of a threat or act of terrorism; and

WHEREAS: The coordination and control of the State's response to such events falls under the immediate authority and leadership of the Director of Homeland Security and Emergency Management ("the Director"); and

WHEREAS: It is essential that a unified command at the agency head level be established to coordinate the response to such events among the various participating units of state government to ensure that the State fulfills its appropriate role in a manner consistent with the best interests of the citizens of the State of Georgia; and

WHEREAS: No existing organizational unit of state government is presently charged with the responsibility of such a unified command operation.

NOW, THEREFORE, PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY VESTED IN ME AS GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA, IT IS HEREBY

ORDERED: That there is hereby created and established the Emergency Operation Command, which shall operate as the central state governmental office for the protection of public safety, facilitation of law enforcement and coordination of state personnel in response to the effects of natural disasters, emergencies, and threats or acts of terrorism, which will be allocated and dispatched as necessary in response to such events.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the Emergency Operation Command, as needed or otherwise required by the Director, report to the Governor, and shall consist of the following individuals: the Director of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, the Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety, the Adjutant General, and such other persons as may be directed by the Governor or Director and as may be required by the nature and magnitude of the event. The Emergency Operation Command shall be activated at the discretion of the Director in consultation with the Governor. The Emergency Operation Command shall report to the Governor through the Director for all command decisions with the Governor having the final authority.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That all State Boards, Departments, Agencies, Associations, Institutions, and Authorities shall cooperate fully with the Emergency Operation Command and the Director by providing any personnel, equipment, information, or any other assistance that may be requested by the Governor, the Director, or the Emergency Operation Command in order to coordinate all response efforts consistent with this Order and pursuant to further direction of the Governor.

IT IS FURTHER

ORDERED: That the Emergency Operation Command, by and through the Director, may enter into those agreements and memoranda of understanding as are necessary and proper to effectuate the actions called for pursuant to this Order.

This 24th day of January, 2011.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Nathan Deal", is positioned above a horizontal line.

GOVERNOR